The New-York Times.

VOL. X....NO. 2981.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1861.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE IMPENDING WAR.

EXCITEMENT AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Anticipated Raid of the Secessionists.

THE DISTRICT MILITIA ORDERED OUT.

Intentions of the Administration Regarding Fort Sumpter.

Object and Result of Lieutenant Talbot's Mission.

What is Thought of the Refusal to Allow him to Return to the Fort.

SOUTH CAROLINA TO BE HELD RESPONSIBLE.

OUR WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 10.

RUMORED PLOT TO SEIZE THE CAPITAL.

The officers of the District Militia were yesterday ordered to have a meeting at 10 o'clock this morning, in consequence of information relative to a contemplated movement for the seizure of this city by the Secessionists under McCULLOUGH. Near midnight, however, orders were issued for the assembling of the militia at their armories this morning, and officers have been engaged summoning the men ever since 5 A. M.

The armories are now all full of men. The understanding is that they are to be drafted for service at the different public buildings; but this is not yet definitely known.

There is much excitement and anxiety here, although it is not very apparent on the streets.

Among the troops ordered out is SCHAFFER's National Rifles, which are believed to be Secessionists. The call for actual service will of course compel all the traitors to retire from the corps.

MORE ABOUT THE DEFENCE OF WASHINGTON.

Seven Militia Companies reported to Gen SCOTT this morning, and between six and eight hundred of them volunteered for any service in which the President might desire them to act. Very many, however, refused to act. Out of seventy men among the National Rifles sixteen resigned. A large number will be drafted to make up the quota. Subsequently they repaired to the Commisary's Department and received their equipments and rations for the night. They will be stationed about the several public buildings at night, and most of them will be relieved from duty during the day.

The city resounded throughout the day with martial music; and the tramp of soldiers about the streets, and movments of companies, added much to the excitement and made the day very lively. Among these troops are many of the ablest citizens of Washington. To-day's work has proven that the Militia of the District is generally sound for the Union.

A WEAK INVENTION.

A dispatch was received here this morning by one of the city editors from one MARTIN, dated at Charleston, stating that the United States vessels had arrived off the Bar, and were moving up towards Fort Sumpter, when the Charlestonians opened fire upon them, and were responded to by Major ANDERSON and Fort Moultrie; that the fight was raging fiercely, and that Major ANDERSON's defeat was probable.

This was enlarged upon as the story passed from mouth to mouth.

The dispatch was taken to President LINCOLN, who simply said he doubted it, but immediately summoned the Cabinet together and excluded all visitors.

The whole town was thrown into a fever of intense excitement, and people, even to-night, can hardly be made to discredit the dispatch, although it was very soon discovered to be a stupid hoax. Every one here nearly is on the *qui vive*, expecting to hear war news from the South.

THE TREACHEROUS TREATMENT OF LIEUT. TALBOT.

The Cabinet considered the refusal of the Charleston authorities to allow Lieut. TALBOT to return to Fort Sumpter. It is not known what they will do, but it is understood, on good authority, that the Government and Major ANDERSON also, will demand an explanation from Gov. PICKENS. If this action was by his authority or consent, the Administration will then decide what course to pursue. Gov. PICKENS and South Carolina will be held responsible, as it is not the intention of President LINCOLN to treat with JEFF. DAVIS or the Confederacy officially. All the Southern Union men denounce this violation of the rules of war with indignation, and speak of it openly as the meanest of treachery. Should Major ANDERSON, in this contingency, act upon his own discretion and attack the town, the Government will sustain him fully.

THE SOUTHERN COMMISSIONERS DISGUSTED.

The Southern Commissioners are still here, but leave for the South to-morrow morning in disgust, protesting that they have been humbugged and deceived.

THE POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT.

While many Naval Officers express the belief that the attempt to provision Fort Sumpter will be successful, others of excellent judgment usually think otherwise; but the decision of the Administration in the matter was made independent of the question of probable success. The President considers it his duty to make the effort at all events. If successful resistance is made by the Charleston forces, then will arise the grave question whether the Government shall exert its whole power to reinforce and resupply the fort irrespective of cost.

There need be no doubt that the Government has the power, for the law gives the President full authority to summon the militia of all the States, if necessary, to suppress rebellion against the Federal Government. It has been contended that this power could only be exerted in support of judicial process. But that is clearly an error, as will be seen on examination. At all events, the Administration is satisfied of its power under that law and will not hesitate to exercise it if it is considered necessary.

THE SOUTHERN MAILS.

Mr. BLAIR will cut off the South Carolina mails this week, and stop all postal communications, if Major ANDERSON is not allowed free and uninterrupted communication with the authorities at Washington. The first authoritative report to him of any assumption over, or interruption of the mails in the South, will put an end to their mail facilities.

MATTERS IN MARYLAND.

Great excitement was caused in Baltimore today by a scorching Union article in the Baltimore *Clipper*, denouncing the Southern Confederacy and its acts. The article has provoked threats of an assault on the author.

Gov. HICKS and many prominent Marylanders assure the President that Maryland will be loyal if he does not provoke or commence the war, which he certainly will not do.

THE D. C. DISTRICT-ATTORNEYSHIP.

Mr. E. C. CARRINGTON, of this city, is assured by Messrs. BATES and LINCOLN that he shall be appointed Attorney for this District. He is a nephew of Mr. FLOYD, and will have to conduct that case in the Indian Bond fraud, prosecution if it ever comes up. So far as I can learn, the appointment will not give general satisfaction, and is not the President's first choice, but is pressed by Mr. BATES.

A PROSPEROUS TREASURY.

Mr. CHASE has now all the money he needs for present contingencies, and is paying all current obligations which are necessary. He calculates upon a slightly increased revenue the present month. He has had no occasion yet to touch the funds received on the last loan. All the stock for the New Loan has been issued for which bids were received.

DISPATCH TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 10.

Ten companies, or about one-fourth of the volunteer militia of the District of Columbia, are mustering to day for inspection, the order having been issued from the Government head quarters last night. Several days ago the company officers were directed to immediately report the number of effective men. This unexpected movement has given rise to many surmises, especially as reports prevail, believed to be correct, that these ten companies are to be drafted into immediate service.

Much excitement everywhere exists, heightened in a great degree by bogus dispatches, professedly from Charleston, of a stirring battle in the vicinity of Fort Sumpter.

There is no doubt that the military movements here in progress are connected with precautionary measures for the defence of the Capital from an apprehended attack from the South.

The Federal forces in Washington are to be strengthened this week by at least one additional artillery company.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 10—P. M.

During this afternoon various volunteer companies proceeded to the War Department, and were inspected by Assistant Adjutant General McDOWELL. Several hundred men were mustered into service. Two or three broken companies were rejected, the number of each being below forty-two members.

An attempt is making to-night to bring them up to this minimum, in order to their acceptance.

Of the National Rifles, over sixty members, only one half consented to be mustered in. The reason for this, as in other similar cases, was that some of the men were apprehensive they would be ordered to some point beyond the limits of the District of Columbia, while others were unwilling to take the oath, which they conceive, in the event of the secession of Maryland and Virginia, would compel them to fight against those States. It is said they were informed that the oath must be taken unconditionally, and the infraction of which would expose them to punishment under the rules and articles of war.

At a late hour of the afternoon two companies appeared at the War Department, some of the members without uniforms, but the Adjutant-General had retired for the day.

Capt. CARRINGTON's Company, about 80, were mustered in to a man. The accepted companies have already been placed on duty, guarding their respective armories.

Immense crowds gathered in front of the War Department to witness the proceedings attendant on the inspection and mustering into service.

A new Military Department, formed of Maryland and the District of Columbia, is to be established, with Col. C. F. SMITH as Commandant, and Capt. TALBOT, Adjutant.

SHERMAN's Artillery, from Fort Ridgely, Minnesota, which was ordered to Newport, but countermanded, and two companies of cavalry, are expected here tomorrow. The latter will come without horses, which will be purchased in this market.

The President has appointed S. P. BROWN, of Maine, Navy Agent; GEORGE N. BEALE, of Maryland, Navy Storekeeper at Washington, and ELISHA WHITTLESEY to his former position as First Comptroller of the Treasury.

TITIAN J. CAFFEY, of Pittsburgh, has entered upon his duties as Assistant Attorney-General. ARCHIBALD ROANE, till recently Chief Clerk of that Department, has gone to Montgomery, and the place thus vacated is filled by RICHARD BATES, the son of the Attorney-General.

There is reliable information to show that the late publication that Gen. AMPUDIA was marching on Brownsville is false. On the contrary, he has retired from the army, gone into the interior, and has no means, even if he had the disposition, to enter upon such an enterprise; beside the Constitutional Government is opposed to any such movements.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

THE ADMINISTRATION DISPOSED TO KEEP STATE SECRETS—THE MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS—WHAT IS TO BE DONE IN TEXAS—TWIGG'S TREASON.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 8.

Every good citizen must rejoice that the new Administration manifests a disposition to guard more faithfully its State secrets than did its predecessors. The promulgation of the purposes of the Government while those are yet not entirely formed, or when disclosure would tend to defeat or embarrass them, is quite as weak as it is undignified. But this reticence may be carried too far, and lead to more mischief than it is designed to prevent. A wise discrimination should be observed by the Administration, not only in keeping secret that which ought to be confidential, but also in giving to the public through the Press whatever can be told with propriety. By this course a great deal of unnecessary and vexatious anxiety will be spared the public mind, and business will be less seriously affected than if the imaginations of men are permitted to run entirely wild upon all questions of Government affecting the people. For a week past the public mind has been in a fever of agitation relative to the sudden movements of troops, and the evident preparations for their embarkation. If these troops are designed to be landed where their anticipated presence will invite attack or precipitate new disturbances, it is well, doubtless, to let nothing be officially known upon the subject to the public. But, on the other hand, if the outgivings of the Administration, that they are designed for peaceful purposes are true, why not let the public know at once the fact, that the public mind may be quieted, and business tranquillized.

In looking over the movements of troops arranged for in New-York during the last few days, one is led to the conviction that the Government is making provision for two distinct and opposite necessities of the public service—that it has been preparing to bring troops home from Texas, and at about the same time, to *send* reinforcements not only to the Gulf forts, but to Texas also. Steamers for transports have been fitted up in your port, with stalls for horses on deck, and the hold full of provisions. This fact would seem to indicate very clearly that they are going to Texas to bring north the cavalry and artillery, of which the army of the Southwest had an over-proportion. Fort Clarke, Texas, on the Mexican frontier, was at one time garrisoned by four companies of flying artillery, in pursuance of an order of Secretary FLOYD, making it a school for artillery practice. The Second Cavalry have also been garrisoned for a long time in Texas, and the treasonable agreement between TWIGGS and the Texas Secession Commissioners anticipated and prevented the fulfillment of the wishes of the Federal Government to send troops into the Territory of New-Mexico, because it stipulated for the embarkation of the entire force "by sea from Brazos or Indianola." Hence the Second Cavalry, which could so much easier and better have marched direct to Arizona, are compelled to proceed to New-York by sea, and thence, by the way of Independence, to make a land journey of several thousand miles in order to reach the same destination, which, under ordinary circumstances, could have been attained by a journey of a few hundred miles.

The case of the Second Cavalry is cited to illustrate the workings of TWIGGS' traitorous compact, because that corps is certain—unless actual war intervenes—to be sent at once to some of the Western Territories. The Texas Secession Commissioners foresaw that,—and also that the cavalry would naturally proceed to Arizona, whence they could any day take up their line of march to reënter Texas; hence the stipulation that the troops should go out "by sea." It is naturally asked "Why has Col. WAITE, who succeeded Gen. TWIGGS in command of the Military Department, proceeded to carry out the treasonable agreement of his predecessor, which can have no basis of legality?" The answer, doubtless, is found in the fact that TWIGGS' treason had so demoralized the troops under his command, that they cannot be depended upon. Per consequence they are to come out of Texas, and to the North, where, whoever among their officers is wavering in fidelity to the Union, may be weeded out by transfer or resignation. This done they will be ready to take up the march again over the Plains, soon as the Spring grass is high enough to make the journey practicable. It is a duty which Government owes to the faithful officers in the Army of the Southwest, to promote their riddance of all who sympathize with secession, lest infidelity in the hour of necessity should cast discredit and suspicion upon the true men and traitors alike.

But there are other transports which have left New-York *with troops*. If DUNCAN's battery, so recently stationed in this city, has been sent to sea, with horses, &c., it is evident they have gone somewhere else than to the forts on the Gulf. If this be so, where else can they have gone except to Texas? Certainly not to Forts Pickens, Taylor or the Tortugas—for there is no room at these posts for the employment of flying artillery. Reinforcements for the Gulf forts would consist only of artillerists, familiar with the management of heavy sea-coast guns; and the flying artillery, doubtless, have gone to Texas, to replace in part the demoralized troops withdrawn thence. Nowhere else within the Union are such troops needed at present—and on the western frontier of Texas their absence is almost daily sacrificing the lives of the settlers to the remorseless savage. Add to the theories thus developed, the suggestion that a portion of the warlike preparations of the last week look to the reinforcement and resupply of the Gulf ports—particularly of Pickens—and we have a satisfactory solution of those preparations, and a much less exciting one than that which has so alarmed the public mind, and so seriously affected the value of property of various descriptions.

The treachery of TWIGGS, and its effect upon the army of the Southwest, present a striking illustration of the influence which false political teachings, pursued through a course of years, may have upon the mind of its pupils. To Northern officers TWIGGS' conduct could have but one aspect—that of damning treason, and treachery as mean and degrading to the perpetrator as it was injurious to the public weal. But the minds of many Southern officers had been prepared for it by the insidious inculcation of the Calhoun doctrine, that an officer's duty to his State is paramount to that owed to the Federal Government under his oath. Few Southern officers have gone the entire length anticipated by their unscrupulous political teachers, who in putting forth their dogmas intended that their teachings should culminate in the delivery of the entire army over to the seceding South, whenever they, as Southern politicians, desired its services. The military education of the officers has defeated their plan in part; but while it has spared the army the disgrace of wholesale treason,—Calhounism has so sapped the loyalty of many a Southern soldier, as to make him look at least with lenient eye on such an act as was the disgraceful surrender of TWIGGS. The future historian, while stamping with the seal of ineffable disgrace, those who like TWIGGS have shamelessly repudiated their oaths and obligations to support the flag, will also point to the teachings of CALHOUN as the moral virus which poisoned the hearts and judgments of many a gallant man, and led him to abandon the service of his country, from false ideas of duty, just when fidelity and firmness were needed most. S.

TROOPS DESTINED FOR TEXAS—DUTY OF THE GOVERNMENT—BEN M'CULLOCH AND HIS DESIGNS, ETC

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 9, 1861.

It is highly probable that the troops recently embarked at New-York are destined for Texas. This is the general impression in Washington, and is fully borne out by the circumstances of the case, the nature of the equipment, as well as by the policy which has been thus far developed on the part of the Administration. It seems to be highly probable also, that this transmission of troops to Texas has been invited by Gov. HOUSTON, who, as a friend of the Union, has been placed in extraordinary circumstances. Of the seven Governors of the rebellious States, he is the only one who has opposed the movement, and refused to recognize the pretended act of secession. He has given way before the physical force of the rebels, but has refused to recognize the rightful authority of the Government *de facto* which they have established, and issues a powerful appeal to the sober second thought of the people in the form of a proclamation. The fact is well known also, that a large portion of the Texan population, if not a majority, is loyal to the Union; and that it has been overpowered by the organized band of outlaws, known under the title of the Knights of the Golden Circle.

The fact seems to be lost sight of, that the Federal Government is authorized and bound to "repel invasion" of the States, even when not called upon by the local Legislatures or the Governors. Texas has been invaded by Indian tribes, and is threatened by lawless bands of Mexicans. Here, then, is legitimate ground for interference, in addition to the ordinary right of the Executive to send troops to any part of the Union.

The right of the Executive to protect the States against "domestic violence" is to be exercised at the call of the Legislature, if in session, or at that of the Governor. It is probable that Gov. HOUSTON has exercised this right of calling upon the President for aid, for the double purpose of repelling invasion and quelling violence.

But it is, of course, legitimate for the Federal Government to enforce the laws of the Union, and the President is bound by his official oath to enforce them, wherever it is practicable, without regard to the call of the State authorities, and for these reasons combined, there can be little doubt that the chief part of the forces which have been sent South are destined for Texas. I have heretofore called attention to the high moral obligation which rests upon the Government to protect the Union-loving population of Western Texas against the Indian and Mexican marauders; and the same duty of protection is equally strong as against the robber-bands which have assumed the fanciful title of Knights of the Golden Circle. The opportunity is a favorable one for giving the friends of Union a rallying-point, and a guaranty of protection in their efforts to overthrow the usurpation of the "Democratic" oligarchy. Wherever the friends of Union have a foot-hold, they should be sustained by Federal forces; and, if need be, the Union militia should be called out and paid by the Government. If the traitors are permitted to arm and organize, the friends of Union should be encouraged to do likewise.

The announcement in one of our cotemporaries, that secret agents sent out by Mr. LINCOLN, immediately on his accession to power, returned some days ago from Europe, with assurances from the Governments of France and England that the Confederate States would not be encouraged or countenanced in their efforts to gain independence, bears the marks of absurdity upon its face. In the first place, sufficient time had not elapsed, between the inauguration of the new Government and the announcement, for the agents to go and return, supposing them to spend a sufficient time abroad to obtain such important information. And in the second place, the idea of sending secret agents post-haste to England and France, to ascertain whether the Governments of those countries would sustain Mr. LINCOLN's Administration in the enforcement of the laws—in other words, whether this Government would be permitted to exist any longer, is too preposterous for belief. It is simply incredible that a proceeding so undignified, and so unworthy of a great people, could be authorized by any Administration.

It is possible that private gentlemen may have undertaken such a mission, on their own motion, and that they may have drawn some such inference from the declarations of English and French ministerial officers; but it is utterly improbable that the supposed agents had any official sanction.

The announcement that BEN McCULLOCH, the Texan Ranger, was seen emerging from a house in the First Ward, one morning last week, is said to be true, and it is stated, with confidence, that the house referred to is occupied by an Ex-United States Senator, who pretended to represent a Free State, up to the 4th of March. McCULLOCH, it is reported, woke very early that morning, and was seen in the Ex-Senator's house, and afterwards passed over the Long Bridge into Virginia at a sweeping pace. He is reputed to be a man of desperate courage, but it is silly to suppose it possible that he would attack the Capital at the head of his Knights of the Golden Circle, backed by the corn-stalk militia of Virginia. No formidable military organization could be made within five hundred miles of Washington, for its seizure, without sounding the notes of preparation for weeks or months before getting ready to march. The friends of Union in this city are far more numerous and well organized, and far more ready to defend the city, than any band of outlaws to attack it; and in addition to this security, we have several hundreds of United States troops, armed to the teeth, the very sight of which here, last Winter, struck terror into the hearts of the traitors, and caused them to deny and ridicule the idea of an attack on Washington.

Capt. WITHERS, who has resigned his position in the army, is said to be a good Union man, but has beep constrained to the course he has adopted out of deference to his father-in-law, a Texan gentleman, who threatened to disinherit his family if he continued longer in the service. The resignation of Major HOLMES takes his acquaintance by surprise. He is of North Carolina, if I mistake not, instead of Virginia, as announced. It is believed that the Secessionists are making great efforts to induce Southern Army and Naval officers to resign, as a means of weakening the confidence of the people in the Government. But it is a good thing to get rid of such officers, however meritorious in other respects, as acknowledge a doubtful allegiance to the Government. So both sides will be pleased at these resignations.

The statement that Mr. CLAY, of Kentucky, who has been appointed Minister to Russia, has advertised his estate for sale, is a mistake. His real property amounting to about twenty-two hundred acres of splendid farming land, in Madison County, Kentucky, is entailed, and he could not sell it if he would. The truth is, that he has advertised his furniture and farming utensils, and fine stock of cattle for sale, with the view of renting out the estate during his absence in Europe.

OBSERVER.

THE VIRGINIA STATE CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, April 10.

The twelfth resolution came up.

Mr. CARLISLE moved to strike out a portion making an indispensable condition that no attempt be made to reinforce or recapture the forts, &c. Rejected—17 to 104.

Mr. WISE moved to add a clause declaring that all the forts in the limits of the seceded States ought to be evacuated for purposes of pacification. Lost—5 to 67.

The resolution, as amended, was adopted.

The following is the resolution:

The people of Virginia will await any reasonable time to obtain answers from the other States to these propositions of amendment. We are aware of the embarrassments that may produce delay, but we will expect, as an indispensable condition, a pacific policy will be adopted towards the seceded States, and no attempt be made to subject them to Federal authority; nor to reinforce any of the forts situated on the main land, or within the harbors of any of the seceded States, nor to recapture the forts, arsenals or other property of the United States within their limits, nor exact payment of imposts on their commerce, nor any measure calculated to provoke hostilities or collision. The forts, arsenals, magazines, and other places ceded to the United States, and situated on the mainland, or for the protection of the harbors of the seceded States, ought, for the purposes of pacification, be evacuated by the authorities of the Federal Government.

The thirteenth resolution was then taken up.

The Convention then took a recess.

Much excitement was occasioned by the reports that an attempt will be made to reinforce Fort Sumpter to-day or to-morrow. The extreme Unionists in the Convention say they are not to be moved by telegraph dispatches, and indicate that they will stand by the Government if the steamers are attacked. The conservatives entertain different sentiments.

After recess the Convention amended the thirteenth resolution, and passed it. It is as follows:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention, the people of Virginia would regard any action of the Federal Government, or of the Confederate States, tending to produce a collision of forces, pending the efforts to effect an adjustment of existing difficulties, as unwise and injurious to the interests of both, and they would regard any such action on the part of either as leaving them free to determine their own future policy.

Pending the consideration of the 14th resolution the Convention adjourned.

LATEST FROM CHARLESTON.

THE FLOATING BATTERY PLACED IN POSITION.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, April 9.

Everything is quiet to-night as regards excitement. People are becoming accustomed to suspense.

The floating battery has been towed into position between Sullivan's Island and Fort Sumpter.

Senator WIGFALL, of Texas, and EDMUND RUFFIN, of Virginia, (nearly 70 years of age,) shouldered muskets and joined the army as privates. Numbers of old men have done the same. Even cripples are anxious to fight, and may be seen riding with the cavalry.

The fleet is not yet in sight, but is expected off Stono to-night.

Troops continue to arrive in the city from the interior.

CHARLESTON, Wednesday, April 10.

The floating battery, finished, mounted and manned, was taken out of the dock last evening and anchored in the cove near Sullivan's Island.

Our people are not excited, but there is a fixed determination to meet the issue.

An additional regiment of 1,000 men is hourly expected from the interior.

The Convention has just adjourned, subject to the call of the President. Before adjourning, it passed resolutions approving the conduct of Gen. TWIGGS, in resigning his commission and turning over the public property under his control to the authorities.

Gov. PICKENS was in secret session with the Convention to-day.

About 1,000 troops were sent to the fortifications today; 1,800 more go down to-morrow.

Messrs. Wigfall, Chestnut, Means, Manning, McGowan and Boyleston have received appointments in Gen. BEAUREGARD's Staff.

A large number of the members of the Convention, after adjournment, volunteered as privates.

About 7,000 troops are now at the fortifications.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 10.

The Charleston *Courier* of yesterday morning reports the arrival of Lieut. TALBOT there on Monday. He had a conference with Gov. PICKENS and Gen. BEAUREGARD, but was not allowed to communicate with Major ANDERSON at Fort Sumpter. Lieut. TALBOT started back for Washington last night. It is understood that the nature of his conference with Gov. PICKENS and Gen. BEAUREGARD was to obtain permission for an unarmed store-ship to victual the garrison at Fort Sumpter. Permission was refused. It is generally believed that the unarmed store-ship will be accompanied with moral force. Every preparation is made to prevent any relief being sent into Fort Sumpter.

THE WAR EXCITEMENT.

STATE OF FEELING AMONG THE PEOPLE.

THE NAVAL AND MILITARY EXPEDITIONS—MOVEMENTS AT THE NAVY-YARD AND MILITARY POSTS.

Little else was talked of, yesterday, but the war news. On emerging from their homes, men eagerly sought the morning papers, in expectation of the startling intelligence which has so long been threatened from the South, and many expressed their disappointment that affairs in the secession line were so long in coming to a focus. On the cars, in the ferry and steamboats, in the hotels and bar-rooms, knots of citizens gathered, and warmly discussed the movements of the Government, and particularly the probable character of the late expeditions, their destination, and the chances of success in provisioning or reinforcing Fort Sumpter. While there was here and there one who questioned the wisdom of the step, the mass of people expressed the most earnest wish for the success of the attempt, and nine out of ten men who said anything went in strongly for sustaining the Government of the country against all traitors, North or South.

The newspaper bulletins were the centre of attraction to eager crowds, and a few glaring capitals at any corner were sufficient to draw a large crowd, who anxiously peered over each other's shoulders to catch a glimpse of the latest telegraphic dispatch from Charleston or Washington.

The mistaken announcement that the *Baltic* and her consorts were due off Charleston yesterday, with the prophecy of stirring events from that quarter, created additional excitement. The fact is, the *Baltic* and *Illinois* did not go to sea, as announced, on Monday night. Both of them lay at anchor until Tuesday morning, the *Illinois* at Quarantine, and the *Baltic* at the S. W. Spit. Both steamers crossed the Bar nearly together about 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning, and at 7:30 they discharged their pilots and continued on their voyage southward. Being very deep, the *Baltic*, although a fast sailer, can hardly be expected to make more than ordinary speed. The *Illinois* was loaded to a draft of 20½ feet aft, but with her improved feathering paddles, although they were submerged 10 feet, she is reported to have gone off with unusual celerity, her wheels making 14½ turns per minute with only 16 pounds of steam. Allowing 60 hours for them to reach Charleston—providing Charleston is their destination—these steamers will not arrive off the Bar until 7 o'clock this (Thursday) evening. Making the necessary allowance for night time, during which little could be done towards the arrangements for entering the harbor, it will be noon of to morrow (Friday) before any movement can be made.

The steamer *Uncle Ben*, which was compelled to return, after proceeding as far as Barnegat on account of a damaged pump, started again on Tuesday evening, being only some twelve hours behind the other steamers.

The *Atlantic*, which went to sea in company with the *Powhatan* on Sunday night, if bound to Charleston, probably arrived thither yesterday morning, and must have been magnified by the excited optics of the Carolinians into the "six steamers" reported as being off the bar.

The *Harriet Lane* probably conveyed the *Baltic* and *Illinois*.

THE CHARTERED FLEET.

We gave on Tuesday a hastily got-up table of the chartered fleet. The following is correct as regards the tonnage, and nearly so as regards the men in the vessels. Of course all hands usually on board are included, merely to show the number of extra persons whose services have been engaged by the Government.

Vessels.	Tons.	Men.
Coatzacolcos	1,500	75
Fashion	500	40
Atlantic	2,845	80
Baltic	2,885	74
Illinois	2,123	60
Ocean Queen	2,802	75
Yankee	400	14
Uncle Ben	300	14
Empire City	1,650	50
Star of the West	1,500	54
Total	16,505	536

A CLUE TO THE DESTINATION OF ONE OF THE SHIPS.

At the Troy arsenal unusual bustle has been observable within the past week. Lieut. BALCH, stationed at that place, was, on Friday last, ordered to repair at once to Fort Pickens, and report himself for duty there. Singularly enough, he arrived in the city the evening before the departure of the *Baltic*, and left next day. How, and where he went immediately from here are mysterious. Major MORDECAI, of the North Carolina Ordinance Department, who is now nominally commander at Troy, being really absent in his native State, Lieut. STRONG fills his place. There is only one other commissioned officer, Lieut. PORTER. The works at the arsenal are prosecuted with the utmost vigor, even on Sunday. The preparation of cartridges chiefly occupies the employés at present.

Several small sailing vessels are also reported to have been chartered by the Government, probably for the same purpose as those which have already been dispatched.

THE NAVY-YARD.

There is no doubt that orders for the immediate fitting-out of the United States ships *Wabash*, *Perry* and *Savannah*, have been received at the Brooklyn Navy-yard.

The housing of the *Wabash* was removed, yesterday, extra hands put to work on her, and preparations were made to put coal on board, which shows that the authorities are in a hurry to have her completed for commission. From the appearance of things, her machinery will be finished by Mr. KING very soon, and steam will probably be applied on Saturday. The rigging, carpenter's work and ordnance, were taken in hands, to be hurriedly got ready. The *Wabash* is in fine condition, rates 40 guns, but does not carry more than 25, is 3,200 tons burthen, and was built at Philadelphia in 1856. Having been constructed of timber, fresh and green from the woods, and subsequently sent to a warm climate, she was, at one time, deemed unsound, but is now all right. She will be fit for commission in three weeks.

The brig *Perry*, whose state of readiness is to be turned into condition for active service, will be rigged to-day. Some riggers are to be taken on to expedite the job. Six days will suffice to put her in duty trim. The *Perry* is 280 tons burden, carries 6 guns, and was built at Gosport in 1843. She has cruised on nearly every squadron, and was last attached to the Paraguay expedition. She can be made ready for sea in three weeks.

The corvette *Savannah*, now in the dry dock, is to be prepared also, we should judge. She can be put in the commissioned state in five weeks. The *Savannah* is a sailing corvette, 1,726 tons burden, is rated for 24 guns and 300 men, and was built at Brooklyn in 1842. She was a 50-gun frigate until 1859. Her last duty was performed as Flag-ship of the Home Squadron, the *Cumberland*, now to be replaced by the *Minnesota*, relieving her.

Commodore STRINGHAM, the newly-appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Home Squadron, was to leave this City last night to join his ship at Boston. He could sail in less than ten days for Pensacola.

The marine garrison of the Brooklyn Navy-yard was to have been paid off yesterday, Major RUSSELL, the Disbursing Officer of the Marine Corps, having been ordered from Head-quarters at Washington for that purpose.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND.

Everything was quiet and dull on Governor's Island yesterday, but it is evident that another *exodus* of troops is imminent. The quarters are being cleared out for the reception of fresh soldiers.

Major J. P. HEINTZMAN, First Infantry, will take command of the Island, *vice* Major HOLMES, who left on Tuesday evening, until 30th of June, when Col. SMITH, previously detailed for the post, will report for duty. Major HOLMES is a native of Pennsylvania, and was appointed from that State in 1826 to a Brevet Lieutenancy in the Third Infantry. He was breveted in 1847 for distinguished service in the Mexican war.

THE RECRUITING BUSINESS.

Since the commencement of the month applications for enlistment have been unusually numerous, recruits presenting themselves by threes and fours, but in the absence of any special orders on the subject, none but really good men are taken.

At the principal recruiting rendezvous in Chatham-street, 317 men were enlisted during the six months ending March 31, and 1,296 rejected in the same period, showing a monthly average of 62 enlisted and 216 rejected.

Of the rejected candidates many would be eligible in case of war; such, for example, as those foreigners who were refused in consequence of not speaking much English. The Chatham-street book shows that out of every twelve men enlisted ten are foreigners, Irishmen and Germans predominating.

THE COMING TROOPS.

We have already stated that the steamers *Coatzacolcos* and *Star of the West* are expected here daily, with the remainder of the garrison of Texas. The first of these troops embarked on board the steamer *Fashion* at Indianola, on the afternoon of the 30th ult., to be subsequently transferred to the *Coatzacolcos*, which they were. They mustered as follows:

	Men.
1. Company D, Second Cavalry	70
2. Company B, Second Cavalry	64
3. Company B, Second Cavalry	64
4. Company I, Second Cavalry	63
5. Company G, Second Cavalry	67
6. Company F, Second Cavalry	80
7. Company H, First Infantry	64
8. Company A, First Infantry	60
9. Company I, First Infantry	58
Total	570

Nos. 1 and 2 come from Camp Cooper; No. 3 from Camp Colerado; No. 4 from Camp Verde; Nos. 5 and 6 from the City of Brownsville; No. 7 from Camp Cooper; No. 8 from Camp Verde; No. 9 from the City of San Antonio, in which the Texas Rangers assembled to accept the surrender of Gen. TWIGGS' command.

The following officers accompany the soldiers: Infantry—Capts. King, Caldwell and Carpenter. Cavalry—Capts. Palmer, Stoneman, Brackett and Jenifer; officers Oakes and Whiting, Company K. Companies G and E had been brought up from Brazos Santiago to Indianola in the steamer *Arizona*, there not being convenient room for them on board the steamship *Daniel Webster*, which brought the artillery companies here some time since.

The following statement gives as nearly as possible the number of troops that have recently left this post within the past three or four days. Of course, the rumors about 2,000 having left in the steamers are without foundation:

Steamers.	Men.
Atlantic	358
Illinois	100
Baltic	400
Total	858

THE STATE MILITIA.

The militia of the State have evidently received some orders recently, judging from their increased attention to drilling and other signs of activity.

THE CHARLESTON NAVY-YARD.

The *Minnesota* received her masts on Monday, and the lists of stokers and firemen had already been filled up. There were applicants enough to man half a dozen frigates.

Orders have been forwarded from Washington to have the *Mississippi* fitted out as soon as possible. SAMUEL H. DROWN has been appointed Master Laborer at the Yard, in place of JOHN ROWNSAVILLE, removed.

THE PHILADELPHIA NAVY-YARD.

At the Philadelphia Navy-yard the steamer *Water Witch* has just been put in complete sea trim. She will probably sail the present week, with an unusually large crew of sailors and marines. The other vessels at the Yard are the *Jamestown*, 22 guns, which could be prepared for sea in ten days; and frigate *St. Lawrence*, 50 guns; in case of emergency she could be ready for sea in three weeks. There are 75 men on the receiving ship, and 100 marines in the barracks.

MORE WAR VESSELS WANTED.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, April 10.

Dispatches from Washington state that the sloop-of-war *Jamestown* and the frigate *St. Lawrence*, now at the Navy-yard here, are to be fitted out for sea forthwith.

CAPT. MERCER AND THE POWHATAN.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, April 10.

The *Bulletin*, of this evening, authoritatively denies the statements relative to Capt. MERCER, of the *Powhatan*, and says they do him great injustice. The facts are as follows: He left the ship at Staten Island by instructions from Washington. These instructions directed the command of the ship to be given to Commodore PORTER.

SAILING OF THE PAWNEE.

NORFOLK, Va., Wednesday, April 10.

The *Pawnee* sailed at 6 o'clock P. M. yesterday, with sealed orders for the South.

Arrivals in the City.

Commodore Armstrong, of the U. S. Navy; Hons. W. M. Converse and family, of Norwich, and W. T. Wilkinson, of Wisconsin; Gen. Jas. W. Nye, of New-York, and J. P. Hamlin and W. A. Tuttle, of Boston, are at the Astor House.

C. H. Doolittle, of Utica; W. Dorlen, of Troy; Col. Nixon, of Cincinnati; A. G. Gilbert, of Albany; S. B. Dyer, of Paris; T. R. Rigson, E. B. Huntington and Dr. Hayward, of Boston; F. Moore, of Detroit, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Hon. H. S. McCombs, of Delaware; L. C. Jones, of Hartford; W. G. Nolan, of Texas; Dr. Eldridge, of Elmira; J. A. Millard, of Troy; G. N. Wanes, C. Rice and S. H. Perkins, of Boston; B. R. Nickerson, of California; J. E. Yeatman, of St. Louis; Dr. Saunders, of Kentucky; D. T. Vail, of Troy; S. S. Crocker, of Taunton, Mass.; and N. B. Fletcher, of Providence, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Capt. W. Wright, of Texas; Lieut. Fitzlee and N. Owens, of the U. S. A.; A. Rubrey, of England; J. S. Rarey, the horse tamer, of Ohio; J. D. Fry, of California; J. W. Thomson, of Tennessee; D. C. Haskin, of California; and W. S. Renney, of Arkansas, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR....THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.—Nos. 38, 16, 39, 40, 42, 43, 45, 41, 576, 47.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Nos. 30, 34, 37, 41, 46, 44, 7, 8, 9, 18.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 283, 288, 290, 203, 295, 296, 63, 195, 297, 299, 301, 303, 304, 305, 307, 308, 310, 312. CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Nos. 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 961, 963, 965, 967, 971, 973, 975. *Part II.*—Nos. 579, 227, 370, 128, 734, 370, 752, 778, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 801, 1645, 717, 1679, 1661, 1663, 1691, 1705, 1707, 1709, 1711, 923, 1369, 1685, 947, 1579, 757. *Part II.*—Nos. 1166, 1196, 1148, 1198, 1218, 1226, 1228, 1156, 562, 1030, 732, 1016, 844, 1196, 1212.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—The cause now on will last all day; no other causes will be called.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Third Week—Wednesday's Minutes.

Full Bench—Comstock, C. J.

No. 34—*The People ex rel. The Bank of the Commonwealth vs. The Commissioners of Taxes.*—Argument concluded. Messrs. Alexander W. Bradford and A. J. Parker, counsel for appellant; Greene C. Bronson for respondent.

No. 44—*Seymour, Receiver, vs. Wilson, et. al.*—Off for the term.

No. 35—*Hollister vs. The Hollister Bank.*—Argued. Messrs. Talcott, Rogers & Gansen, for appellant; Mr. Tucker for respondent.

No. 133—Off for the term.

The People ex rel. Lockwood vs. Schrughom.—The relator in this case contests the right of the respondent to command the Seventh Brigade in the Second Division of the New-York State Militia.

In 1841 the relator was duly elected, commissioned and sworn as Brigadier-General of the Fifteenth Brigade, then composed of the County of Westchester. He continued to act as such officer until the passage of the act of May 13, 1846, reconsructing the military districts of the State. The act required the Governor to divide the State into eight division districts, and to direct the Major-General of infantry, highest in rank, residing within the bounds of each division district, to divide such division district into two brigade districts. The act gave the command of each brigade district to the Brigadier-General in commission, and highest in rank in such district.

The relator claims that he was senior officer of that rank in his Division District, and was thereupon duly appointed to the command of the Seventh Brigade in that district—the Second Division District.

In 1847 the Adjutant-General (Pruyn) countermanded the order appointing Lockwood, and in his place appointed Schrugham. Previously, however, the Fifteenth Brigade was disbanded, in pursuance of the statute.

The relator applied for a *mandamus* to compel the respondent to abdicate the position, and to admit himself thereto. The only question on the merits is, whether the Adjutant-General had any power to countermand the order first given, that order being in pursuance of the statute.

Two questions of practice are, however, raised; first, that the Court cannot review the orders of the Commanding officer. Second, that a writ of *mandamus* will not lie to restrain the performance of a duty on the part of subalterns. It will only lie to command the duty to be done.

The Supreme Court of General Term have refused to interfere, and this appeal comes from that judgment.

John R. Porter for appellant; Wm. H. Anthon for respondent.

How an "Infant" was Married, and what followed.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Clerke.

In the matter of the Habeas Corpus issued at the petition of Sarah Locke.—This was a writ of *habeas corpus* issued at the petition of Sarah Locke for the purpose of having her husband, Charles E. Locke, restored to her society.

It appears from the petition that the parties were married at the City of Brooklyn, in January last, by Rev. Benjamin Wheeler. That they lived together as man and wife until about the middle of February, when the petioner alleges her husband suddenly, and to her surprise, disappeared; that her said husband, who is a minor, is now unlawfully detained from her by his father, John D. Locke. Wherefore the petitioner asks that he be restored to his liberty and her society.

The following is the statement of counsel, and serves to explain this somewhat singular proceeding:

Some time since Mr. Locke, Jr., was sent by his father to England for his health and improvement. For this purpose he was liberally supplied with money by his confiding parent. On arriving at Bremen he met with the relator, then bearing the name of Sarah Dufty. Becoming enamored of her, our hero kept her society during his stay in Bremen, and also followed her to her home in Manchester, England. On his return to America he brought her with him, and on their arrival took her to the residence of his uncle, in Brooklyn, where they were married in January last.

The father, on discovering the conduct of his son, and the condition of things, immediately took the young man into his custody, and now refuses to allow them to live together, or to recognize the validity of the marriage. Hence this proceeding is now taken by the wife in order to restore to her her lost husband.

It appeared that the writ was served by leaving a copy instead of the original with the defendant, which was admitted to be an imperfect service.

The case was accordingly adjourned to Friday next. John S. Cutter, Attorney for petitioner.

United States District Court.

Before Judge Shipman.

FOREIGN CORPORATION—SERVICE OF PROCESS.

The United States vs. The Elizabethport and New-York Ferry Company.—This was an action at common law to recover penalties amounting to $4,000 for alleged violations of the passenger act. The action was commenced by a summons which was served personally on the Secretary of the Company, at an office held by them in Wall-street.

The defendants pleaded that they were a corporation created by and existing under the laws of New-Jersey only, and that therefore no process had ever been served upon the Company, and the Court could take no cognizance of the action.

To this plea the plaintiff demurred. On joinder in demurrer, the Court overruled the demurrer and ordered judgment for the defendant, but with leave to the plaintiff to reply.

For the United States, Mr. Henry; for defendant, Mr. Morton.

THE ARDEN ESTATE CASE.

In the matter of the Application of Rebecca Howland, widow, one of the heirs of the Estate of Jacob J. Arden and Jacob S. Arden, both deceased, for the substitution of an Attorney.—In this matter application was made for the substitution of Joseph H. Bradley as the attorney of the petitioner in a large number of ejectment cases brought in the name of Abijah Brown, (now deceased,) and the said Rebecca Howland, in this Court, by Daniel Woodhouse as attorney, to recover possession of the real estate of which Jacob J. Arden died seized. The Court ordered notice of the application to be given to an attorney appearing for a defendant in one of the said cases, and that such notice, in connection with the publication of this report, would be deemed a notice to the parties and attorneys in all the other cases, and the further hearing in the matter be adjourned to the 13th of April, inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

Suit to Recover Insurance upon a Cargo of Corn.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice White.

Edmund Savage vs. The Corn Exchange Fire and Inland Navigation Insurance Company.—The plaintiff, as a common carrier, effected an open policy of insurance with the defendants, as alleged, to cover losses sustained by him on cargoes transported by boats running in the New-York and Indiana line, from Buffalo to New-York, the particular risks assumed on each cargo, and the rates of premium agreed on to be entered in the policy, under which two risks were assumed, one of $300 on the cargo of the canal-boat *J. N. Fiske*, and the other of $2,400 on the cargo of the *J. B. Chipman*, shipped at Buffalo for New-York, in September, 1854, both cargoes to be reshipped at Albany in the lake-boat *Hudson*. The quantity of corn contained in both cargoes and reshipped at Albany was 7,100 bushels. The *Hudson* on the voyage to New-York in the tow of a steam-tug, struck and sank at Castleton on the night of the 14th of October, 1854.

The case was tried before in January, 1857, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff of $5,207 50. Subsequently a new trial was granted by the General Term of the Superior Court, for errors of law committed by the Judge (late Chief-Justice Oakley,) who presided at the trial. The defence set up on the former and present trial is, that the boat *Hudson*, in which the corn was reshipped at Albany, was unseaworthy, not properly manned, and overloaded. On the former trial the finding of the Jury was against this defence.

The case is still on.

For plaintiff, Henry L. Clinton and Crombie & Taylor. For defendants, James W. Gerard and S. C. T. Buckley.

Court of General Sessions.

The Recorder being summoned out of town, Judge McCunn held this Court, yesterday, Mr. Garvin prosecuting for the people:

ROBBED A SAILOR.

Charles Nicholos Deede, indicted for grand larceny, was put to the bar.

Peter Culver, a seaman, testified that on the 18th of December last he came to this City from Connecticut; he had $116 in bills, one being a $100 bill; he went to the prisoner, keeper of a shipping-office, and asked to have it changed; the prisoner said *he* could not change it, but would go with the witness to a broker's; they proceeded together to No. 116 South-street, when the prisoner told the witness to wait on the sidewalk while he went in to get it changed; he came out in a few minutes, saying that he had been unable to get it changed, and would go to another place with him, at the same time handing him what appeared to be the roll of bills; the prisoner, however, soon made some excuse for absenting himself, when the sailor, on looking at his roll of bills, discovered that the $100 bill was missing from the package; he proceeded to a magistrate, and, entering a complaint, had the prisoner arrested.

Albert S. [illegible], next testified that the prisoner came to his place to get a hundred dollar bill changed; he did not succeed and left; shortly afterwards the complainant came in and inquired for the prisoner.

This was the case for the prosecution.

For the defence, *James Carey* testified that he was in the broker's office getting money changed, when the prisoner came in to get some gold; witness saw a roll of bills in the prisoner's hand, but did not see him separate one bill from the rest, or put any of the money in his pocket; witness also gave the prisoner a good character.

Robert Tysen also swore to good character, as did also several other witnesses. Counsel summed up, and the Jury rendered a verdict of guilty. The prisoner was sentenced to State Prison for three years.

THE FATE OF ACHILLES.

Achille Freischutt, indicted for burglary, pleaded guilty to an attempt in the third degree, and was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year.

A SINGLE-DECKER SAILS FOR SING SING.

Edwin Decker, indicted for burglary in the third degree, pleaded guilty of an attempt, and was sent to State Prison for two years.

OUT OF THE FRYING-PAN INTO THE FIRE.

Thomas Killalee, indicted for felonious assault, was next tried.

Officer John Harris testified that on the 26th of March last, he arrested the prisoner, having received orders to secure him as an escaped convict from Blackwell's Island; the witness on making the arrest said, "Come, go with me;" the prisoner expressed his willingness to go, but said he would not have gone with any other officer; after proceeding a short distance peacefully, the prisoner pulled out a pistol, and was proceeding to shoot the officer, when that individual thwarted his design by a knock-down blow on his head with the Metropolitan "Billy;" the pistol fell from the prisoner's hand, and was found loaded in both barrels to the muzzle with powder and shot; on reaching the Station-house the prisoner challenged the officer to mortal combat at forty paces; the honor was declined, and the prisoner locked up. There were no further witness and the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. The prisoner was sentenced to State Prison for five years.

A LIMB OF THE LAW IN LIMB-O.

Lewis Habrowsky, indicted for assault and battery, was next tried. The prisoner defended himself. *Simon Cummings* testified that he was an officer in Tombs Court. He was standing in the vestibule when he saw the prisoner, a German lawyer, follow some parties into the police court. The officer suspecting that the design was to extort money from them, followed, and told the prisoner to sit down. He refused, in abusive language, and was removed from the room by the officer, who attempted to put him into the street. The prisoner resisted by seizing the officer's coat collar, and for this he was on trial.

Officer Joseph Ely testified to the same effect as the last witness, whom he assisted in ejecting the prisoner from Court.

Officer Chauncey Mason also witnessed the affair, and corroborated the account already given. There were no further witnesses, and the prisoner summed for himself, first putting in evidence his diploma as a member of the Bar. The jury rendered a verdict of acquittal, and the prisoner was discharged.

LOW TARIFF ON FISTICUFFS.

James Gear, indicted for an assault upon an officer, was next tried. This was so little of a case that the jury were unable to agree, when the prisoner pleaded guilty, and was fined $5.

A large number of prisoners were arraigned, their pleas taken and days of trial fixed. The Court then adjourned to this morning at 10 o'clock, when the following cases will be taken up:

CALLENDAR.

Assault and Battery—James Lyons, Terrence Duffey, Francis Engelsman, August Linel, Patrick Markey, Hamilton Nesbitt.

For Felonious Assault—Charles Spiger.

For Keeping Disorderly House—Elizabeth Fairchild, *alias* Stanley.

For False Pretences—Wm. Erving.

For Burglary—John Gillan, Charles McLaughlin, John Carroll, John Fitzsimmons, James Wiley, Patrick O'Connor.

For Larceny—Angeline Blake.

For Receiving Stolen Goods—Mary McGuire.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

SUTHERLAND, J.—*Cardier vs Cardier.*—Motion granted, without costs to either party.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

MONCRIEF, J.—*Eomstom vs. Gransdon et al.*—Motion granted, with $10 costs.

Sanderson vs. Meyer.—Motion granted. Plaintiffs may amend within ten days.

Pilger vs. Gove.—Motion granted.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 10.

$11,000	U.S.6s, '81 Cop'n	91	22	Del. & Hud. C. Co.	89½
2,000	U. S. 5s, 1865	9¾	200	Erie Railroad...b30	25½
5,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90.	71½	10	do	26
10,000	do.....s15	70	350	do	25¾
5,000	Virginia St. 6s..	70	250	do	25½
9,000	do	69	250	do.....s15	25½
2,000	N. C. State 6s	77	100	do	25½
5,000	do	76¾	50	Erie R. Ass'ed Stk.	23¼
13,000	Missouri St. 6's..	59	100	Hudson Riv. R..s10	40½
2,000	do	59¼	200	Mich. Cent. R..s30	51
9,000	do	60	50	do.....s60	51
5,000	do.....s30	60	250	do	51½
10,000	do	60¼	50	do	51½
20,000	do.....s30	60¼	100	do.....b30	52
25,000	do	60⅛	400	Harlem R	13½
1,000	Cal. State 7's	83	100	do.....b20	13½
1,000	Br'k. C.Wat.Ln.	103½	100	Harlem R. Pref'd	36½
1,000	N. Y. Cen.... 6's	95½	100	do	36¼
2,000	Erie R. c. b.1871.	60	300	do	36
500	Ill. Cen. R. b	94	500	Reading R	39
500	do	95	100	do.....b30	39½
5,000	LaC. & M.L.G b.	9	200	do.....b60	39¼
1,000	Han. & St.J.R.B.	45	100	M. So. & N. I. G. S	33
2,000	Chi. & N.W 2d M.	16	65	Panama Railroad.	110½
10	Manhattan Bank..	136	100	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip..	73
15	Am. Exchange Bk.	95½	28	do	73½
10	Bank of the Repub.	114	200	do.....b30	73
25	Imp. & Trad. Bk.	103	650	do	72¾
50	Pacific M. S. Co.	80	100	do.....s10	72½
20	do	79¾	100	do.....s15	72½
100	do	79¾	400	do.....s30	72½
125	do	79½	50	do	72½
100	do.....b10	79½	200	do.....s30	72½
50	do.....s30	79	200	do.....b60	73
100	do	79	50	do.....b10	72¾
5	do	78¾	100	Gal. & Chic. R..b30	69¼
150	N. Y. Cen. R....s15	74¾	50	do	69
350	do	74¾	100	do.....s30	69
250	do	74	100	do.....s15	69
200	do.....s15	74	100	do	69¼
250	do	74½	50	Cl. & Tol. Railroad	31
100	do.....b30	74¼	400	do	30¾
925	do	74¾	100	do	30¾
100	do.....s10	74¾	300	do	30⅞
150	do.....s30	74½	350	Chic.& Rock. I. R..	51½
100	do.....b4	74½	300	do.....b30	51½
325	do	74¾	25	do.....b30	51¾
50	do.....b60	74¾	50	Chic., Bur. & Q.R.	70
50	do.....b4	74½			

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 5s, '65	91	100	Har. R. Preferred.	35⅞
15,000	U.S. 6s, '81. Cou.	91	200	do	36
8,000	U.S. 6s,'81, Reg..	93¼	300	Reading R.	38⅞
2,000	U.S. 5s, '74. Cou.	85	100	do.....b60	38⅞
2,000	Tr. 10 ⅌ c. Notes.	102	300	do	38¾
1,000	N. C. State 6s	76	200	M. S. & N. Ind. R.	14¼
2,000	Cal. State 7's	83	150	M. So. & N. I.G.Sk.	32⅞
10,000	Tenn. State 6s,'90	71	200	Mich. Central R.	51
25,000	do.....s15	70	200	do.....s10	51
19,000	Virginia St. 6s..	69½	100	do.....b30	51½
16,000	Mo. State 6s	60	100	do	51½
5,000	do.....s5	60	225	Ill. Cen. R. scrip	72
2,000	do	60½	50	do	71¾
5,000	Erie R. 1 M. B.	104¼	100	do.....s30	71½
2,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bs	94¾	19	Cl., Col. & Cin. R.	94½
100	Merchants' Bank	100	25	Galena & Chi. R	69
50	Pacific M.S.Co..s30	78½	100	do.....s10	68¾
50	do.....s30	78	150	do	68¾
30	do	78½	50	do	68¾
250	N. Y. Cen. R.	74¼	350	Cleve. & Tol. R.	30¾
100	do.....s30	74	100	do	30¾
600	do	74	100	Ch. & R. I. R.	50¾
300	do	73¾	50	do.....b10	50½
100	do.....s10	73¾	30	Chi. Bur. & Quin R	70
50	do	73⅞	100	do.....b60	70
250	Erie Railroad	25¾	50	do	69¾
50	do.....b30	25½	50	do	69¾
100	do	25½			

WEDNESDAY, April 10—P. M.

There is increased political anxiety in Wall-street and on the Stock Exchange to-day, growing out of the threatening state of affairs at Charleston and the intelligence in the morning papers that at least a portion of the Army and Navy preparations of last week are destined for the relief of Fort Sumpter. The opinions of the Street are as three or four to one that a collision of arms must take place at that point, although the dispatches in the afternoon papers are quite as contradictory as ever, and leave the question of civil war in the same painful suspense as on Monday and Tuesday. The effect upon confidence in Money circles is not especially marked upon mercantile Discounts or on temporary Loans to the Stock-Brokers, owing to the large accumulation of means in this City, offered on short employment at low rates of interest. But the warlike appearance of the news from Washington and Charleston, and the supposed imminence of a conflict of arms have, in a measure destroyed the speculative demand for the Treasury Bills, to be awarded at Washington to-morrow morning, and confined the operations for the most part to the Banks, Trust Companies and Savings Institutions, to which this paper is rather desirable in the present condition of the Money market. It was understood this afternoon that the whole issue of $4,900,000 would be applied for at par, the preliminary deposits having been made at the Sub-Treasury.

The political excitement which first broke down the market on Monday creates a pretty large business on the Stock Exchange, at the reduced prices, the figures varying frequently and contradictory from hour to hour on the same stock. At the early Board, to-day, the market manifested a partial degree of steadiness, the demand at about the closing rates of yesterday being somewhat in advance of the first disposition to sell. But this feeling changed later in the day, and at the Second Board there was renewed eagerness to put out Stocks both for cash and on short options, and a comparatively heavy business ensued. The Southern Border State Bonds are made as active and subject to as many speculative ups and downs as the Railway fancies, and on Virginias the depression was unusually marked, while Missouris at about 60 ⅌ cent. attract a large demand. Tennessees are 71@70 ⅌ cent. The Federal Stocks are about the same in price as yesterday afternoon. They are not so largely held among the Brokers as they were early in March, and parties disposed to speculate for a fall are not always sure of borrowing the Stocks of 1881, with an allowance of interest for the use of the Money thus advanced upon them. The registered certificates are not at all abundant on the Street. The panic feeling in the general market has affected the demand for the Railway mortgages, without materially influencing the offering at the Board. For some days past the actual business in this department of the list has been small. On the Shares, the temper of the market at the close this afternoon is worse than yesterday, and for nearly all descriptions the quotations are lower by ½@1 ⅌ cent., though the average sales of New-York Central, as the standard of the speculative list, varied but slightly from Tuesday's last prices. At one time, the Street price for immediate delivery was 74½ ⅌ cent. Erie and Illinois Central, Michigan Central and other Western Roads were weak at the close, and at figures partially below the printed sales at the Second Board, about as follows:

Central	74	Michigan Guaranteed	32¾
Erie	25	Harlem Preferred	36
Illinois Central	70¾	Rock Island	50
Hudson	39¾	Galena	68¾
Pacific	78¾	Toledo	30
Panama	110	Quincey	69¾
Michigan Central	50¾	Reading	38¾

The Exchange market for the *Africa's* mail this afternoon closed at 107½@107⅞ for Bankers, and we hear that considerable sales of Merchant bills were made within the wider and lower range of 106½@107½ ⅌ cent.; the supply being, in good variety, and to a large aggregate amount for the present mail. The Cotton Exports this week amount to 76,000 bales. The following is the general

COTTON CROP MOVEMENT SINCE SEPT 1.

	RECEIPTS.		EXPORTS FOR PAST WEEK.		
	Past week.	Since Sept. 1.	To Gt. Brit.	To Fr.	Oth. F. P.
1860-61..	50,000	3,349,000	60,000	51,000	11,000
1859-60..	76,000	4,075,000	114,000	19,000	9,000
1858-9..	60,000	3,320,000	68,000	3,000	12,000
1857-8..	76,000	2,618,000	70,000	2,000	6,000
1856-7..	56,000	2,678,000	60,000	7,000	16,000
1855-6..	89,000	2,998,000	79,000	10,000	9,000

	EXPORTS SINCE SEPT. 1.				
	To Gt. Brit.	To France.	Oth. F. P.	Total.	Stock.
1860-61..	1,801,000	491,000	296,000	2,588,000	413,000
1859-60..	1,982,000	498,000	358,000	2,838,000	900,000
1858-9..	1,274,000	346,000	429,000	2,049,000	772,000
1857-8..	1,087,000	278,000	224,000	1,589,000	760,000
1856-7..	1,063,000	330,000	311,000	1,704,000	490,000
1855-6..	1,279,000	375,000	377,000	2,031,000	619,000

The crop question, say Messrs. NEILL, is attracting less attention, and there remains little of fresh interest to be said respecting it. It has become a settled conviction with all parties that the bulk of the crop has already been sent to market, and there is now little Cotton to come forward. The receipts at the ports by mail dates amount to 3,250,000 bales; and estimating the future deliveries at 250,000 to 300,000 bales, and the overland cotton from Memphis, with annual corrections, at 200,000, would make a total of 37 to 3,750,000. The smaller of these figures has the most supporters at the present time, and at the South it is considered an outside estimate. The stock of cotton in all the interior markets on the 1st instant only amounted to 45,000 bales against 118,000 last year. The high scale of prices which has lately been attained in our markets will draw the full balance of the crop to market, and the country will be thoroughly cleared of old Cotton before we get any of the next crop.

The following is the statement of the Land and Traffic Department of the Illinois Central Railroad for the month of March:

LAND DEPARTMENT.

Acres Construction Lands sold	8,037 26	for	$134,566 63
Acres Interest Fund Lands sold	814 54	for	11,160 34
Acres Free Lands sold	2,169 64	for	33,164 40
Total sales during the month	11,021 46	for	$178,891 37
To which add Town Lot sales			742 20
Total of all			$179,633 57
Acres sold since Jan. 1, 1861.	31,151 95	for	[illegible] 98
Acres sold previously (net sales)	1,260,273 46	for	16,147,983 91
Total	1,291,425 41	for	$16,628,766 89

Construction Bonds canceled in March, 1861	$22,000 00	
Construction Bonds canceled previously	1,812,000 00	$1,834,000 00
Total cash receipts in March, 1861		61,183 32
Total receipts since 1st Jan. 1861		184,379 67
Total cash and bonds rec'd to March 21, '61..		4,380,277 69

TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT—RECEIPTS.

Passengers	$58,439 93
Freight	158,581 90
Mails	6,358 33
Rent of road	5,833 27
Other sources	1,790 42
Total in month of March, 1861	$231,003 85
Total in month of March, 1860	209,994 20
Total receipts since Jan. 1, 1861	839,804 32
Total receipts in corresponding period of 1860.	581,170 80

	1856.	1857.	1858.
Traffic	$2,434,878 50	$2,283,944 57	$1,976,578 52
Work'g Expenses	1,444,546 19	1,791,231 14	1,419,954 80
Balance	$990,332 40	$502,733 43	$556,623 72

	1859.	1860.
Traffic	$2,114,448 98	$2,721,590 94
Working expenses	1,489,579 52	1,693,403 30
Balance	$624,869 46	$1,028,187 64

Annexed is a statement of the amount of coal transported over the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for the last week:

	Week. Tons. Cwt.	Year. Tons. Cwt.
Shipped North	5,208.04	51,169.00
Shipped South	15,784.04	165,490.19
Total	20,992.08	216,659.19

For corresponding time last year:

	Week. Tons. Cwt.	Year. Tons. Cwt.
Shipped North	2,590.16	33,727.14
Shipped South	13,386.19	173,643.19
Total	15,977.15	207,371.13

The following are the latest mail quotations for Exchange on New-York received by Mr. J. T. VAN VLECK, No. 4 Broad street, New-York:

April 9	Philadelphia	par.
April 9	Boston	par.
		Premium.
April 3	New-Orleans	⅜@ ⅞
April 3	Mobile	⅜@ ⅞
April 9	Baltimore	par.@1-10
April 9	Washington	⅛@ ⅜
April 6	Charleston	3 @ 3½
April 8	Richmond	3½@ 4
April 8	Petersburgh	3½@ 4
April 6	Norfolk	4½@ 4½
April 6	Augusta	3 @ 3½
April 6	Savannah	2½@ 3
April 6	Chicago	4 @ 4½
April 6	Milwaukee	4 @ 4½
April 9	Cleveland	⅝@ ⅞
April 6	St. Louis	3 @ 3½
April 6	Louisville	⅜@ ¾
April 8	Detroit	1 @ 1¼
April 8	Cincinnati	⅜@ ¾
April 9	Pittsburgh	¾@ 1
April 6	Peoria, Ill.	4 @ 4½
April 1	Galveston, Texas	1 @ 1½
April 6	Niles, Mich.	5 @ 5½
April 8	Adrian, Mich.	1½@ 2
April 5	Yorkville, S. C.	3½@ 4
April 8	Janesville, Ohio	1 @ 1½
April 6	Nashville, Tenn	2 @ 2½
April 5	Madison, Wis.	5 @ 5½

The following are Messrs. THOMPSON BROTHERS' quotations for Currency and Specie to-day:

	Dis.		Dis.
New-England	2-10@—	South Carolina	6 @10
East Jersey	2-10@—	Georgia	5½@ 6
New-York State	3 10@—	Mobile	4 @—
Philadelphia	⅛@—	Tennessee	4 @ 5
Baltimore	⅛@—	Ohio, Ind. & Ky	⅝@ 1
Interior Penn	⅞@ 1	Missouri	4 @ 5
Int. Maryland	1 @—	Illinois & Wiscon'n	10 @25
West Jersey	⅜@—	New-Orleans	2 @ 3
Virginia	5 @ 6	Michigan	1½@—
North Carolina	6 @ 7	Canada	⅝@ ¾

SPECIE.

Silver.			
Mexican Dols	$1 03@1 04	Old Am.Qr.Dols.	$1 01@ —
Spanish Dols	1 08@ —	Span.Silver Dox.	1 20@ —
		Gold.	
Five-franc pieces	95@ —	Sovereigns	4 80@4 82
French Crowns	1 06@ —	Twenty Francs	3 83@ —
German Crowns	1 06@ —	Ten-thaler pieces	7 83@ —
Prussian Thalers	70@ —	Ten-guilder pcs.	3 98@ —
Guilders	39@ —	Span. Doubloons.	16 00@16 25
English Silver	4 70@4 80	Patriot Doubl'ns.	15 40@15 60
Species	1 06@ —	Gold—Am. Old..	6c. prem.
Old Am. Hlf. Dols.	1 02@1 03		
Bank of England Notes	4 70@4 80		
Bank of France Notes	17c. per franc		

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, April 10.

Stocks heavy. Pennsylvania State Fives, 87½; Reading Railroad, 19⅜; Morris Canal, 50; Long Island Railroad, 10; Pennsylvania Railroad, 52⅜. Sight Exchange on New-York at par@1-10 ⅌ cent. discount.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 10, 1861—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been: 14 bbls. Ashes, 12,938 bbls. Flour, 8,624 bushels Wheat, 8,948 bushels Corn, 946 bushels Barley, 1,860 bushels Oats, 644 pkgs. Provisions, and 193 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are in demand, including Pots at $5 31¼, and Pearls at $5 31¼ ⅌ 100 ℔s. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse, this morning, 350 bbls., including [illegible] bbls. Pots and 71 bbls. Pearls.

COTTON—Is in limited request, and is heavy, including Middling Uplands at 12½c., and other grades at proportionate rates, ⅌ ℔. Sales 800 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand has been active, to-day, for desirable lots of State and Western Flour, chiefly for export, and though prices are not quotably higher, they are decidedly firmer, especially for extra State and round-hoop extra Ohio, which brands have been in most favor with buyers. The reported sales since our last reach 23,500 bbls., including superfine State at $5 15@$5 25; ordinary to choice Extra State at $5 30@$5 50, mainly at $5 35@$5 40; Superfine Western at $5 10@$5 25; Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois at $5 35@$6 15; Extra Indiana and Michigan at $5 40@$6 30; inferior Extra Ohio at $5 50@$5 55; round hoop Extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 60@$5 70, mainly at $5 60@$5 65 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State	$5 15	@$5 25
Extra State	5 30	@ 5 50
Superfine Western	5 10	@ 5 25
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois..	5 35	@ 6 15
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 40	@ 6 30
Inferior Extra Ohio	5 50	@ 5 55
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping bds.	5 60	@ 5 70
Extra Ohio, trade brands	5 75	@ 7 15
Fancy Genesee	5 55	@ 5 70
Extra Genesee	5 75	@ 7 25
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	5 75	@ 7 25

Southern Flour is in demand and is steady; sales 1,300 bbls., at $5 30@$5 65 for very poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $5 70@$7 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is in fair request, including inferior to very choice extra at $5 35@$7 50 ⅌ bbl.; sales 1,300 bbls. Rye Flour continues quiet, $3 30@$4 10 for fine and superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is selling at $2 75@$2 80 for Jersey; and $3 10@$3 15 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been freely offered and purchased, to-day, at essentially unchanged prices. The inquiry has been mainly for lots wanted by shippers. Sales have been reported of 84,000 bushels, including White Canada, on private terms; Canada Club, at $1 29; White Western at $1 45@$1 60, chiefly at $1 45@$1 50; Red Western, in store and delivered, at $1 37@$1 39; Amber Wisconsin, on private terms; Milwaukee Club, in store, afloat and delivered, at $1 29@$1 32; Northwestern Club at $1 28; Chicago Spring, $1 23½@$1 27; and choice White Kentucky, at $1 63@$1 65 ⅌ bushel. Corn has been in fair demand at uniform quotations. We have heard of sales of 58,000 bushels, at 61½c.@62½c. for new mixed Western, from railroad depôt, and delivered; 66c.@67½c., for old do., in store and delivered; 64 for new yellow Jersey; 63c.@64c. for new Yellow Western; 66c.@67c. for Yellow Southern, and 68c.@70c. for White Southern, ⅌ bushel. Rye continues in demand at 68c.@69c. ⅌ bushel; sales 1,000 bushels. Barley has been quiet at previous prices; sales 1,500 bushels Canada West at 78c. @ bushel. Oats are in good request, including Canada, at 33c.@34½c.; Western at 33½c.@34½c.; and State, 34½c.@35½c. ⅌ bushel.

HAY—Sales 600 bales North River at 75c.@80c. ⅌ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—New are very quiet, at 15c.@23c. ⅌ ℔.

IRON—The demand has been very moderate, and mainly for Scotch Pig, within a range of from $20 25@$22 25, according to brand, ⅌ ton, usual credit.

METALS—Have been inactive to-day, at former figures.

MOLASSES—Sales 33 hhds. Porto Rico, at 31½c.; 56 hhds do. do., (by auction,) at 30c.; and a small lot of clayed Cuba, inferior, at 19½c., ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Tar and Turpentine are unchanged. Resin is in demand, including common at $1 27@$1 30 ⅌ 310 ℔s.

OILS—Transactions have been limited in all descriptions at our quotations: Crude Sperm at $1 40@$1 44; unbleached Sperm at $1 50@$1 62½; Crude Whale at 42c.@46c.; bleached Whale, 58c.@63c.; Olive, $1 10@$1 20; Red Oil, 52c.; Lard Oil, 95c.@$1 05; Linseed Oil, 60c @61c.; Crude Cotton Seed, 53c., ⅌ gallon; Palm Oil, 8¼c.@8½c.; Tallow Oil, 8½c.@8¾c., ⅌ ℔.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been purchased to the extent of only 220 bbls, at $17 37½@$17 50 for Mess, and $12 75@$13 for Prime, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats have been quiet, at 8½c.@8¾c. for Hams, and 6½c.@6⅝c. for Shoulders, ⅌ ℔. Lard is unchanged; 1,100 tcs. and bbls. were disposed of at 9½c.@10¼c. ⅌ ℔. Beef is in good demand and is firm; sales 500 bbls at $10@$11 for extra Mess, $8 50@$9 87 for repacked Western Mess, and $5 75@$6 25 for Country Mess, ⅌ bbl. Beef Hams, $13@$15 50 ⅌ bbl. Butter continues quiet at 10c.@15c. for Western, and 14c.@19c. for State, ⅌ ℔. Cheese is in request at 7½c.@10c. ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales 500 bbls., at 18c.@18¼c. ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—A moderate business was reported, to-day, at our quotations: For Liverpool—Flour, 2s. 9d.@2s. 10½d. ⅌ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 9½d.@10d.; Corn, 9½d.@9¾d. ⅌ bush; Cotton, 3-16d.@7-32d. ⅌ ℔.; Resin. 3s. 6d. ⅌ 310 ℔s.; Pork, 4s. ⅌ bbl.; Cheese, Lard and Bacon 32s. 6d.; Tallow, 30s. 32s. 6d.; Wood, 35s. ⅌ ton. For Glasgow—Flour, 3s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 10d.@11d. ⅌ bushel; Resin 4s. ⅌ bbl.; Bacon and Lard, 40s. ⅌ ton. For London—Flour, 3s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 10½d.@11½d. ⅌ bushel; Resin, 3s. 9d.@4s.; Pork, 4s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; Beef, 8s. 6d. ⅌ tierce; and Bacon and Lard, 37s. 6d.@40s.; Cheese, 40s.; Tallow, 35s. ⅌ ton. For Cork and a market, Corn, (20,000 bushels,) in bulk, at 12½d. ⅌ bushel. For Bristol, Resin, (500 bbls.,) at 4s. For Havre, Flour, (600 bbls.,) at 90c. ⅌ bbl., and Wheat, (5,500 bushels,) in shipper's bags, at 20c. ⅌ bushel. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: A ship, 1,649 tons, from Philadelphia to London, at about 4s. for Flour, and 12d. for Wheat, in shipper's bags; a bark, 487 tons, from Philadelphia to Cork and a market. Wheat or Corn, 14½d., in bulk and bags; a ship, 748 tons, now at Norfolk, bound to Liverpool. from Bic to London, Deals, £4 5s.; one, 708 tons, to Cronstadt, $2,000; a schooner, 129 tons, to Rio Grande and back, $3,000; 121 tons, to Savanilla, Baracoa and back, $1,100; a brig, 283 tons, to St. Jago and back, and one, 255 tons, to North side Cuba and back, Sugar, 40c., and Molasses, $3; a schooner, 316 tons, to Havana $1,450; a bark, 305 tons, from Sagua to New-York, Sugar, $6; a bark, to Cape Town, C. G. H.; a brig, 255 tons, to Cadiz; a schooner, 246 tons, to a port in the Mediterranean and back; one, 100 tons, to Baracoa and back; a brig, 269 tons, to Havana and back from a port on the North side Cuba, and a brig, 197 tons, to the windward, on private terms.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 10, 1861.

With the exception of sheep, the Live Stock markets have been abundantly supplied during the past week. Lent being over the demand for meat is greater, but, excepting the single item of mutton, this demand has been fully met. In beeves there is an increase of 375. The market commenced at Bergen about as it terminated last week, and has kept an even thing right through until all the cattle were disposed of. Last week's quotations answer very well for this week....Milch cows are selling slowly, worse than at any former time during the past year. The sales' pens are full to overflowing, with almost no demand....Veal calves also sell slowly at a decline of fully ½c. ⅌ ℔. from last week. They range from 3c.@6c. ⅌ ℔., live weight, except for "kittens," which sell for about $10 ⅌ dozen. The Meat Inspectors will probably fall in with more of this class....Sheep are worth 25c. ⅌ head more than last week, if of equal quality. Many of them are shorn, and quite a proportion are poor, thin sheep. The supply is light, and the demand active. Stock all sold....Live hogs are in excess of the wants of buyers, and prices are tending downward, with a surplus on hand.

The following figures, carefully compiled from our former reports, and from statistics gathered at all the City yards, including the cattle sold direct to butchers at Bergen, give a comparative view of the past market supplies and show the

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF LIVE STOCK AT ALL THE NEW-YORK CITY MARKETS FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 9:

	Beeves.	Milch Cows.	Veals.	Sheep.	Swine.
This week	4,372	108	682	4,583	9,134
Previous week	3,745	147	890	7,851	8,002
Same week last year	3,768	155	1,077	4,498	4,222

Weekly average of beeves for 1860....4,360
Weekly average of beeves for 1859....3,950
Weekly average of beeves for 1858....3,676
Weekly average of beeves for 1857....3,143

Total number of live animals of all kinds received during the past week at the New-York City yards, 18,879. Total number received the previous week, 20,639, being a decrease of 1,760 sheep and calves. There was an increase of beeves and hogs.

Of the 4,372 fresh bullocks received during this week, 3,607 were taken to the Washington Yards, Forty-fourth-street; 600 were sold at the Bergen yards, at the terminus of the Erie Railroad; 106 were yarded at BROWNING'S, 31 at O'BRIEN'S, on Sixth-street, 28 at CHAMBERLIN'S yards on Robinson-street.

The 3,607 beeves yarded at Forty-fourth-street came in by the following routes: Erie Railroad, 935; Hudson River Railroad, 1,318; Camden and Amboy Railroad, 392; New-Jersey Central Railroad, 452; Harlem Railroad, 247; on foot, —; Hudson River boats, 263.

Of the 3,607 bullocks yarded at Forty-fourth-street, this week, so far as we could ascertain their origin, 228 head came from New-York, 1,596 from Illinois, 893 from Ohio, 216 from Indiana, 354 from Iowa, 106 from Michigan, 199 from Missouri, 15 from Pennsylvania.

CATTLE MARKET YESTERDAY AND TO-DAY.

After sales of some 600 bullocks at Bergen Hill, on Monday, the Market opened at Forty-fourth-street, with 3,500 head—afterwards increased to 3,600—and sales began at the closing rates of last week, or perhaps a little lower on good cattle, and as much higher on poor stock. The market was a very even one during the two days, and all the cattle were disposed of with but little briskness at any time.

Taking the average of this week's sales, and setting down those of last week for comparison, we have the following:

	This Week.	Last Week.
Premium	None.	None.
First quality	9c. @ 9½c.	9c. @ 9½c.
Medium to good	8c. @ 8¾c.	8c. @ 8½c.
Poor quality	7c. @ 7½c.	7c. @ 7½c.
Poorest quality	6c. @ 6½c.	5½c.@ 6½c.
General selling prices..	7c. @ 8½c.	7c. @ 8½c.
Average of all sales	— @ 7¾c.	7½c.@ —

In quality the stock was rather better than one week ago. There was a good show of fat 7½ cwt. steers, such as butchers had to pay 8½c.@9c. for—not a large number at the latter price. We have not varied our quotations, offsetting the very slight decline estimated by some of the brokers against the better quality, which, in reality, made the market favorable to butchers. We noticed an increased number of country butchers in the yards, showing that the demand for beef is beginning to spread, and as the season of Lent is now over, more cattle will be wanted. Some of the dealers are counting upon good markets in May and June, and quite likely will be the case. A few, in accordance with the old adage of an "ill wind that blows nobody good," are anticipating the war-cloud to settle upon our country, and as soldiers must be fed, and as mess beef constitutes a large portion of the soldier's fare, the demand for beef will increase and prices advance. We will hope, however, that a peaceful solution of our national troubles shall dispel this war-cloud, and restore business of all kinds to the ordinary channels.

The following notes of particular lots, embracing all classes, will convey an idea of the various transactions extending through the entire market:

J. C. HOAG & BRO. sold 80 Indiana corn-fed steers and oxen, of pretty good flesh, for E. M. IRVIN, rated 7 cwt., and run out at 7c.@9c.

H. BARNES had 48 Illinois cattle, fed by S. DUNLAP, Morgan County. They were a good fat lot, weighing 1,385 at home. They were owned by F. G. FARRELL. Mr. BARNES run out the tops for 9c., and so down to 7½c. The freight and commission for selling amounted to $16 ⅌ head.

I. BUDLONG sold 31 bulls for BRIDENBAKER. They were distillery-fed State bulls, of 6¾ cwt., which run out at $85 each, or 6½c. They had been well fed.

T. C. EASTMAN had 45 Illinois steers, for J. DALBEY. They were a medium lot or rather above the average of 7½cwt., and brought 8½c. Also for Major SMITH, 53 Illinois steers, with a few oxen of 8 cwt., good fair cattle, and run out at 8½c.

J. A. MERRITT, for ALEXANDER & FITCH, 105 pretty decent Illinois cattle, of 7¾cwt., which run out at 8c.@8½c.—very few near 9c.

C. G. TEED sold 64 Ohio steers for J. PERRILL—a rather coarse, clumsy lot of 8 cwt., at 8c.,@8½c.

H. HURD bought 57 Ohio and Illinois cattle at the yards, which he was selling at 7c.@8½c. They were an uneven lot, some rough and coarse, others nice straight steers.

MURRAY & GLOVER had 68 Indiana cattle, for MC CULLUM; fair 6¾ cwt. steers, and sold at close upon 8c. Also, 20 Missouri cattle, for D. BARNES—roughest stock, and brought 7½c.

H. MYERS sold for J. MCCULLUM 80 fair Indiana steers, of 7¼ cwt., at 7½c.@8½c., average 8c.

S. ULERY, for J. T. ALEXANDER, 119 pretty good Illinois cattle, of 7½ cwt., strong, at 8c.@9c. Average, 8¼c.

T. WHEELER, for J. PIATT, sold 88 common Illinois stock, of 7 cwt., at 8c @8½c.

C. W. CONGER sold for J. T. ALEXANDER 94 good fair Illinois steers, of 7¼ cwt., at 7½c.@9c.

B. BARTRAM had 102 of J. PERRILL'S good Ohio cattle, a little uneven, but a good selling lot, rated 7¾ cwt., and run out at $65 25 each, or 8½c.

J. H. WILLIAMS sold, on his own account, 41 Ohio cattle, bought of J. MOSS. They were fed by J. SHOAF, of Pickaway County, and were a choice drove, the best in market. Rated 9¼ cwt, and run out at 9c. Also, 54 Illinois steers, fed by I. WILLIAMS, fair lot, of 7½ cwt., and sold at 7½c.@8½c.

DOTY & HOFFMAN sold 60 Illinois cattle of good quality, for ASHBROOK & BATCHELOR, rated 8¾ cwt., and run out at 7½c.@9c.

WHITE & SON had 112 of the Alexander cattle. A fair lot of 7 cwt. Illinois steers, which averaged 8c. ⅌ ℔. They weighed 7 ℔s. ⅌ head, at home, more than the lot sold last week, and averaged $1 ⅌ head more than that lot.

T. BLOOMER sold 40 Missouri cattle for BUSH. They were a coarse lot of oxen and steers, uneven, but averaging about 7 cwt., and run out at 7c.@8c. They averaged a trifle over $56 each.

MILCH COWS.

At no time within a year past, at least, have fresh cows sold so slowly and at such low prices as during the past week. The sales pens are full, the accumulations of two months past, and there is next to no demand. Good cows were sold, with their calves, for $37 each, and very fair milkers, without their calves, at $30 each. Common cows sell at $20@$25 each. The best command but $40 per head, unless fancy or very extra. Very few sales have been made during the week, and it will take some time to work off all that are now here, some of which have been in the pens for months. It is hardly safe to make an offer for a cow, however low, unless one is prepared to take her.

VEAL CALVES.

All that has been said of cows above, and even more may be said of the calf trade. Not that the receipts have been so large, but that there is no demand, or at least a very light one. Excepting for a few choice calves turned out to customers at 6c., the prices for good stock were 4½c.@5½c., and for medium calves, 3c.@4c. A lot of very fair calves was sold at 4½c., and several other lots were—not sold at all. A lot of 10 bobs were offered for $10. They are not a safe kind of stock to have much to do with, as several fourth-class butchers have found after the Meat Inspectors had seized upon their stock in trade and sent it off to Barren Island with other offal. These seizures have had much to do with the dull trade in veals just now, indiscriminating persons condemning all calves from the reports of unhealthy veal, thus greatly lessening the demand for calves.

More calves come to the city than are now reported. The river boats bring down large numbers which are sold direct to butchers, and are not accounted for in the receipts.

SHEEP.

The falling off in receipts (3,300 since last week) has affected prices and caused a pretty lively market. An advance of 25c. ⅌ head is noted. Nearly one half the stock is now sheared. If fat, and especially if fine-wooled, the owner gets more for the fleece and sheep separate; but if poor, so that the bones are very prominent after the fleece is removed, better not take the wool off. The difference ⅌ ℔. live weight, between shorn and unshorn sheep amounts to 1¼c.@1½c. Wool sheep are worth 5c.@6c., and even 6¼c. ⅌ ℔.; sheared sheep, 3½c.@5c.

BROWNING reports the following sheep for the week, viz: From New-York, 595, brought in, 174 by M. Graham; 40, J. N. Lawton; 149, S. B. Anderson; 149, J. W. Powers; 83, J. Underwood. From Maryland, 396 by S. Seibert. From Pennsylvania, 83 by P. Ivory. From Ohio, 133 by J. N. Thompson; 353, I. Vanatta; 401, Downing & Wells. From Indiana, 158 by J. H. Glass. From New-Jersey, 5 lambs by L. Bellis; 6 lambs by R. Bellis. Total, 2,130.

Sales of a portion of them are reported as follows:

WM. D. BELLIS sold:

59 New-Jersey sheep for L. Bellis	$334 00
83 Ohio sheep for A. C. W. Norton	347 50
469 Virginia sheep for S. Seibert	1,395 50
133 Ohio sheep for J. R. Thompson	795 00
272 Ohio sheep for I. Vanatta	1,123 97
5 New-Jersey lambs for E. L. Abbott	22 00
5 New-Jersey lambs for L. Bellis	30 00
966	$4,050 97

Average, $4 20 ⅌ head. Several lots were sheared, and sold at low prices.

R. H. HUME sold:

174 sheep, at	$742 55	314 sheep, at	$1,470 61
40 sheep, at	152 00	383 sheep, at	1,298 00
141 sheep, at	846 00	89 sheep, at	400 50
148 sheep, at	724 50		
Total	1,289		$5,834 16

Average, $4 53 each. The lots of 40 and 383 were sheared sheep.

ALLERTON gives receipts of 410 sheared sheep, all of which were disposed of at prices varying from 3½c. to 5c. ⅌ ℔., weighed alive.

E. SHERMAN sold 26 head of 120 ℔s. each at 5c.; 40 light, poor sheep at $2 62 each, and 50 at 5c.

CHAMBERLIN gives receipts of 1,374 sheep, sold as follows by Messrs. KASE & MCPHERSON, JUDD & BUCKINGHAM, A. VAN WERT, W. S. CHAMBERLIN, and owners:

145 sheep.	$3 50	$157 50	81 sheep.	$5 50	$445 50
157 sheep.	5 56¼	873 31	38 sheep.	8 00	304 00
100 sheep.	4 68¾	468 75	200 sheep.	4 20	840 00
158 sheep.	5 00	790 00	150 sheep.	3 75	565 50
110 sheep.	3 04	334 40	60 sheep.	4 75	285 00
80 sheep.	6 00	480 00	90 sheep.	6 20	558 00
75 sheep.	5 75	431 25	30 sheep.	4 25	127 50

GEORGE F. DERBY & Co. report sales of

171 New-York sheep for Jones & Teagle	$711 25
83 New-York sheep for J. Underwood	373 50
146 New-York sheep for P. Andrews	635 50
158 Indiana sheep for J. W. Glass	651 75
558	$2,372 00

Average $4 25 per head.

MCGRAW & O'BRIEN received from New-York 193 sheep by N. V. Wright, 201 J. Carroll; 23, D. Miller; 143, E. Hunt. From Massachusetts 59 by W. Stoddard, 59 by W. Dewey. Total, 669.

Sales are given as follows:

181 sheep at	$863 00	30 sheep at	$183 66
45 sheep at	294 36	195 sheep at	926 25
187 sheep at	865 00	84 sheep at	609 00
152 sheep at	783 12		
23 sheep at	94 87	1,237	$6,099 81
340 sheep at	1,460 55		

Average $ 93 per head.

The first lot of 45 were sheared sheep, and brought 4c. ⅌ ℔. The 110 were also shorn.

SWINE.

The hog market is dull, owing mainly to large arrivals. For the past week over 9,000 have been received, and, although license is now granted a large class of citizens to eat meat, still the supply is quite too large, and prices are inclining downward, low as they have previously been, with a surplus on hand. The present is a favorable time for farmers and others to buy up a stock for Summer feeding.

G. W. DORMAN, Commission Broker at the Fortieth-street Yards, reports prices, for the current week, as follows:

	Live.	Dressed.
Corn Hogs—Prime	5⅜c.@5½c.	6⅝c.@6⅞c.
Corn Hogs—Medium	5c. @5¼c.	6½c.@6¾c.
Corn Hogs—Light and fat	5¼c.@5⅜c.	6¾c.@7c.
Still Hogs	4⅞c.@4⅝c.	5⅝c.@5⅞c.

Market overstocked, and hogs selling slow, with a downward tendency.

HORSE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 10, 1861.

There remained unsold at the beginning of the week in the Twenty-fourth-street Stables, 933 head, of all kinds. Good first-class coach teams sold at $800 to $1,000 ⅌ pair; second class, $500@$650 ⅌ pair. Good road pairs, not fast, sold for $400@$500 ⅌ pair. Several of this kind of horses sold this week. There has been more inquiry for good single drivers: First class, without speed, sold for $275@$350 each; second class, $200@$250; lower grades, $175@$200 each. Some inquiry for saddle horses; but few sold at $200@$225 each. First-class draft horses sold slow at $200@$225; for second class, $150@$175—quite a number of this kind of stock on hand. Railroad and omnibus horses sold slowly at last week's prices: $100@$110 each for first class; $80@$90 for second class. A small lot of shipper's sold this morning at $80 to $105 each. Quite a number of low-priced horses have been sold for farming purposes, at $75 to $100 each, or $200@$250 ⅌ pair. The number sold this week amounts to 216 head, leaving on hand this evening, 826 head. But few arrivals this week of common stock. We noticed at POST & NICHOLS' 2 very fine lots this State horses; also, at CARPENTER'S, a good lot. GOULD'S New-York Sale Stable, Forty-third-street, reports 38 head on hand and sold. Work horses are a shade lower than any week this season. First-class coach horses hold their own.

CEPHALIC PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE!

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE NERVOUS HEADACHE!

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE ALL KINDS OF HEADACHE!

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented, and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowles—removing *Costiveness*.

For *Literary Men, Students*, Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system, or from a deranged state of the *stomach*.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of HENRY C. SPALDING on each box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A box will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

THE FOLLOWING INDORSEMENTS OF SPALDINGS CEPHALIC PILLS WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM HEADACHE THAT A SPEEDY AND SURE CURE IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these testimonials are unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly Scientific Discovery.

MASONVILLE, Conn., Feb. 5, 1861.

Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more. Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the pills by mail, and oblige,
Your ob't servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, Penn., Feb. 6, 1861.

Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, Huntingdon Co., Penn., Jan. 18, 1861.

H. C. SPALDING,
SIR:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—I have used one box of your pills and find them *excellent*.

BELLE VERNON, Ohio, Jan. 15, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.:
Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best pills I have ever tried.*
Direct
A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandotte Co., Ohio.

BEVERLEY, Mass., Dec. 11, 1860.

H. C. SPALDING, Esq.:
I wish for some circulars or large show-bills to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind please send to me. One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days) was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURGH, Franklin, Co., Ohio, Jan. 9, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., New-York,
DEAR SIR:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send a box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsburgh, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure headache almost *instanter*.
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, Mich., Jan. 14, 1861.

Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz.: Cure of Headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the Headache, send for a box (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkable effectual remedy for the Headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western Railroad Gazette, Chicago, Ill.
We heartily indorse Mr. Spalding and his unrivaled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawaha Valley Star, Kanawaha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the Headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path-Finder, New-Orleans, La.
Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

From the St. Louis Democrat.
The immense demand for the article, (Cephalic Pills,) is rapidly increasing.

From the Gazette, Davenport, Iowa.
Mr. Spalding would not connect his name with an article he did not know to possess real merit.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The testimony in their favor is strong, from the most respectable quarters.

From the Daily News, Newport, R.I.
Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all kinds.

From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, Mass.
Said to be efficacious for the Headache.

From the Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Suffering humanity can now be relieved.

A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N. B.—A brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.

Address,
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

CAUTION!

As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting [illegible] PREPARED GLUE, I would [illegible] amine before purchasing [illegible] SPALDING'S [illegible] is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits.

DRY GOODS.

MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS.

We invite the attention of wholesale buyers to our Spring Styles of

MANTILLAS, GARIBALDIS, PALETOTS, &c.,

in cloth, silk and lace goods, which are entirely new in shapes and patterns. Also new and desirable

SPRING SHAWLS,

from auction, at extremely low prices.

E. S. MILLS & CO.,
Nos. 342 and 344 Broadway, New-York.

NEW SPRING CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway,
HAVE NOW OPENED
THEIR NEW STYLES SPRING GARMENTS,
In BLACK SILK and CLOTHS,
And INVITE THE SPECIAL ATTENTION
OF THE LADIES THERETO.

359. WINDOW SHADES.
NEW PATTERNS.
GOLD,
BUFF HOLLAND,
WHITE HOLLAND,
359. NEW STYLES FIXTURES.
KELTY, BROADWAY.

SWISS LACE CURTAINS,
NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
MUSLIN CURTAINS.
Also, all kinds of CURTAIN MATERIALS at less than cost of importation.
359. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
BROADWAY.

NEW SPRING SILKS,
SOLD AT GREAT REDUCTION,
By BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 BROADWAY.
GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED!
In BLACK AND FANCY SILKS.

SPRING PARIS FLOWERS,
FEATHERS AND BRIDAL SETS,
GARNITURES AND VEILS.
JAMES TUCKER, No. 759 Broadway.

361 BROADWAY. **361**

FOR FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY!

LADIES, your especial attention is invited to a MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF SEASONABLE SILK and LACE MANTILLAS, Of the Latest Paris Styles, Designed by a celebrated French artiste. All fresh Goods, which will be opened on WEDNESDAY NEXT, April 10th, and WILL BE SOLD AT RETAIL for FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY, as the store can be had no longer. 5,000 GARMENTS WILL BE SOLD at prices that will command attention. The price will be marked on every article in figures, and there will be no deviation. BEST STYLES! BEST ASSORTMENT! BEST GOODS! To be found in the City.

361 BROADWAY. **361**

SPRING FASHIONS.
NOW OPEN,
A LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE STOCK
OF
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
IN ALL
THE LEADING STYLES INTRODUCED THIS SEASON,
AND
AT UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.
Ladies please call and examine our garments before purchasing.
W. K. PEYTON,
Cloak, Shawl and Mantilla Manufacturer,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

SPRING CLOAKS!!! MANTILLAS!!!
choice variety of novelties in
CLOTH AND SILK.
ALSO,
A complete assortment of
LADIES' FRENCH SHOES.
At KENDALL'S,
No. 663 Broadway,
above Union-square.

FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, No. 653 BROADWAY.

FINE APPLE DRESS GOODS, Plaid, Checked, Striped. SUMMER Wash Silks, Plaid and Checked, Wide. SEERSUCKERS, Nankeens, Pongees, Hdkfs, Grapes. FINE APPLE for Summer Bonnets, all colors. PLAIN and PLAID Black Pineapple, for Dresses, &c. ALSO, GOODS not to be procured elsewhere, French and China FANS, American Indian Curiosities.

AT CUSHMAN'S—6TH-AV., CORNER 28TH-ST.—Just received an invoice of New Ribbons, Paris Flowers, Ruches, Dress Linings, Embroideries, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, Linen Bosoms, Linen Hdkf's, all kinds White Goods, bleached and brown Muslins, Dress Linings, Straw Bonnets and Lining Silks, Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Ladies' ready-made under Linen, all kinds small Wares, Gents' Furnishing Goods. We do sell choice goods very cheap.

TEACHERS.

AS TEACHER.—A LADY OF EXPERIENCE desires a situation as teacher or principal of a school, or as governess in a family; a French family preferred; no objection to travel; her course of instruction includes music, French, painting, drawing, the common and higher English branches; unquestionable City reference given. Address A. J., No. 247 Washington-st., Brooklyn.

TRAVELING TUTOR.—A GENTLEMAN, WHO intends starting on his ninth tour of Europe (with three young gentlemen) on the 20th inst., returning in September following, desires one more to complete the number. Reference will be given to those who accompanied the advertiser last Summer. Address W. H. SINCLAIR, No. 3 West Washington-place, New-York.

AS GOVERNESS OR HOUSEKEEPER.—Wanted, by a highly respectable young lady, (American,) a situation as governess for young children, or housekeeper, or would go as companion to a lady; best of City reference given; wages not so much an object as a good home. Can be seen at No. 2 East 23d st., near Broadway.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG AMERICAN PERSON wishes a situation to teach a small school in the country, or as governess in a private family; she is fully competent to teach the English branches. References exchanged. Address W. W., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

A TEACHER.—WANTED, IN A YOUNG LADIES' Boarding-School, a few miles from the City of New-York, a resident (female) teacher of Music. Address, stating name, address and references, A. B., Box No. 126 Post-office, Yonkers, N. Y.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG LADY THOROUGHLY competent to teach the French Language and all the English Branches, wishes a situation as teacher in some Seminary, in or near the City. Address L. M., Station A, Post-office.

INSTRUCTION.—A LADY, WHO IS AN EXPERIENCED teacher of the English branches, music and French, would like a few more pupils to be taught at their own houses. Apply to Miss S., Teacher, No. 230 West 19th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

A LADY WOULD LIKE A SITUATION in or near the city, in a family, to teach the usual branches of an accomplished education, including Music, French, Drawing and Painting. Call at No. 280 Pearl-st., Brooklyn, for one week. References given.

AS GOVERNESS.—A LADY WISHES A REENGAGEMENT in a family where the children are under 12 years; can teach French, music, and ordinary branches of English. Call at, or address, any day this week, Miss S., No. 94 St. Mark's place, basement door.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG MAN OF THOROUGH education wishes to give instruction to private pupils in the English branches and mathematics. Terms moderate and the best of references given. Address H. W., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

A GOVERNESS.—WANTED, AT 1½ HOURS from New-York, by railway, a Governess for three children. Address L. R. S., Box No. 109 *Times* Office, giving name and address. References exchanged.

AS GOVERNESS.—WANTED, BY A LADY, A situation as resident governess in a family, or would accept of daily tuition. Address GOVERNESS, Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNDER THE NEW PATENT-LAW AMENDMENT Act the subscriber will make application for $40, and file caveats for $15 to $30, Government fees included. Appeals, Reissues, Interferences, Extensions, and the more difficult and complicated class of Patent cases conducted as usual. Also, through responsible agents, in the different capitals of Europe, Patents of Invention or of Importation procured. Also, Extensions, Prolongations, Fees and Annuities paid, Assignments made, and the whole round of foreign Patent business conducted. JOSEPH P. PIRSSON, No. 5 Wall-st.

CLAIMS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS ON any of the Federal Departments, before Congress or the Court of Claims, or against any foreign government; and debts, legacies, inheritances, &c., in the United States, as well as foreign countries, efficiently prosecuted and recovered, by the undersigned, Counsellor of the Supreme Court of the United States and Consul General of Ecuador. AARON H. PALMER.
WASHINGTON, Feb., 1861.

DENSMORE'S PATENT PADDLE-WHEEL.— For the information of those wishing to communicate with the undersigned concerning the improved feathering paddle-wheel, he requests all letters or applications addressed to him as follows: B. DENSMORE, care of Barclay & Livingston, No. 24 Beaver-st., New-York.

OIL-PAINTINGS TO EXCHANGE FOR A PIANO-FORTE, CARPETINGS, &c.—An artist having on hand a number of pictures of local subjects, desires to deal liberally with any persons having on hand either of the above articles. Address H. H., Station B Post-office.

WASHING WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes the washing of gentlemen and ladies, or family washing; can give the best of City reference; is willing to go for the washing, and carry it home. Satisfaction will be given by calling at No. 73 West 19th-st., in the rear, second floor.

BARGE WANTED—IN GOOD CONDITION, about 60 feet long, for carrying freight. Address P. T. O., Box No. 630 Post-office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—FIVE BRUSSELS TAPESTRY carpets, each about 22 feet square, and only a few months in use. For sale cheap, at No. 245 Water-st.

MILITARY EQUIPMENTS MANUFACTURED at wholesale by F. STEVENS, No. 215 Pearl-st.

STATIONERY.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
No. 45 Maiden-lane.
Every style of Blank Books, Paper and Stationery, for business, professional or private use, at lowest prices. Job Printing, Lithographic work and Bookbinding. Orders respectfully solicited.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS, consisting of back parlor and two large rooms on second floor, with closets and bedrooms, can be had at No. 138 East Broadway. Gentlemen and their wives preferred. No objection to children.

BOARDING.—A LARGE AND HANDSOME front room on the second floor, with bedroom adjoining, to let, furnished or unfurnished, with board, suitable for a gentleman and wife, or a party of gentlemen, as a third room can be added, if desired. Unexceptionable reference given and required. Apply at No. 104 3d-av.

BOARDING.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, SINGLE or in suites, with board, in a first-class house in 28th-st., between Madison and 5th avs. Parties willing to pay a liberal price will find superior accommodations. Persons of religious or strictly moral habits preferred. Apply at No. 163 Lexington av., between 31st and 32d sts.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR two single gentlemen can obtain a pleasant front room and board, with a private family, at No. 24 West 27th-st. Unexceptionable references required.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, or two or three single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board, in a small private family, at No. 60 Prince-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH FULL or partial board, suitable for a gentleman and wife, or two or three gentlemen, at No. 155 Hudson-st., opposite St. John's Park. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—AT NO. 23 WASHINGTON-PLACE. —A suite of rooms on second floor, fronting Washington-place, with full board. Also, rooms for gentlemen, with or without board.

BOARDING.—A FAMILY DESIROUS OF OBTAINING board, with fine suite of rooms, in a first-class house, located near Union-square, will address R. S., Box No. 112, *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 58 East 16th-st., has to let, with board, a parlor and bed-room on the second floor, and a large room on the third floor.

BOARDING.—A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY OR A few single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and furnished rooms, at No. 46 Baldwin-st., Newark, N. J.

BOARDING.—A LARGE AND PLEASANT ROOM with bedroom attached, on the second story, delightfully situated, facing Union-square, can now be had, if applied for soon, at No. 48 Union-square.

BOARDING.—AT NO 33 CLINTON-PLACE, NEAR Broadway; suites of rooms for families or a party of gentlemen; first-class house and good board; also, single rooms. Terms reasonable. Stages pass the door.

BOARDING.—FOUR OR FIVE PERSONS CAN be accommodated with board at a farm house on the Harlem Railroad. For particulars, inquire of D. T. MARSHALL, No. 388 Broadway.

BOARDING.—PARLOR AND BEDROOMS ADJOINING, on the third floor, to let with board, at No. 40 West 16th-st.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, (dinner at 6,) at No. 225 West 22d-st., fourth door west of 8th-av.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMILY wish to let with board, a front parlor and bedroom on the second floor, and one or two rooms on the third floor, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen. The house has gas, baths, &c. Inquire at No. 186½ Adams-st., Brooklyn.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A CHOICE OF rooms to let with board suitable for a family; the house is pleasantly located, convenient to Wall-st. or Fulton ferries. Apply at No. 87 Henry st. References exchanged.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A gentleman and wife and two or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms, with a small family, by applying at No. 13 Poplar-st., near Fulton ferry. Terms reasonable.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.— Handsomely furnished rooms may be obtained with board in one of the most desirable locations in Brooklyn, within five minutes of Wall and Fulton ferries. Reference required. Apply at No. 102 Henry-st.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS FOR the Summer.—A large front parlor on first floor, with pantry attached, is now vacant at No. 63 Columbia-st.; other rooms can be engaged from the first of May.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.— Pleasant suites of rooms for families, or for single gentlemen, also a handsome front parlor on first floor. Apply at No. 11 Monroe-place. References exchanged.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.— Pleasant rooms for families or single gentlemen. No. 75 Montague-place, corner of Henry. Best of reference given and required. Only 5 minutes from Wall-st. Ferry.

BROOKLYN BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES board for himself, wife and child, in a private family. Would require two large rooms on second floor, unfurnished. Location to be near the City Hall. West side preferred; the accommodations to be first-class. Address, stating location, terms and size of rooms, (none other will be noticed,) MERCHANT, Brooklyn Post-office.

UNFURNISHED FRONT AND BACK ROOMS on the second floor, and furnished or unfurnished rooms on the third floor, with good board for gentlemen and their wives, with or without board for single gentlemen in the house No. 218 East Broadway, corner Clinton-st. None but respectable parties, and those who can appreciate neatness and comfort, need apply.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WITHOUT children, residing in a pleasant location near New-York, would like to have one or two little girls to board, about the age of 9 and 12 years; they would receive the best of care. A note addressed to E. K., Box No. 146 *Times* Office, will meet with prompt attention.

NO. 46 WEST SIXTEENTH-STREET, between 5th and 6th avs.—A private French family have a handsomely furnished suite of rooms on second floor to let, together or separate, to gentlemen only, with or without breakfast; house first-class; terms moderate; references exchanged. No moving in May.

A FRONT PARLOR AND BEDROOM ON second floor handsomely furnished, to let to one or two single gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, without children; partial board, if required; no other boarders; gas, bath, &c. Reference exchanged. Apply at No. 64 Amity-st.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—PARTIAL BOARD for gentlemen at No. 37 Cranberry-st., between Willow and Columbia; a double front room on second floor, neatly furnished; water and gas; situation very pleasant; convenient to Wall-st. and Fulton ferries.

PRIVATE BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A front room, furnished or unfurnished, in a first-class house—location unsurpassed—to let, with board in a private family, to parties without children. Fulton-av., second door east from Franklin-av.

PRIVATE BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A large, richly-furnished front room in a very first-class house, pleasant location, good neighborhood, to let, with board, on moderate terms, No. 154 Union-st.; convenient to cars and ferries.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A SUITE of rooms, handsomely furnished, with private table, to a first-class family; two large parlors, with bedrooms, or more room if required. Apply at No. 286 4th-av., southwest corner 21st-st.

GENTLEMEN WANTING TWO NEAT UNFURNISHED front rooms adjoining, from the 1st of May, in a genteel location, will apply at No 104 Waverley-place, fourth door from Washington Parade Ground. Will be furnished if desired.

TO LET—A PARLOR HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, with velvet carpet, large pier glass, suite of rosewood furniture, and the use of a pearl-keyed piano worth $500, will be let cheap to one or two gentlemen at No. 200 Grand-st.

ROOMS TO RENT—TO GENTLEMEN ONLY, IN a strictly private family. House contains all the modern improvements; is pleasantly situated, No. 159 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Best of references given and required. No moving in May.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, HIS wife, and two sons, in a private family, (Episcopal preferred,) above 14th-st.; breakfast and tea only for the gentlemen, except on Sunday. Terms must be moderate. Address G., Box No. 1,594 Post-office.

WANTED—TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS WITH board for two persons. Location between 14th and 34th sts. west side of the City. Address stating terms, A. B. C., Box No. 1,990 General Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN in a private (religious preferred) family, between 3d and 4th avs., below 30th-st. Address F., Box No. 1,242 Post-office.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITE of front rooms may be obtained by a gentleman and wife without small children, at No. 42 West 19th st., between 5th and 6th avs.

NO. 72 TENTH-STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with board, can be obtained by respectable parties. Rooms single or in suites. Dinner at 6 P. M.

NOS. 11 AND 13 MURRAY HILL PARK, between 34th and 35th sts.—Most desirable furnished rooms for families and single gentlemen. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References exchanged.

TO LET—A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS ON the first floor, to one or two gentlemen, with breakfast, if required. Apply at No. 375 4th-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$100 PER MONTH MADE BY ANY ONE with stencil tools. For circular explaining the business, address JOHN MILLIKEN, Lawrence, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE.—INVESTMENT—THE STOCK, FIXTURES, &c., of an English ale and chop house—a rare chance. For particulars, apply at No. 48 Pine-st., Room No. 25.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL PACKAGES OF stationery and jewelry, at prices one-third less than can be purchased elsewhere. Call on or address (stamp inclosed,) J. L. BAILEY, 154 Court-st., Boston, Mass.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER RESORT—CROMWELL, NEAR MIDDLETOWN, Conn. Accommodations for select families on reasonable terms. House large, airy, elevated, with unequaled prospect. Address PROPRIETOR, Box No. 196 *Times* Office, who will remain several days in New-York with room plans for selection; or Box No. 70 Cromwell, Middlesex County, Conn.

HOTELS.

THE PLACE TO GET THE BEST GLASS of real BURTON ALE is the RAINBOW HOTEL. I ate the best plate of ENGLISH MUTTON there yesterday I ever ate. Mr. Smith says there is more coming expressly for the Rainbow, in every steamer, for the next two years EVERY DAY.

CLOTHING.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.—I have a large stock of ready-made clothing adapted to the coming season, new goods, and well made, to which I would invite the attention of cash and short time buyers. Linen coats, overalls, &c., cheap. N. A. KNAPP, No. 16 Cortlandt-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—AN AMERICAN WIDOW lady, of middle age, wishes a situation as housekeeper for some widower or single gentleman; the best of reference given. Address H. B., Box No. 135 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid by a competent Scotch girl. Can be seen at No. 259 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, and is willing to assist in the washing and ironing, or to take care of children. Good City reference can be given, and can be seen, for two days, at No. 17 West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A girl, a situation as chambermaid, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or as chambermaid and sewer; no objection to the country for the Summer months; over two years' reference from her last place. Inquire at No. 244 9th-st., first floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse and seamstress; City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 224 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable young Protestant girl, as chambermaid and waitress in a respectable family. She can produce the best of City references from last employer. Address No. 110 East 27th-st., 2d floor, front room, for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, by a neat, tidy girl, a situation in a small private family to do chamberwork and waiting, or to do chamberwork and assist with the washing and ironing; will be found willing and obliging, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 109 11th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., room No. 2 2d floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid in a first-class family; would not object to the care of grown children and do sewing; can produce two years' reference from her last employer. Call at No. 91 19th-st., second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— A situation wanted by a steady, deserving girl, to do chamberwork and waiting and assist in washing and ironing, or will do general housework in a small family; is a very neat, good-tempered and highly recommended girl. Apply, for two days, at Lefferts-st., second door from Classon-av., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR NURSE.—WANTED, a situation by a very respectable and tidy German girl to do chamberwork or to mind children. Call at No. 405 Broome-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND NURSE.—WANTED, by a young woman, a situation as chambermaid and nurse, or to assist with the washing and ironing. Apply, on Thursday, to No. 77 East 22d-st.—her last employer, from whom she can bring over three years' reference.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 20 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND NURSE.—A young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and nurse, or plain sewing. Can be seen at her present employers, where she has lived nearly three years. Call at 115 4th-av., between Charles and West 10th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a competent young woman as chambermaid and seamstress, or waitress to a young lady. Call at No. 98 West 20th-st. Good City reference.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid and waitress, and assist with washing and ironing, or as chambermaid, fine washer and ironer. City references. Call at No. 66 West 18th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young woman as chambermaid and nurse; best of City reference; no objection to assist in the washing. Apply at No. 99 6th-av., second floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.— A respectable young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress; would be willing to do general housework for a small family; can give the best of City reference from her last employers. Can be seen for two days. Call at No. 88 East 19th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.— Wanted, by a respectable and thoroughly competent German girl, a situation, in City or country, as chambermaid and laundress, or chambermaid and waitress; the applicant is of an obliging disposition, and not afraid of work. Apply at No. 378 6th av., 1st floor, front.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has no objection to assist in the washing, if required. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 243 10th st., corner 1st-av., over drug-store.

AS COOK, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES A situation as cook, washer and ironer; or to do general housework; no objection to the country. Good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 201 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., in the rear.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A young woman; understands cooking in all its branches; best of City reference. Apply at No. 169 East 13th-st. 3d floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED A SITUATION, BY A woman as a good experienced cook, and good baker. City references. Apply at No. 87 24th st., near 6th-av., on 2d floor, for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A CAPABLE woman, a situation as good cook; thoroughly understands her business; is a good bread and biscuit baker; would assist in the washing and ironing; no objection to go to the country with a family; has good City reference. Call for 2 days at No. 13 Union-court, University place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOKS, CHAMBERMAIDS, &c.— About 90 nice, tidy, sober, honest, capable, and obliging girls want situations, Catholics and Protestants, of various nations; 8 first-class cooks, 15 good plain cooks and laundresses, 6 regular laundresses, 24 chambermaids and waiters, 16 nurses and seamstresses, 20 general houseworkers; also, several men. Select Agency, No. 294 4th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.
D. ELMORE.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A Protestant woman, to cook, wash and iron; no objection to go to the country. Apply, for two days, at No. 31 Marion-st., corner of Spring.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; understands jellies, ice creams, soups, game, desserts of all kinds, and baking; no objection to the country; satisfactory City references given. Call, for this week at 89 6th-av., first floor.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman a situation as cook; understands it in all its branches—pastry, soups, poultry, game, boning, larding and baking; best of City reference can be given from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 214 East 20th-st., across the 1st-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, all kinds of soups, game, and pastry and jellies; is a good baker. The best of reference given. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 15 West 18th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.— Wanted, by two women with excellent City reference, situations in the City or country; one as cook and laundress; does up linens in magnificent style; understands meats, poultry, baking, game and pastry; the other as chambermaid and seamstress, or fine washer, ironer and fluting. Wages $8 and $7. Call for two days at No 216 East 23d st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman as cook, washer and ironer; has no objection to do general housework in a small, private family; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 114 7th av., between 18th and 19th sts., second floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches thoroughly; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 6 31st-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing in some respectable family; the advertiser has lived several years in her last situation, and can furnish the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 157 Mott-st., second floor, Room No. 3.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, as cook; no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No 129 28th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., first floor, back room.

AS COOK OR CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, by a Protestant young woman, a situation as plain cook and assist with the washing, or chambermaid and seamstress; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No 103 East 22d-st., near 3d-av., for two days, third floor, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable young woman as cook, washer and ironer; or would do general housework in a small family. Has the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen at No. 240 West 18th-st, between 7th and 8th avs., for two days, in the rear.

AS COOK.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN WANTS a situation as first-class cook, a good bread and biscuit baker, also understands soups, meats, deserts; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches. Good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 65 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, in a small private family; is a good baker; has the best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 265 West 24th-st, between 9th and 10th avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A CAPABLE woman, a situation as good plain cook, and would assist in the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 13 Union-Court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK in a respectable private family; is an excellent cook and baker; a first-rate washer and ironer. Can be seen for two days at 173 West 46th-st., near 8th-av.

AS COOK.—NURSE, &c.—WANTED, SITUATIONS by two sisters, one as good cook and to assist in washing and ironing; the other as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and waiting; no objection to go a short distance in the country for the Summer; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 362 2d-av., near 23d-st. Room No. 13.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL wants a situation as cook, washer and ironer; best City reference. Apply at No. 247 East 30th st, between 2d and 3d avs., rear.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a very respectable young girl to do cooking, washing and ironing in very good style. Can produce the best of references of good character and capability. Can be seen at No. 99 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., one flight stairs up, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—A PROTESTANT COOK, and to assist in the washing and ironing, wishes a situation in a private family; best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 2 East 23d-st., near Broadway.

COOK'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, who understands her business in all its branches; is willing to assist in washing, if required; has best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 379 7th-av., corner 33d-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A highly respectable Protestant young woman, with undoubted references, desires a situation in City or country in the above capacity; would take a place as chambermaid and laundress; will be found thoroughly competent for her duties. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., 1st floor, front room.

AS COOK.—AN AMERICAN WOMAN WANTS an immediate situation as cook in a respectable private family; thoroughly understands her business; can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 61 West 29th-st., basement, back room; can be seen for 3 days.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, situations by two Protestant girls, one as plain cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or would take care of children. Call at No. 148 7th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a very respectable young woman, as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing of a small private family; several years in her last place; best of reference. Call at No. 198 West 27th-st, basement.

AS COOK OR GENERAL HOUSEMAID.— Situation wanted by a young girl to cook or to do general housework in a small family. Call at 184 East 36th-st, top floor, back room; good reference.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook; she understands her business perfectly in all its branches; she has no objection to assist in the washing; she has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 67 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, a situation as an excellent plain cook; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 36 East 18th-st., in the rear.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable woman as cook; is a first-rate cook, and is willing to assist in washing and ironing; good City reference given. Call at No. 182 West 19th-st., near the 8th-av., in front room on second floor.

AS LADY'S MAID.—A COMPETENT YOUNG woman, with unexceptionable references, accustomed to travel, wishes a situation as lady's maid, or to take charge of children with a family going abroad. Address E. H. LETCHWORTH, of the firm of Pratt & Letchworth, Buffalo, N. Y.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; has no objection to go traveling or as nurse and seamstress; can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 40 East 32d-st. Can be seen until engaged.

AS HOUSEMAID.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL wants a situation in a small, private family to do general housework; can do plain cooking; is a good washer and ironer. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 140 West 36th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, back room. Good City reference.

AS HOUSEMAID.—SITUATION WANTED BY a respectable young woman, to do general housework; is a good washer and ironer, and good plain cook; City reference given. Call at No. 77 Henry st., third floor, back room. Can be seen for two days.

AS MATRON OR HOUSEKEEPER.—A lady of much experience desires a situation as matron in a boarding-school, or would take entire supervision of a gentleman's family; distance not objectionable if healthy. Address MATRON, Flushing, L. I.

AS NURSE.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WISHES a situation as nurse, to take care of a baby from its birth or grown-up children, and can do plain sewing; good reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days. Has no objection to take care of an invalid lady. Also, a situation by a young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or regular waitress in a private family; best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 160½ 6th-av., near corner of 8th-st., first floor, in embroidery-store.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse by a steady competent person that is very capable of taking care of a young infant or grown children; can do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 232 7th av., between 25th and 26th sts.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable nurse, capable of taking care of children from infancy, and can give the best references; wages, $8. Can be seen at No. 2 East 23d-st., near Broadway.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse, by a middle aged woman, who is capable of the entire charge of an infant from its birth, or to bring it up by hand; is a good plain sewer; has the best of City reference; has no objection to the country for the Summer. Call at No. 145 6th av., between 10th and 11th sts., in the millinery store, for two days.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A CAPABLE ENGLISH woman, a situation as nurse; is fully competent to take charge of a baby from its birth, and bring it up by hand or bottle; would wait on an invalid lady, or travel with a family. Has best City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as nurse; has been in that capacity for the last fourteen years, and take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; has the best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st., in the fancy store.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT woman, a situation as nurse; is capable of taking entire charge of an infant; can bring it up by hand; has six years' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at her former employer's, No. 7 West 20th-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A young woman, as children's nurse; has no objections to go to the country for the Summer, or to travel with a lady. City reference can be given. Apply at No. 508 2d-av., first floor, front room.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A MIDDLE-AGED person a situation as experienced nurse, or to travel; City references. Call at No. 164 7th-av., between 21st and 22d sts. top floor.

AS CHILD'S NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a girl as child's nurse and sewing; would prefer a young baby, as she has been accustomed to the care of them; has lived nine years in her last place; has no objection to do chamberwork and sewing; has good reference. Call at No. 169 West 33d-st., for 2 days.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A situation by a young girl to take care of children and do plain sewing. Good City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 130 East 25th-st., two pair of stairs, back room.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a very competent person who can take charge of an infant from its birth; has had the care of children for many years; has lived in first-class families; is willing to go in the country for the Summer; best of City reference given. Apply at No. 64 West Washington place, for two days.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a young English woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or would like to travel with a lady to Europe; good City references given. Inquire at No. 243 6th-av.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation, by a competent Protestant young woman, as nurse and seamstress; is capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth. Would like to go to Amsterdam, N. Y., or West Galloway. Best of City reference can be given. Inquire at No. 135 West 33d-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, a situation as seamstress or to travel; is a good dressmaker and operator on Wheeler and Wilson's sewing machines, and understands all kinds of family sewing and embroidery; would go with a family to California or Europe or any other part; don't get sea sick; would wait on a lady, or lady and child; the best of reference given; can be seen at her present employer's, No. 15 West 18th-st., near 5th-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wishes employment by the day or week; is a good cloak finisher or dress finisher; is a neat and quick sewer, cuts and fits children's clothes nicely, and does all kinds of family sewing; has had two years' experience on Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine; can embroider; has good recommendations as to honesty, capability, &c. Call at No. 83 West 39th-st., near 6th-av., top floor.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wants a situation as a competent seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing; can cut and fit children's clothing perfectly; understands dressmaking, or would take care of a grown up child. Call at White's place, No. 4 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Good City reference.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A CAPABLE young woman a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit boys' and girls' clothing; is willing to take care of children, and make herself generally useful; has the best City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 13 Union Court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS OR LADY'S MAID.— A competent young woman wishes a situation as seamstress or lady's maid; is a good dressmaker; understands all kinds of family sewing; the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 97 West 16th-st., in the rear, for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTESTANT GIRL wishes a situation as seamstress; is capable of doing fine sewing, and would be willing to wait on a lady. Call at No. 144 East 21st st., room No. 11, between 2d and 3d avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG lady wishes a situation as seamstress in a private family; has no objection to keep the sitting-rooms in order. Apply to Miss LEIB, No. 146 Essex-st.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young woman as waitress; no objection to chamberwork; can produce five years' City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 77 West 19th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young woman as waitress; perfectly understands her business; is capable of taking charge of the silver and dining-room. The best of reference given. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 15 West 18th-st.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a young woman as waitress, who has lived the last ten years in that capacity, five years in her last place. Best of City reference given. Call at No. 85 West 19th-st., front room, second floor, for two days.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman a situation as competent waitress; has no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 61 East 23d-st.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.— Wanted, a situation by a respectable young girl as professed waitress, or as chambermaid and waitress in a small family; City reference. Call at No. 121 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—A Protestant young woman wants a situation as first-class waitress, or to do chamberwork. Call at No. 165 West 18th-st., rear building.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.— Wanted, a situation by a young girl as waitress and chambermaid; has the best of City reference; has no objection to go in the country. Can be seen for two days at No 119 Greenwich-av.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SERVANTS ALWAYS ready for City or country—German, English, Scotch, Irish, &c., at the Institute and Home, conducted by an American lady, No. 183 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. Open from 7 A. M. till 9 P. M.

TITUS' REFORM LABOR OFFICE.—SERVANTS, first class, either by year, month, week, day or job, at No. 247 Thompson-st., corner of 4th-st., on Washington Parade Ground.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED.—BY A LADY, A SITUATION IN A dry-goods or fancy-store. Address S. S., No. 129 East 23d-st.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a sober, steady, industrious young man as coachman and groom; understands his business perfectly in all its branches; is a first-class groom and a careful driver; has good City reference; will make himself useful to his employer; country preferred. Can be seen, for three days, at No. 201 West 25th-st., or a note addressed J. S., Box 192 *Times* Office, will be attended to.

AS COACHMAN AND ASSISTANT GARDENER.—Wanted, a situation by a single young man, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; will be found agreeable and willing to make himself generally useful, and will assist in gardening if required; can furnish the best of reference as to honesty, sobriety, capability, &c. Address, J. L., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation by a respectable married man as coachman, farmer and gardener; would like to take charge of a gentleman's place, and can make himself very useful in the above specialty; the very best testimonials given. Can be seen at Mr. Thorburn's, No. 15 John st., or address M. V., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE single man, a native of England, a situation as coachman; one who thoroughly understands the treatment and management of horses in general; has no objections to go to any part of the country; can give the best of City references. Address B. B., care of W. H. Disbrow's Riding Academy, corner 5th-av and 39th-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUATION wanted, by a single man, who can be recommended by his present employer as qualified in every respect to give satisfaction; he is also a good waiter and perfectly trustworthy. Apply to his employer, No. 111 West 14th-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation as coachman and groom, by a man who has lived in his last place five years, and will be recommended by his late employer as a thorough groom and as a faithful, honest, sober and industrious man. Apply at the stable No. 88 Irving place.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN wanted, by a young man; understands his business thoroughly; has good references. Address J. A., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A PROTESTANT, SINGLE man, who can come well recommended, has been driving in this City for the last sixteen years, wishes a situation as coachman. Can be seen at No. 305 4th-av.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; has no objection to go in the country; can give good City and country references. Call or address at his present employer's, Dr. HOSACK, No. 150 Madison-av.

AS COACHMAN OR GARDENER—OR would do both in a small place. Has the best of reference as to capability, sobriety and honesty. Can be seen for three days at No. 37 Jauncey Court, Wall-st., second floor.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by a married man; no children; perfectly understands the care and management of horses, also plain gardening; can give the best of references. Apply at SMITH'S seed-store, No. 71 Liberty-st., N. Y.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation by a respectable young man as coachman and gardener, which he is well accustomed to in all its branches; the best of reference given as to honesty and sobriety. Address P. M., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, A situation by a single man, as coachman and groom; has many years' experience in the above capacity; has lived, in Europe and in this country, with families of the highest standing in society; can give the highest City recommendation from his last employer with whom he has lived for several years. Address M. A., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant single man desires a situation as coachman and groom; understands plain gardening; also the care and treatment of horses, and everything in connection; perfectly temperate, willing and obliging; would be found everything required; good reference. Address J. W., Box 219 *Times* Office, for 2 days.

AS COACHMAN, GROOM AND GARDENER.—A Protestant young man, with the best of reference, wishes a situation as above; is a careful and capable driver; understands the care of horses thoroughly, is of obliging disposition, and takes a pleasure in keeping his horses, harness and carriages in order. Apply at, or address JAMES, No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A RESPECTABLE, well-disposed man, fully competent for his duties, desires a situation, in City or country, in the above capacity; is a first-class groom in every respect; can drive and manage the fastest horses; is willing to do everything in his power for his employer's interest. Apply at No. 378 6th av.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED A SITUATION AS private coachman by a single man of strict temperate habits, who thoroughly understands his business in every particular, and can produce satisfactory reference; has no objection to the country. A note addressed to D. A., Box No. 216, for two days, will be attended to.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a single young man, a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses perfectly; has no objection to City or country, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address W., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, A situation as coachman and groom by a single young man who thoroughly understands his business; also the raising of plain vegetables; and would make himself useful to his employer; good reference from his last employer. Address A. W., Box No. 207 *Times* Office, for three days.

AS FARMER, &c.—COOK, &c.—WANTED, by a Protestant man and wife, without incumbrance, situations; the man as farmer and plain gardener; can take care of horses and drive; the woman as plain cook, washer and ironer, or housework; both have good reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for three days at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, a situation as farmer; is capable of taking care of horses and cows; best of reference given. Address, for three days, P. C., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a single man, as gardener; has a practical knowledge of the cultivation of fruit flowers and vegetables; good City reference. Address H. D., Box No. 204 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a single man, as vegetable gardener. Good City references given. Address J. B. C., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family by a man who has lived with some of the best families in this City for several years, and can be recommended by any of them. Address J. M., No. 319 6th-av., corner 20th st., grocery-store, which shall be punctually attended to.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family, by a respectable Protestant young man; understands his business in all its branches as his reference will certify; has no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 17 West 28th-st., or address J. W. H., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

AS WAITER.—A SITUATION WANTED AS waiter by a respectable Protestant married man without incumbrance; has good references and fully understands his business in all its branches; no objection to any part of the country. Can be heard of for three days by addressing W. C. R., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter-man in a private family; has the best of City reference; has no objection to the country. Can be seen at Mr. Watson's upholstery store, No. 30 East 18th-st.

$100.—$100 WILL BE PAID TO ANY person who will procure for the writer (X. Y. Z.) a *bona fide* situation in a wholesale grocery or dry-goods house, or an agency in any strictly honorable employment, at a salary of $500 a year. Inquire of A. G. Newman, No. 1,168 Broadway.

HELP WANTED.

AN ACTIVE MAN.—WANTED, AN ACTIVE man, of good character and habits, to do general work on a small place; one who has some knowledge of gardening preferred. Apply at No. 504 Washington st., near Spring, from 12 till 3 o'clock, on Saturday, April 13.

A CLERK.—WANTED, A CLERK FOR A SHIPPING office, four girls to travel to California and Europe. Apply at No. 7 Chatham-square.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A GARDENER, SINGLE man preferred; must understand plain gardening and taking care of a horse and cow, and willing to make himself useful. Apply at No. 22 Broad-st.

A HOUSEKEEPER.—WANTED, A MIDDLE-AGED American woman as housekeeper, in a Boys' Boarding School; must have good references. Apply at No. 562 Washington st., near Spring, from 10 to 12 A. M., on Saturday, April 13.

A HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, FOR A PLACE OUT of town, a woman thoroughly competent to do washing and ironing, and assist in general housework; also, a girl, of 14 to 16. Colored person preferred. Apply at No. 35 West 10th-st.

A HOUSEMAID AND COOK.—WANTED, A girl to do housework and plain cooking, must be neat, and with good references. Call from 10 to 12 A. M. at No. 271 West 19th-st., second house from 9th-av.

A LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A LAUNDRESS who is thoroughly competent, and can bring unexceptionable recommendations. Apply at No. 42 West 14th-st.

A LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A GOOD LAUNDRESS and chambermaid; good reference required. Apply, between 10 and 12 o'clock, at No. 41 West 17th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

A SEAMSTRESS WANTED—ONE WHO CAN operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Address, with good recommendations, No. 12 West 12th-st., between 8 and 10 A. M. or 4 to 6 P. M.

A WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, to wait on a lady, sew, and assist in chamberwork. Apply at No. 155 2d-av.

BOY WANTED—ON A GENTLEMAN'S FARM about 15 miles from the City, on the Hudson River; an active lad (English or Scotch preferred,) of about 15 years of age, to do the light work, and make himself generally useful; if intelligent he will learn farming and gardening. Address C., Post-office Box No. 1,654.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE PERSONNE PARLANT LE FRANÇAIS et l'anglais, désire entrer dans une famille allant en Europe, comme femme de chambre ou bonne d'enfants. S'adresser entre 9 et 11 heures du matin à No. 15 West 29th-st.

BOOTS & SHOES.

$3 SHOES AND GAITERS, A NEW STYLE, at JONES', Nos. 10 and 12 Ann-st. P. S.—Call and see them.

INSTRUCTION.

RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
Nos. 435, 437 and 439 5th-av.

The Eighty-ninth Academic Term of this Institute will open April 16. Pupils will be received and classified for the academic year, commencing Sept. 16, until the annual examination of the classes, the 13th, 14th, 15th, 17th and 18th of June next.
HENRY M. PIERCE, President of the Institute.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.
A Boarding School for Boys. The Forty-seventh Semi-Annual Session will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 1st. Circulars may be obtained of Jas. H. Whitehead, rooms of A. B. H. M. Society, No. 117 Nassau-st., or by addressing the Principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
NORWALK, CONN.
C. M. SELLECK, Principal.
The Summer session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, 1st of May next.

MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S SCHOOL
REMOVED
To No. 17 West 38th-st.

TO PARENTS.—THE ADVERTISER RESIDES, with her family, at a pleasant and healthy country house and farm, near the Hudson, opposite Hyde Park; having two daughters to educate in English branches and music, is desirous of receiving eight or ten young girls, between the ages of eight and twelve years; the strictest attention will be paid to their morals and manners, and they will receive a mother's care in every respect; no pains will be spared to make them happy, healthy and intelligent. Address, for further particulars, Mrs. C., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

ELM PARK ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, LITCHFIELD, CONN.—Dr. JAMES RICHARDS, Principal. Healthiest location in the Union. Thorough mental, moral and physical training. Accommodations superior. Fine bowling-alley and play-room for exercise. Summer session begins May 7. For circulars, &c., apply at No. 185 5th-av., corner of 23d-st., office of J. Edward Bill, Esq., where a teacher can be seen daily from 4 to 5 P. M.

FAMILY SCHOOL.—A CONGREGATIONAL clergyman and wife, on a fine farm in a beautiful village, within a few hours' journey of this City, will take into their family a small number of pupils of either sex, under the age of fourteen, provide competent teachers, and afford them all the advantages of a first-class school. Every satisfactory reference as to position and character will be afforded by calling on W. B. HOTCHKISS, at the office of Francis Morgan, No. 10 Pine-st.

$40 FOR 14 WEEKS. CALL ON PROF. NETTLETON, International Hotel, Broadway, or address R. C. FLACK, A. M., Cooperstown, New-York.

Cubans who wish to learn English rapidly and thoroughly, will find unusual facilities at the COOPERSTOWN SEMINARY.
Term opens April 12.

SCHOOL.—THE MISSES JENKINS WILL COMMENCE their Summer term on the 1st of May. Parents wishing to place their daughters at a very pleasant home in the country, with many advantages in instruction, &c., will do well to apply soon, as their number is limited to six. References—J. M. Howe, M. D., No. 227 Grand-st.; Mr. Charles Batcheler, No. 37 Barclay-st. Address Miss SARAH H. JENKINS, care of John W. Jenkins, Hudson, N. Y.

IRVINGTON COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, IRVINGTON, N. Y., in a location of unsurpassed beauty and salubrity, one hour's ride from the City, commences its Spring Term April 8, 1861. Number of boarding pupils limited to fifteen. A. STEBBINS and F. FOWLER, Principals. Circulars at Ivison & Phinney's, No. 50 Walker-st.; Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 690 Broadway.

$140 PER YEAR.—SEWARD INSTITUTE, FEMALE DEPARTMENT—Florida, Orange County, N. Y.—The Summer session commences April 22. For references and circulars apply to R. G. Pardee, No. 599 Broadway; or Ivison & Phinney, No. 48 Walker-st. Parents wishing to make arrangements with the Principal, Miss M. E. HOTCHKISS, can do so by calling at No. 35 Cheever-place, Brooklyn.

THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE HOME Institute, Easton, Conn., will commence May 1. Circulars may be obtained of Messrs. Sullivan, Randolph & Budd, Nos. 30 and 36 Park-place, or Rev. Wm. P. Corbit, No. 91 York-st., Jersey City. An interview may be had with the Principal by any persons leaving their address at Box No. 155 *Times* Office, for
R. H. WHEELER, Principal.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square. Twelve professors and 200 pupils of all ages. Full classical and commercial course. Students for West Point, Harvard, Columbia, and other Colleges are admitted at any time to the classes for which they are prepared. Third term begins Feb. 11, 1861. CLARKE & FANNING, Proprietors.

ALL EDUCATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS can be made to advantage at the "National Teachers' Institute," No. 335 Broadway. Parents can obtain circulars and full particulars of first class schools and seminaries for sons or daughters. Parties wanting teachers can be suited in all respects. Teachers seeking engagements should forward applications.
RICE & ANDREWS.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The Summer term of this first class Seminary for young ladies will commence April 17. An extended advertisement will be found in the *Independent* of this week, with testimonials from Hon. Wm. H Seward, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and others. For particulars address L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

FAIRHAVEN SEMINARY.—A FAMILY Boarding School for twelve pupils, located in the beautiful village of Fairhaven, one mile east of New-Haven, Conn. Has been in operation ten years; pupils under the care of the Principal. Gymnastic exercise daily. Next term begins May 1. Circulars at E. Goodenough's, No. 122 Nassau st.
T. G. SLOAN, Principal.

GREYLOCK INSTITUTE, SOUTH WILLIAMSTOWN, Berkshire County, Mass.—The Summer session will commence May 1. Circulars may be obtained at the book-store of A. S. Barnes & Burr, No. 51 John-st., at Rice & Andrews' National Teachers' Institute, No. 335 Broadway, or by addressing the Principal,
BENJ. F. MILLS.

FOR EUROPE.—MR. AND MRS. APTOMMAS announce that they leave, with their pupils, for their European tour, at the end of April, and that they continue to receive applications from young ladies who may be desirous of accompanying them. Address APTOMMAS' CONSERVATOIRE, 114 West 34th-st., New-York.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—THE TWENTY-SEVENTH Term commences on the 1st of May. For circulars apply to W. J. Widdleton, Esq., No. 34 Beekman-st.; E. Goodenough, Esq., No. 122 Nassau-st.; or address A. NEWMAN, A. M., Proprietor, or M. C. TRACY, A. M., Principal.

THE THOROUGH EDUCATION OF A daughter, in high-toned principles, refined manners and elegant accomplishments under strictly family influence, is secured at Ravenswood Institute, L. I., the most delightful and healthy position near the City. Circulars at Mr. BROWN'S, No. 819 Broadway.

WHITE PLAINS INSTITUTE.—A FAMILY Boarding-school for Boys, reopens May 1; number limited, thorough instruction, liberal treatment. For an interview with the Principal, or circulars with particulars and references, address A. WATSON, A. M.

WANTED.—A SMALL, GOOD SCHOOL IS WANTED for a boy 13 years old, where he may be treated as a member of the family, and be under the constant supervision of his teacher. Location in the Highlands preferred. Address Box No. 3,237 Post-office.

ROSE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Danbury, Conn.—The Twenty second Session of this Institution will commence the first Monday in May. For circulars apply at Hall & Son's Music Store, 543 Broadway. Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal.

NO TIME LOST.—THE PIANO-FORTE AND Singing taught, in combination with Thorough-Base and Harmony, by Mrs. PAIGE'S entirely new method, delighting her pupils from the very first lesson. No. 673 Greenwich-st., New-York.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL, NORWALK, CONN.—Beautiful and healthy location; easy of access. Terms, $140 per annum. Course of instruction thorough and practical. For further information address the Principal,
C. H. WHEELER.

MILITARY ACADEMY, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
Gen. M. L. LOCKWOOD, Principal.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH BOARDING School for boys, at Stamford, Conn. Summer term commences May 1. For circulars address Z. B. NICHOLS, Principal.

FARM BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.— At Little Ferry, Bergen Co., N. J., 11 miles from Jersey City by Northern Railroad. Terms from $65 to $87 per quarter. For Circulars address A. B. WINANT.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 20 East 31st-st., JAMES WEIR MASON. Circulars at Carter's, No. 530 Broadway, or at the School.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD AT RYE BEACH—ONE hours' ride from the City by the New-Haven Railroad. It is one of the most delightful locations on Long Island Sound for a Summer resort. The place is unsurpassed for its fine fishing, boating and bathing. Also, the best accommodations for horses. First-class families and gentlemen can now secure rooms by applying at No. 37 West 30th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

CORNWALL.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES BOARD for himself, wife, a child aged three years, a baby and nurse at Cornwall, during the coming Summer. He wishes to leave the City about the 15th of June, and would be pleased to have communication with persons who have desirable lodgings to rent, and who intend to set a good table. Address HOWARD, Box No. 177 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN ORANGE, or vicinity, from 1st June, near railroad dépôt, for a gentleman wife, child three years old and nurse; would prefer a farm-house, where only one or two other parties would be taken. Address, stating location, terms, &c., G., Box No. 550 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD—WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—The house and cottage known as Ashland Hall, surrounded with trees and possessing all the attractions of a delightful country home, will be opened for the reception of boarders May 1. For further particulars, apply at 127 Bleecker-st. References given and required.

COUNTRY BOARD AT YONKERS.—FAMILIES or single gentlemen can enjoy one of the finest locations on the Hudson for river view and rural scenery and good shade, five minutes from Glenwood or ten from steamboat landing. Prices moderate. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, on the premises.

PLAIN COUNTRY BOARD, OR PART OF, or all of a small furnished house wanted, within one hour's ride of this City, for a gentleman, wife, two children, (7 and 4 years old,) and nurse. Address A. MASON, Box No. 2,277, New-York Post-office, stating full particulars and terms, which must be very moderate.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, wife, two small children and nurse, in a private family, from 1st of May, one hours' ride from City—Hudson River near. Address New-York Post-office, Box No. 177.

COUNTRY BOARDING.—BOARD WANTED for one or two families, on the Hudson, between New-York and Nyack or Tarrytown, or at Orange, N. J. Address W., Box No. 2,008, N. Y. Post office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—BOARD WANTED FOR one or two families on the Hudson, between New-York and Nyack or Tarrytown, or at Orange, N. J. Address W., Box No. 2,008 New-York Post-office.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1861.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the TIMES Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau-sts.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning and evening—Price Two Cents, served at 12½ Cents a week, mailed at SIX DOLLARS a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-Weekly)—THREE DOLLARS a year; two copies to one address for FIVE DOLLARS. *Any person who will send us a Club of FIVE subscribers may receive an extra copy for himself, or retain Two Dollars and a Half as his commission.*

THE NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—TWO DOLLARS a year; two copies THREE DOLLARS; five copies FIVE DOLLARS. *Any person who will send as a Club of TEN subscribers at $1 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself—or may retain One Dollar as his compensation.* The Semi-Weekly and Weekly sent to Clergymen at the lowest club rates. Specimen numbers forwarded on application.

THE TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA is published on the departure of every Mail steamer. Price, in wrappers, five cents for single copies.

TERMS—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Proprietors of the NEW-YORK TIMES, New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LA JUIVE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—NIXON'S ROYAL CIRCUS.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—THE SEVEN SISTERS.

WINTER GARDEN—PAUL PRY—COUSIN JOE—MY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—HENRIETTE—A REGULAR FIX.

NEW-BOWERY THEATRE—THE RAG PICKER OF NEW-YORK—SIMON JENNINGS—MY WIFE'S COME.

BOWERY THEATRE—SPALDING & ROGERS' NEW-ORLEANS CIRCUS.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon—RUTH OAKLEY. Evening—FLYING DUTCHMAN. CURIOSITIES AT ALL HOURS.

CHURCH'S PAINTING—"THE HEART OF THE ANDES"—at Low's Building, corner Court and Joralemon streets, Brooklyn.

NIBLO'S SALOON—LLOYD'S MINSTRELS.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Washington was thrown into the greatest state of excitement yesterday by the publication of a dispatch announcing that hostilities had actually commenced at Charleston; that a fierce battle was progressing, and that Major ANDERSON was likely soon to suffer defeat. It was soon ascertained, however, to be a wicked hoax. The Cabinet was in session during the day, and the matter of the refusal of the authorities at Charleston to allow Lieut TALBOT to return to Fort Sumpter was discussed. This action on the part of the Secessionists is considered almost unparalleled in its treachery, and any misfortunes which may occur in consequence of it they will be held fully accountable for. The plan which has been adopted by the Administration for provisioning Fort Sumpter, our correspondent informs us, meets the approval of many military men, who believe that it will be successful; while some are doubtful in reference to it. The President, however, considers it his duty to make the effort at all hazards, and if it fails, it remains to be decided what course shall then be pursued. The Southern Commissioners are still in Washington, but consider that they have been deceived by the Administration, and intend soon to leave for the South.

We have no later intelligence of interest from Charleston—whether owing to telegraphic interruption or other causes, we have no means of knowing. The latest dispatches received from there up to the time of going to press, dated Tuesday night, state that no war or other vessels had, up to that time, made their appearance off the harbor, and that matters in the city were comparatively quiet. The famous floating battery, it appears, has been put into position between Sullivan's Island and Fort Sumpter.

The fresh rumors in reference to a contemplated attack upon the National Capital have at last taken shape. The Government have come into possession of such definite information as to warrant them in acting, and on Tuesday evening ten companies, comprising about one-fourth of the militia of the District of Columbia, were ordered into service, and were mustered yesterday for inspection. The notorious BEN. MCCULLOCH, who has recently been alternating between Washington and Richmond, and who left the former place on Tuesday with the expressed intention of returning to Texas, is reported to be at the head of the contemplated movement—the Texas "journey" being merely a blind. The troops called out will be stationed at various points throughout the city, ready for any emergency.

The great topics of public interest and discussion yesterday, of course, were the movements of the Government for the supposed purpose of relieving Maj. ANDERSON; and the newspaper offices and bulletins were beseiged for the latest information from the expected seat of war. The *Baltic* and *Illinois* did not leave their anchorage in the bay until Tuesday morning, and consequently cannot be due at Charleston until noon or evening of today. The vessels which have left this port are the United States frigate *Powhatan*, the steamships *Atlantic*, *Baltic* and *Illinois*, the United States steamer *Harriet Lane*, and the steam-tugs *Yankee* and *Uncle Ben*. Several sailing-vessels are also said to have been chartered. At the Navy-yard there is continued activity. On Governor's Island, Maj. J. P. HEINTZMAN, of Pennsylvania, has taken command, in place of Maj. HOLMES, resigned and left.

We copy from the Albany *Evening Journal* an account of the conspiracy to assassinate President LINCOLN while passing through Baltimore, prepared, the *Journal* states, by a gentleman perfectly informed of all its details, and entirely reliable. The account will be found to correspond with great exactness to the one which first appeared in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES. There is no longer room to doubt that such a conspiracy existed.

The Virginia Convention yesterday adopted the twelfth and thirteenth of the pending resolutions. They oppose all Federal action for holding or retaking the forts in the seceded States, and declare that any action on the part of the United States Government or Confederate States tending to produce a collision pending the efforts for an adjustment of difficulties, will be regarded as leaving them free to determine their own future policy. Pending the consideration of the fourteenth resolution the Convention adjourned.

The monthly meeting of the Republican Central Committee was held last night at the rooms, No. 618 Broadway. It was unusually protracted, a resolution, opposing the appointment of Mr. ALEX. H. SCHULTZ to the Marshalship of the Southern District of New-York, giving rise to long and serious debate. An amendment, somewhat qualifying the objectionable features of the original resolution, was at length adopted. A resolution indorsing the present attitude of the Government in reference to the Southern forts, was unanimously adopted. A third resolution, urging the immediate discharge of the present Democratic employes in the Post-office, was, with little discussion, received favorably and adopted.

The bill appropriating $50,000 to the Troy University was discussed in the New-York State Senate, yesterday, until the hour of Executive session. During the latter the consideration of Mr. VAN DYCK's nomination as Bank Superintendent was postponed. A minority report against the Swill-Milk bill was presented. The bill, authorizing the Corporation of this City to borrow money, was reported complete. A communication was presented from five Republican Commissioners to the Peace Conference, in reply to Mr. FIELD, stating that the latter did not attend to his duties, and in consequence of his absence, the vote of New-York was divided. The bill for the more certain punishment of crime and vagrancy in this City, was passed. Among the bills ordered to a third reading in the Assembly were the New-York City Tax Levy; the act erecting the new County of Highland; that in relation to cases of murder and arson occurring before May 4th, 1860; and that confirming the John Slattery Eightieth-street contracts. The bill to amend the equalization tax was lost. The House concurred in the Senate's amendments to the Annual Supply bill. The bill appropriating $500,000 to arm the militia was taken from the table by a decisive vote, and recommitted to be amended, by providing that none of the money shall be expended unless the Governor, Comptroller, Secretary of State and Lieutenant-Governor decide that it is necessary to call out the militia for active service before the next meeting of the Legislature. The Metropolitan Health bill was passed.

In the Court of Appeals the Seventh Brigade [illegible] yesterday argued. The questions to be determined by the Court are, first, has the Court authority to review the order of the commanding officer of the State militia; and, secondly, if so, had the commanding officer any power to countermand an order *made in pursuance of the statute*, appointing Gen. LOCKWOOD to the position afterwards given to Gen. SCHEUGHAM. At Chambers of the Supreme Court, before Justice CLERKE, a singular *habeas corpus* case was brought on for hearing, but finally postponed for the present. The infant husband of a young wife has been taken into custody by his father, thus leaving the bride to mourn his absence and sue for his deliverance. In the General Sessions, a thief, who stole from a sailor, was sent three years to Sing Sing, whither also were sentenced a burglar for two years, and a fugitive from Blackwell's Island, for five years—the last prisoner being convicted of a felonious assault. There were one or two light sentences, and a lawyer, tried for assault and battery on a Tombs officer, was acquitted.

The Stock Market continued to be adversely influenced by the political anxiety of the day. Prices were steady in the morning, but weak in the afternoon. A large business is induced by the panic decline this week. No change in Money affairs. Exchange on London 107½.

An active demand prevailed for Flour, Wheat, and Corn, and prices closed firmly. Cotton was quiet and heavy. A fair business was reported in Hay, Rice, Beef and Lard. Pork, Cut Meats, Hops, Oils, Metals, Tar, Turpentine, Tobacco, Coffee, Molasses, Seeds and Spices were in limited request. Sugars, Resin and Tallow were inquired for. Whisky was a trifle cheaper. Moderate freight engagements were reported, with 436 vessels of all classes in port.

The Live Stock Markets were generally well supplied yesterday. Beeves numbered 3,607 at Forty-fourth-street, and 4,372 for the week at all the markets. Prices were about as last week, or 8c. to 9c. for good to prime beef, and 6½c.@7½c. for poor. Stock all sold. Milch cows sell very slowly. Veal calves were in over supply, and sold very slowly at a reduction of ½c. from last week's rates. Many small calves sold at $1 each. Sheep were rather scarce and a little higher. Receipts for the week, 4,583. Hogs are in excess of butcher's wants. Market slow.

The Policy of the Administration.

The newly developed policy of the Government commands the hearty and cordial approval of the great mass of the people, without distinction of party. We believe we are perfectly warranted in asserting that even here, in the City of New-York, where the pressure of war, if it comes at all, will be most grievously felt, there is a general and hearty concurrence in the wisdom and necessity of the measures taken by the Administration, to vindicate the authority and maintain the supremacy of the Government of the United States.

The contest now waged between the Government and the Seceded States has passed beyond the limits of party controversy. It has nothing whatever to do with the issues involved in a party canvass. The difference turns no longer upon controverted questions of right,—upon interpretations of the Constitution, or upon the policy of contending parties. All these issues have disappeared. They have been swallowed up by the transcendent contest between the Government of the United States and those who would destroy it. Until that is settled, all others lose their significance. Slavery ceases to be a bone of contention. It has no connection whatever with the contest now impending. Its fate may be involved in the result of the struggle,—but it will receive its death-blow at the hands of its friends.

The question we have now to determine is, whether the Government of the United States has the right, and the power, to protect itself against assassination,—or whether it must, of necessity, fall under the blow of the first band of traitors who find it in the way of their schemes. It is idle to talk of the *right* of secession. You may as well talk of the right of suicide or of murder. The secession movement can be vindicated only on the ground that any State has the right to repudiate the Federal Constitution at pleasure. This doctrine cannot be sound, simply because it renders government impossible. If proposed at the outset, the Government never could have been formed. If admitted now, the example of the South will be imitated, and the Union will crumble into atoms and the States into anarchy.

There is but one course in this matter. The authority of the Government must be sustained. It may possibly be resisted and its exercise thwarted by force. But that is far better than to have it surrendered at the mere demand of those who would trample it under foot. If, as many assume, the formation and recognition of the new Southern Confederacy, is a foregone conclusion, it will be far better for the remainder of the Union that it should not be permitted without a vigorous effort to maintain the supremacy of the Constitution.

The Government is thoroughly *right* in the position it has taken,—and may appeal, boldly and confidently, to the world and to posterity for the vindication of its motives. It would be recreant to principle and humanity if it failed to put forth every possible effort to sustain the Constitution, and crush out any attempt that may be made to overthrow its authority. We believe its efforts will be crowned with success. We believe that when it is once perceived that the Government intends to vindicate its supremacy, that it will assert its authority by force, if necessary, and that it has the sincere and hearty support of the great body of the people in so doing,—the great body of Union men in the Southern States will take ground openly against those who have misled and betrayed them, and rally to the support of the flag which has given them security at home and respect abroad for so many years.

New-York and the Union.

We trust the Legislature at Albany will not adjourn without making effective preparations for the fearful contingencies of the coming Summer. Wild and absurd as the project may seem, indications are not wanting that JEFFERSON DAVIS seriously contemplates an invasion of the Northern States, with a view mainly to the seizure of Washington. The possession of the Capital would give the new Confederacy a prodigious *prestige* in the eyes of the world,—and would of itself, if successfully accomplished, decide the course of the Border Slaveholding States.

It cannot have escaped notice that Mr. DAVIS is collecting an army far more numerous and powerful than will be required by any contingency of home service. He knows perfectly well that not a solitary soldier of the United States will ever set foot on Southern soil for any purpose of invasion, or for any other object than to hold the forts now in possession of the Government. He will soon have an effective force of at least 25,000 men. What does he intend to do with them? They will not be needed at home. Under existing circumstances they cannot be used against Mexico. Is it entirely absurd to suppose that Mr. DAVIS may meditate a bold and dashing movement upon Washington? With the railroads at his command, a very few days would suffice to place a very formidable force at the very gates of the Capital.

The recent movements of BEN MCCULLOCH in Virginia strengthen this suspicion of designs upon Washington. It is very well understood that he has been enlisting men for such a service; and it is easy to see how they would prove of very essential service in case of such a movement on the part of JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Under these circumstances it is clearly the part of wisdom and of patriotism to be prepared for the threatened contingency. The Government ought to have at instant command a force sufficient to repel any attack that can possibly be made upon Washington. And the State of New-York ought to be in position to send aid and assistance proportionate to her great power and wealth. She is the first of the States,—the foremost in population and in wealth, and must be foremost also in meeting any danger that may threaten the existence of the Union. We hope the Legislature will make whatever preparations may be needed for rendering the aid of this State to the General Government prompt and effectual.

The Fifteen Million Loan—National Credit and Repudiation.

We have it from good authority that $5,000,000, the first installment of the $15,000,000 8 per cent. loan of the Confederated States, are now being apportioned among the Banks of New-Orleans, Mobile, Savannah and Charleston, with some small allotments to other places. In other words, the precedent of the South Carolina *forced* loan is to be copied on a grand scale. The tally is already made up, and the victims are notified of the amount expected from each. *Three million of dollars* are allotted to the Banks of New-Orleans. This is a sad damper upon the enthusiasm of secession, so that for several days past we have had no jubilant telegrams from that city. An ominous quiet has prevailed. This is the first real taste of secession. The agreeable prelude, the great theft of the United States Mint, did not last long. More money was wanted. The new loan was created, but no anxious bidders crowded around the Treasury benches entreating for the privilege of subscribing to it, notwithstanding the telegraphs so ostentatiously sent over the country, repeating the announcement that it was all subscribed for at *par*. All these boastings were simply confessions that the loan could not be sold at all, and to divert public attention from this disagreeable fact. Not a cent could be had in open market, in which our Government can get millions at will. The South was never flush of money, and the few that possess it regard secession with a hatred, of which we at the North have a feeble conception. It can be had of them only by *pressure*. A second attempt of the kind can hardly be made, which shows the very limited tether of the new Government, and explains the great anxiety that Mr. DAVIS has manifested to postpone hostilities. He cannot move or maintain large bodies of troops for want of *cash*. This is the *sine qua non* of all operations, both civil and military. In these days, success is measured by the length of purse. War no longer depends upon personal prowess, but upon the number of ships a people can put afloat, and the number of soldiers they can clothe, feed and arm. A Government that has no other resource for these objects than forced loans is not far from its end.

It would be strange if the Confederated States could borrow, even assuming they had a stable and permanent Government. Could the State of Mississippi? Not a penny. Why? Because under the lead of Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS, now President of the Confederated States, she has solemnly repudiated her honest debts. To the arguments of the bond-payers he replied:

> "That the bonds of the State were purchased by the Bank of the United States, (of Pennsylvania,) then just tottering to a fall. That they were purchased in violation of the charter of the Bank of the United States, by concealing the transaction under the name of an individual. When the Bank purchased the bonds issued to the Union Bank (of Mississippi) it was in the power of every stockholder of the Bank of the United States to learn that the bonds were issued in disregard of the Constitution of the State."

There never was a pretence that the State did not receive in *cash* the full nominal value of the Bonds, or of any bad faith in the transaction. So far from its having been in the power of the purchasers of the Bonds to learn that they were issued in disregard of the Constitution, the Supreme Court of the State, the authoritative interpreter of its Constitution, has decided that the Bonds *were* issued in conformity to the Constitution, and in a suit against the State, has given judgment for the full amount of the Bonds sued on interest.

Not the slightest notice was taken by the Legislature or people of this decision. Under Mr. DAVIS' lead, the repudiating party carried everything before them, and it is a remarkable fact that at the same poll that made Mr. PIERCE President and Mr. DAVIS Secretary of State, the people of the State, in the most solemn and formal manner, declared to the world that they would not pay their debts—the first popular act of the kind in history. Mr. DAVIS immediately became the master-spirit of the new Adminstration, and commenced his intrigues which have at last ended in the disruption of the Union.

In what money market in the world can a Government, with such a Chief Executive, have the impudence to show itself? Mr. DAVIS would be hooted out of every respectable company of money-changers, both at home and abroad. Let him go to Europe. Who would he meet there? The PEABODIES, the ROTHSCHILDS, and the HOPES, whose portfolios are stuffed with bonds, repudiated through his instrumentality. The State of Mississippi has done more to disgrace our country at home and abroad than all our other short-comings together. Mr. DAVIS is the real author of this disgrace, which should, as it will, consign him and his State to everlasting infamy.

Suppose a loan were effected, who is to pay it? The leading principle in the Constitution of the Confederate States is *that any member of it may retire from the copartnership at will*. In such an event, how is the loan to be apportioned? Nothing is more probable than that some one of the States may take speedy leave of the rest. All will find their positions infinitely more uncomfortable than in the Union. One after another may go, till none are left but the delectable States of Mississippi and Florida, upon which, as the surviving partners, the whole burden may fall. What would the debt against these be worth? Who is going to lend money to such concern, any or all the members of which may slip out of it whenever they may fancy to do so? The whole proceeding thus far is a regular *confidence* game, too bold to entrap even Southern patriots.

But there are other reasons why the Confederated States cannot borrow. The Government improvised at Montgomery is nothing but a self-constituted oligarchy. In what State dare they meet the people at the polls? Who ever heard, in a free country, of the monstrous assumption that the people are not to pass upon their fundamental laws? Did it not anticipate defeat, it would not dispense with this indorsement of its acts. What is to prevent this Government breaking into two or three confederacies upon any fancy or affront? Capital does not trust such excessive levity. Its instinct is as unerring as natural laws. Whether located North or South, it calls the seizure of the mint at New-Orleans, and the Navy-yard at Pensacola, and innumerable similar acts of the kind, *theft*, and will not trust the thieves, but will seek people who respect their obligations and cherish a sacred regard for law. Property at the South will be transferred North just as fast as it can be.

If secession goes on, neither the Confederated nor individual States can pay. It will not be six months before some of the latter will be in default. They are undergoing a revolution which for the time paralyzes all the industrial operations of society, exhausting its means, and reducing it to absolute beggary. In view of secession, the bonds of the State of Virginia are selling at 70, and those of Missouri at 60 cents on the dollar. What a commentary this upon the material effect of secession! If Virginia secedes, her debt of some $40,000,000 is rubbed out. There is no help for it. Already are the sources of her prosperity at the South being dried up. Their means are wasted in the military efforts. Trade is well nigh destroyed. All enterprises have come to a stand. A large number of Railroad Companies are failing to meet their obligations. The mode resorted to, to raise present means, will cripple their Banks, which now carry forward the machinery of business. In some portions of the South, as in Texas, anarchy threatens to extinguish all order and authority.

From all such communities property flees as from a pestilence. Property is based upon law, and when the latter is violated, the former is destroyed. It cannot be very long before it will be asked at the South, and in very audible tones too, what has been gained by secession? Where is the direct trade promised? Where is the gold and silver in return for their cotton? Not a penny goes South to stay there. Their banks are still wallowing in the mire. To pay duties to the new Confederacy the gold has to be purchased at an enormous premium. All that can be obtained has to be sent off North to buy food and munitions of war. The forced loans from the banks is a most fatal step. A loan from them is so much active capital lost, as the amount will immediately go North for the purposes stated. In whatever light viewed secession is self-immolation.

It cannot be otherwise. A great wrong must have a great penalty. A community that recklessly subverts all its legal relations, subverts at the same time its material prosperity. The South are being taught the lesson of their folly. Let us avoid the penalty they are suffering, by a prompt and generous support of the laws and of Government, as the only means of preserving social order, and of continuing to us our marvelous material progress.

"Bluster and Back Down."

In these words that hoary Disunionist, EDMUND RUFFIN, now of South Carolina, blusteringly characterizes what he believes to be the spirit and policy of the Union States in regard to secession. It is astonishing how universally the idea of the cowardliness of those whom they now term their enemies prevails among the South Carolina and other fire-eating fanatics. Not only do they perpetually taunt the men of the North with the most abject poltroonery, but the Border Union States also, as Tennessee and Kentucky, and even the loyal men in their own midst, are accused of a pusillanimity as contemptible as the heroism they claim for themselves is sublime. They seem to think that not only the whole of the *brains* of the nation belong, as WIGFALL avers, to themselves, but that they also have the monopoly of that physical or metaphysical quality known as *pluck*. Extravagant as it may seem, it is actually the belief of nine-tenths of the South Carolina fire-eaters today, that such is the terror of their name and their superhuman prowess in warlike exploit, that did but the "Rhett Guards," or the "Whippy-Swamp Avengers," or other company of scowling heroes, raise their dread ensign in Washington or New York, SCOTT and all his hirelings, SANFORD and his Abolition cohorts, would rush helter-skelter into the Potomac and the Hudson to escape their all-devouring blades. The braggadocio of their military and political leaders, and of their press, actually realizes the absurdest types of Spanish-American rhodomontade; while their contempt for the cowardice of those of their fellow-countrymen who, at the worst, are but guilty of an intellectual disagreement with them, knows no limit. It was long a solemn article in the creed of the jolly British tar that one Briton was as good as three Frenchmen, while every man in the *corps d'armée* of France, in turn, as devoutly believed that one Frenchman was equal to at least half a dozen Englishmen; and neither of these theories are altogether outside of the bounds of reason,—indeed, striking confirmations of the truth of them both can easily be found in the course of the interminable wars of England with France. But your genuine fire-eating Carolina blockhead—though, unfortunately for him, history has as yet furnished no basis for his faith—establishes no such modest equation between himself and the twenty-seven millions of other Americans yet to be found outside of the limits of South Carolina. Indeed, with him there seems to be virtually but two divisions of the human species—Carolinians and cowards; and what one whale is to an infinite shoal of minnows, so is one of the former to an indefinite number of the latter.

Now this, it is true, is not a matter either to be reasoned about or contradicted. Cities have fallen before the blast of ram's horns before now; Samson with the jaw of a jackass slew heaps upon heaps of Philistines; and we even read in Sacred Writ of one man, in certain contingencies, putting ten thousand to flight; the Spartans at Thermopylæ, the Scotch at Bannockburn, and the Yankees at Bunker Hill, all performed deeds which beforehand might well have seemed incredible; and the grand inspiration of an idea often rapidly transmutes apparent impossibilities into accomplished facts. Neither is the genuine manly heroism of our seceding countrymen at all in dispute. Their training, their traditions and their institutions create and demand the frequent exercise of great physical courage; and, whether as Tories or Whigs, the Carolinians of '76 and '46 show about as good a record as their brethren in other States and other times.

What is objectionable, however, and in special ill-taste at the present time, is their loud and violent claim of the exclusive possession of what is certainly a very general human, as well as brute, characteristic. What history shows all nations, and phrenology proves almost every man, to be possessed of, they seem to consider a special gift to themselves from some local god. Still, as we said, the question is one not to be argued; and it may perhaps be the case that only the events of the swift-coming time, and the history of the future, will demonstrate these philosophical truths to their satisfaction.

Probably our present troubles are owing as much as anything else to the balderdash which has been so industriously propagated by the conspirators all over the South, that, under no conceivable circumstances of aggression or insult could the cowardly North be forced into defence at arms against the insolent oligarchs who fancied they held life-rule over them. Latterly the strange spectacle—may it not be called the terrible experiment?—of war on one side and peace on the other, has emboldened them to attempt the most desperate aggressions. Even that magnanimous forbearance which is the characteristic of conscious power, they attribute only to ever-increasing pusillanimity, while they exaggerate their own strength just in proportion to their real weakness.

But the people of the United States are now beginning to discover that the readiness to maintain their rights against all comers, and on any field, is the only security for the continued enjoyment of these rights.

Mr. RUFFIN and others may perhaps be mistaken in their idea that the spirit or the policy of the American people can hereafter, at least, justly be described by "bluster and back down."

An Agent of Secession.

The *Journal of Commerce* persists in its championship of Secession. Its hostility towards the Government of the United States is almost as frank and open as that of the *Herald*. Here is what it says of the purpose of the Government to maintain its authority:

> "The people of the South *cannot but regard the movements and acts of the Administration in the light of coercion*. They must be taken to be an attempted fulfillment, so far as they go, of the doctrines proclaimed by President LINCOLN in his Inaugural, and which we were severely censured in Republican quarters for interpreting as foreshadowing a warlike policy. In the present attitude of the parties, a determination to occupy and possess the forts in the Confederate States, *is simply a determination to convert this Government from a voluntary system into a system of force, where one portion is held, against its will, subject to the other and stronger portion*."

Did the *Journal of Commerce* ever hear of a Government on the face of the earth that did not involve the idea of *force*,—that did not maintain its authority by force, if necessary,—that did not assert the right to compel obedience to the laws it had enacted? What does the *Journal* understand by a "*voluntary* system" of government? Is it a system under which a section, a State, a county, a town, or an individual, owes obedience only so long as he or it may see fit to render it? May a minority repudiate the authority and supremacy of the Government at pleasure? Is the fact that one portion is "*stronger* than the other," to be conclusive *against* its exercise of authority?

We shall feel obliged to the *Journal of Commerce*, on behalf of the public, if it will answer these questions. It has undertaken the vindication of secession. It justifies day after day, directly or indirectly, the action of those States which are in arms against the Federal Government. It denounces, day after day, the Government of the United States for endeavoring to protect itself against destruction,—for seeking to maintain its constitutional authority, and to protect the property committed to its care. We should like to know the basis on which it vindicates a course so flagrantly hostile to every dictate of patriotism and of enlightened self-interest: What does it,—or what do the merchants for whom it aims to speak,—hope to gain by the overthrow of the Constitution which gives them protection,—the destruction of the Government which gives them a country? If we could see how the *Journal* or its clients could make money by the catastrophe they invite, we could understand, if we could not excuse, the motives of their action. But they are only pulling down the pillars of their own prosperity, in seeking to undermine and overthrow the Government of the United States. They have not even the poor excuse of selfishness for the unpatriotic course which they pursue.

A Questionable Style of Newspaper Competition.

We never take exception to any fair and legitimate means which any of our cotemporaries may take to commend themselves in preference to us to public favor. The following card, which appears at the head of the editorial columns of yesterday's *Tribune*, however, forms an exception to this rule:

> TO ADVERTISERS—THE TRIBUNE THE BEST MEDIUM.
>
> *To the Publisher of the New-York Tribune:*
>
> SIR: We take great pleasure in informing you of the following facts—showing as it does the superior excellence of the *Tribune* as an advertising medium:
>
> In the early part of last week we advertised *The American Newspaper Directory and Record of the Press in mostly all of the daily papers of this City*, and in a few days after we received letters covering orders for the book from various parts of the country, and, strange to say, in every case our advertisement in the *Tribune* had been cut out, and inclosed in each letter.
>
> This proves conclusively to our mind the *Tribune* is *the only medium through which advertisers can reach the whole country*. We have gained more by advertising in it, so far, than we have *from all the other dailies put together*, and feel so pleased with the result of our advertising in the *Tribune*, that we can not help letting you know it.
>
> We are, respectfully yours,
>
> WATSON & CO., Publishers.
>
> N. B.—You will please see that our advertisement in the *Weekly* goes into the next edition for California. WATSON & CO.
>
> No. 102 NASSAU-STREET, NEW-YORK, April 8, 1861.

The object of this card is to assure the public, on the authority of "WATSON & Co., Publishers," that, after thorough trial of all the daily papers in New-York, the *Tribune* is the only one by which advertisers can make their wants known to the country. We have to say in regard to this impudent pretension,

1. That WATSON & Co., Publishers, never advertised their book, nor any thing else in the columns of the TIMES,—and cannot possibly say, therefore, what would be the result of such an experiment.

2. That the firm of "WATSON & Co., Publishers," is as nearly *bogus* as anything can be which has a sign over the door. It is utterly unknown in the City,—has no publishing establishment, does no known or recognized business, has never pretended to issue but one book, and is not to be found, either at No. 102 Nassau-street, or in the City Directory.

3. That the Mr. WATSON who figures as senior member of the firm in question, is employed as *wrapper-writer* in the *Tribune* office:—and the other person who is said to be the "Co.," is, or has recently been employed as *errand-boy* in the same establishment.

How far such a card, got up under such circumstances, ought to influence the business community in the disposition of their advertising patronage, we leave them to judge. We regret sincerely that the proprietors of the *Tribune* should find it necessary to resort to so flagrant and discreditable a device, in order to replenish their advertising columns.

—Capt. R. C. Dean, one of the most gallant young officers in the service, recently appointed Assistant-Adjutant-General United States Army, is stopping at the Metropolitan. He has been ordered to the California Department, and will sail hence in the *Northern Light* to-day.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Long Locks once more—Troy University Loan—Nice Time in Executive Session—Superintendent of the Bank Department—Metropolitan Health Bill Passed the Assembly—Military Appropriation Bill—The Prospect of Adjournment.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 10, 1861.

We were on the eve of a bit of [illegible] in the Senate Grinding Committee, last [illegible] of a question of veracity, between Senators GRANT and FIERO, but which was spoiled by the officious interference of the other Senators present. Some bill, [illegible] to that sequestered region represented by the above-mentioned Senators, was under advisement, when Senator F. intimated that the [illegible], made by Senator GRANT, could not be [illegible] Granted. Senator GRANT replied in a [illegible] style, when the former reiterated the charge in shorter and more emphatic terms, and the latter proceeded instantly to coercion by attempting a personal assault upon Senator FIERO. What he would have done, or how he would have been received by Senator FIERO, we are forever been debarred from knowing by those who interfered, as is unfortunately so often the case in similar crises.

The Assembly were brought into the consideration of the Long Locks affair by a reconsideration of the vote in the afternoon, and a discussion ensued which lasted until between 10 and 11 o'clock last night. Speaker LITTLEJOHN and Mr. PIERCE on one side, and Messrs. ROBINSON and KERNAN on the other, mainly sustained the debate, the latter denouncing the bill as making a contract, while the Constitution required all canal contracts to be let to the lowest bidder. The Speaker was of the opinion that many other men of less pretensions than those gentlemen were equally as good judges of constitutional law, but the Assembly were evidently of the opinion that Messrs. R. and K. were right in that particular, and the bill was severely killed.

The Senate passed most of this morning's session in debating the bill for a loan of $50,000 to the Troy University. It is called a loan, as the bill so calls it, and provides for an annual interest of 1 per cent., but the general opinion appears to be that if the State gives the money it will never get it back, and the history of all previous grants of that kind appears to give confirmation to this belief. It was opposed strenuously by Senator SESSIONS on the ground that there was an express constitutional prohibition against the loan, as it is to be from the United States deposit fund, which is dedicated by the Constitution to the Common School Fund. Senator RAMSEY appears to be active in support of the measure, which fact, taken in connection with similar manifestations in the other House, has given rise to the impression that this bill and Susquehannah are riding together.

Without disposing of that matter, the Senate went into Executive Session, when two hours were passed in fraternal intercourse, which, at the time of rising for the purpose of adjournment, had resulted in nothing. The Executive Session will be resumed at the afternoon session, when the fight will be continued until its close. It is understood that the disturbing element is the nomination for Superintendent of the Banking Department, but has not reference so much to the qualifications of the nominee as to certain collateral issues. The Senate, or rather certain Senators, feel that a trick has been attempted to be played upon them, by the Governor withholding all knowledge of Gen. COOK's resignation until he sent in the nomination of his successor. They insist that there is and shall be some meaning to the words "by the advice and consent of the Senate."

The event of the day in the Assembly has been the passage through that body of the Metropolitan Health bill. It has been strenuously opposed in the Assembly, but still more effectually outside of its bar, and perhaps few measures of the session have had a more energetic lobby fighting it at every point. The effect of this was shown in the dodging of several members who had no political friends to be thrown out of place by this bill, and therefore without the reason for opposing it that the minority of the House can plead, but had reasons of a different nature for not voting for it, and were absent at the call. At one time it appeared that so many were absent, there would not be enough to pass the bill, but by the almost superhuman exertions of Mr. CAMP and others, those within reach were put through, brought in and almost compelled to vote on one side or the other. In fact, the zeal of the tall member from Westchester was so evident, that the point of order was raised by Mr. DARCY that he was voting more than the number of times allowed by the Constitution and rules of the House. At length the call was finished and the result announced, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Ainsworth, L. C. Andrus, W. Andrus, Anthony, Bailey, Baldwin, Ball, Barber, Benedict, Benton, Birdsall, Brewster, Bryan, Burr, Camp, Carter, Catlin, Chapman, Chittenden, Collin, Comstock, Doolittle, Dutcher, Dwight, Ellingwood, Emerick, Farnum, Field, Finch, Fish, Fisher, Fullerton, Hyatt, Kinney, Lambrecht, Lasher, S. E. Lewis, Lord, Loughran, May, Merritt, Montague, Moore, Myers, Norton, Philbrick, Pierce, Prendergast, Randall, Rice, Richardson, Roberts, Robinson, Salisbury, Sanford, Scovell, Sherer, Shull, H. Smith, H. P. Smith, J. Smith, Speaker, Sumner, Turner, Tuthill, Waterbury, Watson, Wells, Wiard, Wright.—70.

NAYS—Messrs. Arcularius, Barnes, Bedell, Belles, Buckbee, Callahan, Corning, Cozans, Darcy, Davis, Ferris, Fulton, Hardy Gardner, Hutchings, Johnson, Kenny, Kernan, Knapp, Lansing, Long, McDermott, Macomber, Markell, Mekeel, Nesbitt, Shaw, Taber, Townsend, Varian, Walsh, Webster, Wheeler, Woodruff—34.

The military Appropriation bill was recommitted, with instructions to be amended so as not to be mandatory, but leave it at the discretion of the officers named in the bill, when and how much thereof, it shall be necessary to be used for the purposes of the bill.

There are constant efforts for an early adjournment, but unless a resolution providing for that event shall pass within the next twenty-four hours, events may develop themselves that will postpone it almost indefinitely.

NEW-YORK STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 10.

Mr. J. MCLEOD MURPHY made a majority report favorable to the bill appropriating $50,000 to the Troy University.

Mr. SESSIONS made a minority report unfavorable to the same.

The question on the substitution of the minority for the majority report was discussed up to the hour of Executive Session.

In Executive Session, Mr. VAN DYCK's nomination as Bank Superintendent was postponed indefinitely, by 17 to 15.

The Troy University bill was lost.

The Senate declined to send a Conference Committee of Three, on the part of the Senate, relative to the Supply bill, and appointed five.

Mr. GARDNER presented a minority report against the Swill-milk bill.

Mr. MANIERRE reported complete on the bill to authorize the Corporation of New-York to borrow money.

Mr. SPINOLA reported favorably the bill to widen Bushwick-avenue, Brooklyn.

Mr. GARDNER reported unfavorably on the same; also, the majority and minority report in relation to Prorpect-square, Brooklyn.

A communication was presented from the five Republican Commissioners to the Peace Convention at Washington, replying to Mr. FIELD's explanation of his absence from the Conference when the vote was taken on the proposed amendments to the Constitution, stating that Mr. FIELD did not attend to his duties, and in consequence of his absence the vote of New-York was divided.

The bill for the more certain punishment of crime and vagrancy in New-York City was passed.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Wednesday, April 10.

There is considerable bustle and excitement about the Assembly Chamber this morning. Third-reading bills were laid on the table half an hour, to let in reports on bills.

A number of bills were reported complete, among them being the New-York City annual Tax-levy; to amend the charter of the Long Island Steamboat Company; to erect the new County of Highland; in relation to cases of murder and arson occurring prior to the 4th of May, 1860; confirming the John Slatery Eightieth-street contracts—all of which were ordered to a third reading.

The bill to regulate the sale of hay and straw in New-York and Brooklyn was reported adversely, and he report agreed to.

The Governor transmitted a resolution adopted by the people of Arkansas relative to Federal relations.

The House having become suddenly very thin, and there being rumors floating about that the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill might be put through suddenly by the Senate and sent down to the House, and passed over the Governor's veto, by the absence of members,—

Mr. KERNAN rose in his seat and gave notice that if the thinning of the House, apparently by design, continued, he would move a call of the House.

This intimation brought members back to their seats.

Mr. BIRDSALL having asked leave of absence for an indefinite period, Mr. PIERCE made opposition, insinuating that there was a motive for his (BIRDSALL's) absence, alluding to the Metropolitan Health bill, which Mr. BIRDSALL had supported thus far, and which would soon be brought up before the House, and insinuating that Mr. BIRDSALL did not wish to vote for it.

Mr. BIRDSALL replied, on a question of privilege stating his reasons for asking leave of absence, indignantly repudiating the charge made against him, and asserting that Mr. Pierce had on several occasions dodged voting on bills.

Mr. Pierce, on his part, denied the charge of dodging, but disclaimed any reflections on Mr. Birdsall's course.

The bill to amend the equalization tax came up on the third reading, and was lost, and on motion of Mr. Keenan a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The Annual Supply bill came from the Senate amended, and the House concurred.

On motion of Mr. Robinson a Committee of Conference was appointed on the part of the House.

Mr. Pierce called up the bill, laid on the table nearly two months ago, appropriating $500,000 to arm the militia of the State. Amidst considerable sensation the bill was taken from the table by 80 yeas to 25 nays.

Mr. Robinson then renewed his amendment, providing that none of the money should be expended unless the Governor, Comptroller, Secretary of State, and Lieutenant-Governor decide that it is necessary to call out militia for active service before the next meeting of the Legislature.

After warm opposition by Mr. Pierce, and an exciting discussion, the amendment was adopted by 76 to 23, and the bill recommitted for amendment.

Mr. Robinson called up from the table the bill to establish a Metropolitan Health District in New-York, Kings, and Richmond Counties. The motion was the signal for a hard pitched battle. Messrs. Hardy, Cozans, Young, and other New-York members making a fight against the bill, and a majority, led by Mr. Camp, who steadily pushed the bill to issue, opposing every motion calculated to occasion delay. After much discussion, the previous question was ordered, and under the pressure the bill was read a third time and passed. Ayes, 70; Noes, 35.

EVENING SESSION.

The bill to provide for the more certain prosecution of cases of vagrancy and other petty offences in police courts of New-York, was referred to the New-York delegation, to report complete.

The following bills were passed: To amend the act to widen Atlantic-avenue, Brooklyn; to amend the Long Island Railroad charter; to amend the charter of the Harmony Marine and Fire Insurance Company; to incorporate the German Hospital in the City of New-York.

The bill to authorize the Contracting Board to put all the canals of the State under contract for repairs, came up for a third reading.

Mr. Keenan reviewed the provisions of the bill, which he argued were of the most objectionable character, and moved to strike out the enacting clause. Carried.

The enacting clause was stricken from the bill in relation to bills of exchange, checks and promissory notes, falling due on holidays.

The bill relative to actions by the receivers of Mutual Insurance Companies was lost. A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Several attempts were made to reach the order of the resolutions, so as to move a final adjournment, all of which failed.

Adjourned.

INTERESTING FROM JAPAN.

Further Particulars of the Murder of the American Secretary of Legation.

The Funeral---Biographical Notice.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Kanagawa, Sunday, Jan. 6, 1861.

To the pioneers in this newly unlocked Empire of the East, the year 1860 closed with brighter hopes for the future. Trade was daily assuming a more healthy and stable character, and the days of anxiety in regard to the insecurity of life and property had, as we hoped, passed away not to return again. The New Year had hardly been ushered in, however, before Mr. Harris, who was spending the Holidays in Kanagawa, was waited on by two high officials, one being one of the Ambassadors sent to America, stating that they had been sent by their Government to request him, in company with the other foreign Ministers, to remove within the citadel or official quarter of Yeddo, instead of living scattered around in the suburbs, as they now are. They urged, too, that the Consuls residing in Kanagawa should go over the bay to Yokohama, the town selected by the Japanese for foreign residents, and around which they have dug a ditch 120 feet wide by 30 deep. The reasons alleged why they should do so were that the Government feared it might not be able to protect them in their exposed positions against a lot of vagibond Ronins, or discharged soldiers, who were supposed to be prowling about bent on some mischief, and who, it was insinuated, were disposed to exercise this propensity towards foreigners. None of the foreign representatives would, however, for a moment listen to any such proposals, and told them to say to their Government that they were living in places prescribed them under the treaties, and it *must* protect them where they were.

Almost simultaneously with this warning from the Government, rumors were being spread among the native as well as foreign inhabitants of the towns of Kanagawa and Yokohama, that these same vagabond Ronins were about to make an attack on these two towns to burn and plunder them. Strange to say, the Government seems to have no idea where these fellows might be found, though they were reported to be five or six hundred strong. A sort of veil or mystery seemed to hang over them, and one might almost suppose them to be so many spirits. Some half-dozen foreign men-of-war are in port, and the Ministers have insisted on the Government pointing out these mysterious chaps, saying they would send off men enough to annihilate them, if they were not able to do it themselves.

But this the Japanese did not see fit to do, and at length, after several days, told them that the danger was all over, and they had nothing more to fear from this source. The whole thing appeared so much like a farce, that most foreigners only laughed at it, and considered it a bugbear, gotten up, or taken advantage of, at least, by the Government, to frighten all of us into the smallest possible compass. In proof of not only their desire but ability to protect those who are living where they wish us to, viz., in Yokohama, they have brought into the Custom-house yard three pieces of canon, and every morning some one hundred or more Japanese soldiers, armed with shining cap-lock muskets, may be seen marching out, to be relieved by a fresh company for the next night's watch.

Everything is quiet now, however, and no fears are any longer entertained by any one, either for the safety of their lives or property, and we are looking at the whole matter as but the repetition of a similar performance that took place here a little less than a year ago.

Jan. 16.—This morning the American Consul at Kanagawa received a brief dispatch from Mr. Harris, in Yeddo, stating that Mr. Heusken, his Secretary and interpreter, was attacked last evening in the street by a body of armed men, and so severely wounded that he died some three hours afterwards. Our little community is in a feverish state of excitement, and all feel gloomy and dejected at this sad and unexplainable occurrence. We are anxiously waiting for the particulars of the affair, which strikes so directly home to us all. The murder of the Secretary of our Legation politically considered is a matter of grave importance. Had it happened to have been the Secretary of any other Legation of the first-class Powers of the world here represented, we would have had some hopes of the Japanese being brought to account for this cold-blooded assassination; but knowing as well as we do the mean and niggardly policy of our country in the East, we have no idea that much, if anything, will be done in regard to the matter.

Jan. 19.—To-day a gentleman, who has been a guest with Mr. Harris, came down to Kanawaga, and from him we have full particulars as to the manner in which Mr. Heusken came to his death, and of the funeral, which took place yesterday.

Mr. Heusken, it seems, had for some time been in the habit of returning home from the quarters of the Prussian Embassy, where he had been assisting them in arranging their treaty regulations, about the same hour in the evening. On the one in question he set out as usual about 9 o'clock on horseback, accompanied by three mounted Japanese officials as a guard.

When about half way home, and while passing through a narrow street, with one of the officials riding ahead with three servants on foot, carrying lanterns to light and clear the way, and the other two riding close behind, the whole party was rushed upon from the side of the way by a body of half a dozen or more armed men accompanying their charge by the most fearful yells. First they struck out the lanterns, and then attacked the two on horseback at once, only beating the officials over the head, however, or cutting their horses.

Mr. Heusken immediately struck into a gallop, but too late to avoid a thrust from a sword or spear, and after riding about 200 yards he fell to the ground. He lay here for about half an hour, when the guard at Mr. Harris' temple being notified by some one, took him home. The surgeons from the Prussian Embassy were soon in attendance, and rendered him all the service in their power, but his wound proved mortal, and he died in the arms of l'Abbé Gerard about three hours after receiving it. The weapon entered the left side, wounding the spleen and passing quite through the body, pierced the opposite side.

The funeral took place on the afternoon of the 18th. He was buried in a beautiful quiet spot in the suburbs of Yeddo.

The order of procession was as follows:

1. (And opening the procession) came the five members composing the whole of the Lower House of the Government, and corresponding to the House of Commons in England. These were accompanied by all the principal officers of the Embassy to America, and all with large trains.
2. Five foreign flags, (American, English, French, Dutch and Prussian,) borne by Prussian sailors, with a Prussian guard.
3. The Prussian Brass Band, playing the matchless music of Bach and Mendelsohnn.
4. A guard of Prussian and Dutch marines.
5. M. l'Abbé Gerard.
6. The coffin, borne by sixteen persons in American uniform, covered by the American flag as a pall, and accompanied by eight Dutch marines.
7. Mr. DeWitt (Dutch Minister) and Mr. Harris, as chief mourners.
8. Mr. Alcock, (English Minister,) Count Eulenburg, (Prussian Envoy,) and M. De Bellcourt, (French Minister.)
8. All the *attachés* of the Foreign Legations in Yeddo, and a large number of Dutch and Prussian naval officers.

Such were the ceremonies observed on this mournful occasion. The day was one of the most beautiful of the season, and all passed off in the most quiet and dignified manner.

Jan. 28.—Twelve days have already passed since the assassination took place, yet as far as we have been able to learn, Mr. Harris has not received any satisfaction from the Japanese Government as to who were the perpetrators of this unprovoked and cold-blooded murder. The whole affair is shrouded in mystery, and we can only conjecture in regard to it.

Public opinion is very much divided as to who were the instigators of the murder. Some believe it to be the Government itself and say that it is but carrying out their policy in trying to frighten the Ministers into the Castle. I believe, however, that the Government had nothing to do with it, though I must say it acts strangely in regard to bringing the offenders to justice.

It is my opinion, and I am by no means alone in it, that it was instigated by some one of the almost independent Princes, who hates the Government, and also has an antipathy to foreigners, and that he has taken, as he may think, the means to revenge himself on both at once. viz., of committing an outrage which might set them to cutting each other's throat in a war, as he is aware that foreign nations know nothing but the acknowledged Government in settling such matters.

The English, French and Dutch Ministers seem to regard the matter in a much more serious light than Mr. Harris does, whom it most concerns. They say this murder has been committed by *somebody* and that *somebody* must be known to the Government, and that they have a right to know if it has been instigated by some rebel Prince, and who he is, so that they may know in what quarter to look for danger in future. There have now been six murders committed since the opening of the country, all unprovoked, and they have reason to believe emanating from the same source. Every one of the treaty Powers, Portugal and Prussia excepted, have had a subject or subjects killed or attacked, with the intent to kill, by the assassin, and *not one* of the offenders has ever been brought to justice.

They say also, if such things are allowed to go on unnoticed, where will these atrocities end, and what may the perpetrators of them, if not brought to justice either as instigators or actors, not be encouraged to do.

The Government acknowledges that their lives are daily and hourly in danger in Yeddo, from the fact of their having surrounded their places of residence by large bodies of armed men, and their residence there amounts to little less than positive imprisonment.

This the foreign Ministers (Mr. Harris excepted) consider beneath their dignity, as long as the Government refuses to give them any satisfaction as to who are their enemies. They have, therefore, decided to quit Yeddo for a time and take up their quarters in the foreign settlement at Yokohama, where they propose to dispense with the Japanese guards and see to protecting themselves. In accordance with this determination they have rented a newly erected hotel here, and yesterday came down to take possession of it.

The Consuls too (the Americans excepted) have come over from Kanagawa, and Mr. Harris and E. M. Dorr, the Consul at Kanagawa, are the only ones of all the foreign representatives that are to-day at their posts.

I understand that there is a good deal of feeling existing among the other Ministers against Mr. Harris because he will not join them in this step. It most certainly weakens the position they have taken in regard to this matter very much.

Mr. Harris declares he has no fears of his life, and sees not the slightest reason for the others deserting their posts at Yeddo. Every one is now asking the question, What is going to be done? What do the English and French Ministers expect and intend to accomplish by coming here?

It is stated that they have sent to China for reinforcements of ships and men, and that from this ground of their own protecting they intend to settle up some old scores of broken treaty stipulations, to set aright the currency question, &c. We must acknowledge that these matters need attending to bad enough, and if this is their intention, we say good luck to them.

Everything is exceedingly quiet here now, and no resident of this town who is not a downright coward, fears at all, either for his own or property's safety, from any acts of violence on the part of the Japanese.

We hope by the next mail to be able to give some explanation to the above queries, but at present no one appears to know anything about what is to be done, or how the affair will terminate.

The Prussians have their treaty at last. It was signed a day or two ago, and *since* the death of Mr. Huesken's.

Mr. Portman, who came out in the *Niagara* as interpreter to the Japanese Embassy, has been called to Yeddo by Mr. Harris, to fill the vacancy made by Mr. Huesken's death.

I-Shi-Ya.

Further Particulars of the Funeral—Biographical Notice of Mr. Heusken.

From Another Correspondent.

Yeddo, Sunday, Jan. 20, 1861.

The funeral of Mr. Heusken was to take place at 1 o'clock P. M., on the 18th. One hour before that time the five Japanese Governors of Foreign Affairs arrived, and requested an interview with Mr. Harris, to whom they said that information had been received of a conspiracy to make an attack on the foreign Ministers during the funeral ceremony. They requested that the Ministers should remain at home. Mr. Harris replied: "I and my colleagues are engaged to fulfill a sacred duty. No menacing danger can detain us from following the corpse of a dear friend to his grave. I have full confidence in the ability of the Japanese Government to protect us from injury. Should this, however, not be so, I shall try to protect myself." Afterwards he requested me to communicate the news to the Prussian Minister, and wished that the soldiers of the escort might be supplied with ball-cartridges, and have their muskets loaded; also, that a file of soldiers should be placed on both sides of the foreign Ministers.

At the appointed time the invited guests arrived, together with an escort of 30 marines and 20 sailors, under the command of Lieut. von Furoff, all from the Prussian squadron. The necessary preparations were soon made, and as the Dutch marines had not arrived at the appointed time, the procession left the Legation, Prussian soldiers supplying the place of the Hollanders, who, however, arrived before we had gone far, and took their appointed post. The heavy head wind and sea had prevented their arriving sooner.

The five Japanese Governors, at the head of the procession, were on horseback in their great State dress, (the same they wear when going to their Tycoon, or Emperor.) It is a very unusual thing for men of their rank to appear in public, in this manner. They never attend a funeral, except of a member of their own family. On this occasion they distinctly said that it was out of regard for Mr. Heusken, whom they had dearly loved, and out of regard for the Foreign Ministers, whom they wished to protect by their presence.

It seems to me right to state in this place that although the Tycoon, or Emperor, in time of war may assemble armies of millions, on ordinary occasions the Government has but few troops at its disposal. Japan is under a feudal rule. The cities have their municipal police, the Emperor his life guard, not over strong, to protect his castle. When more troops are needed, one or more Daimios, or Princes, are called upon to appear with their armed retainers. Of these Daimios, one part is favorable to receiving the foreigners in their country, the rest nourish hostile feelings against them. Government, although by spies supplied with general information, remain for a good part in doubt about the feelings of men, who know, perhaps better than any nation on earth, to conceal their resolves. By calling out the Daimio followers, the minister might order our would-be murderers to our protection, therefore they resolved to be on the place themselves, and observe the danger if it be near. Their conduct was that of gentlemen.

The graveyard for foreigners dying in Yeddo is at Zoringee. Through a narrow valley meanders a small stream, and a short distance from its banks, on the side of a hill, the American Legation is situated. A few miles higher up, the valley widens, and there, on the left, or north bank, is the temple and graveyard, situated in the midst of a fine grove of cedars and pine trees. Here, also, is the grave of the linguist of the British Legation, a Japanese by birth, an English subject by adoption, who met a violent death by the hands of some Japanese. The grave of our friend was dug in the northeastern corner, where the ground was sloping, and a large Daimio-grave crowned the hill. On the terrace surrounding the latter, the Japanese Governors had there placed the mourners; foreign Ministers and Consuls stood near the head of the grave; the friends of the deceased were on the right side, while the left as well as the fourth side of the square were lined with the troops forming the escort. This arrangement was made in order to make the approach to the presence of the foreign Ministers difficult, should any disturbance take place. In the above-described manner they were surrounded on three sides by their countrymen, whilst on the fourth the presence of the Japanese Governors protected them, as also did the sailors carrying and guarding the flags.

Abbé Girard performed the burial rites of the Catholic Church. A Budhist priest was on the ground, a witness to the ceremony. When all was finished, he began saying his prayers. The Abbé desired him not to do so, and he discontinued at once. Very little was said. Mr. Harris thanked in a few words his friends for their presence, and all went home in silence.

Mr. Heusken was born at Amsterdam, where his mother, a widow, lives still. Mr. Heusken left New-York in 1856, accompanying Mr. Harris to Siam, and later to Simoda, where both arrived Aug. 20, 1856. He accompanied Mr. Harris to Yeddo, arriving the first time Nov. 30, 1857, the second time, for signing the new treaty, Aug. 20, 1858, and finally, for a permanent residence, Feb. 7, 1859. If Mr. Harris was the head who carried such important negotiations, Mr. Heusken was certainly his right-hand, and more than one European Government is indebted to him and Mr. Harris for active support in their negotiations. In August, 1858, Admiral Putiatine left a number of Peruvian sailors sick with scurvy at Simoda. Mr. Harris supplied them with fresh provisions, (among other articles 300 chickens,) and Mr. Heusken tried his utmost to give them such comfort as was in his power. I have not learned that the kind offices of either gentleman have ever been properly acknowledged. When Lord Elgin arrived, (Aug. 13, 1858) Mr. Heusken, by Mr. Harris' invitation, went with him to Yeddo, and during the negotiations he acted as his interpreter. A golden snuff-box, with a very guarded letter, to say the least of it, was all the acknowledgment he received for it. During the negotiations between the Prussian Ambassador and the Japanese Government, he acted likewise as interpreter, and it is expected that in acknowledgment for this service the Prussian Government will pay a small pension to his widowed mother, whose only support he was. I wish that these lines might be read by some high-minded public-spirited man, who would cause proper action to be taken in Congress, that our country, in whose service Mr. Heusken died, might prove not less grateful toward his poor mother, for although her only son cannot be called to life again, she might be, at least, protected against wantin her old age.

W. H.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

Burglars Caught in a Clothing Store.—About 4 o'clock, yesterday morning, Officer Muldoon, of the Sixth Ward, observed two men inside of Levi's clothing store, No. 114 Bowery, and believing them to be burglars, he obtained assistance for the purpose of arresting them. A search of the premises resulted in showing that an entrance had been effected to the store through the rear window, and the burglars were found in the out-house. Yesterday forenoon they were taken before Justice Osborn, when they gave the names of Edwin Forrest and William Thornton. Both wore clothing which was identified as having been stolen from the store, and their pockets were filled with an assortment of fancy articles. It was also ascertained that the prisoners were guilty of another burglary on Saturday night last, at the clothing establishment No. 24 Bowery—a quantity of the goods which they obtained by the operation having been found at their lodging place, No. 58 Cherry-street. They were imprisoned for trial on both complaints.

Singular Accident with Firearms.—On Tuesday night a fire was occasioned through the carelessness of a man named Martin Kennedy, at No. 48 West-street, and the firemen were summoned to the place. On the way thither David Cooper, a member of Hook and Ladder Truck No. 14, pulled off his coat and threw it upon the top of the apparatus, causing a pistol to fall out of the pocket upon the pavement. It was discharged by the concussion, and the ball entered the leg of a man named Wm. Home, who was passing by, inflicting a painful wound. Mr. Home was removed to the Station-house by the Police, where he received surgical attendance, and afterwards he was taken to his residence, No. 110 Charles-street.

The Late Stabbing Affray in a Baxter-street Billiard-Saloon.—Coroner Jackman yesterday took the *ante-mortem* deposition of Thomas Eagan, lying at the New-York Hospital in a precarious condition, consequent upon a stab in the abdomen, received last Monday night at the hands of Jerolarmo Merrie, an Italian. Eagan deposed that he and several other persons went to Merrie's billiard-saloon, No. 31 Baxter-street, on Monday evening, when a fight occurred between Jerolarmo's brother and a man named Shay; he interfered to prevent mischief, when Jerolarmo stabbed him. The jury brought in a verdict against the Italian, who has been in custody ever since the occurrence, and the Coroner remanded him to the Tombs. Eagan is an Irishman, 33 years of age.

Commissioners of Emigration.—There was nothing done in this body yesterday for want of a quorum. The weekly statement represents the number of emigrants arrived at this port for the week ending yesterday, as 1,870—making a total since the first of January, of 10,071; number of inmates of the Institution on Ward's Island, 977. The receipts during the week for commutation of passengers, were $3,000—total receipts since January 1, $40,353 27; disbursements during the week, none. Balance of [illegible] 58, [illegible] of $1,321 49 on hand at the beginning of the year.

Funeral of Mr. Jerry Bryant.—The ceremonies attending the burial of Jerry Bryant took place in St. Patrick's Cathedral yesterday morning. A solemn requiem Mass was celebrated, after which the funeral sermon was preached by the Very Rev. Father Starrs, V. G. The attendance was quite large. After the service, the remains were removed to, and buried in, Calvary Cemetery. The front of the Hall, in which he had been a prominent performer, was draped in mourning while the funeral procession was passing.

The Inquest on Stephen Van Rensselaer.—Coroner Jackman yesterday morning held an inquest upon the body of Stephen Van Rensselaer, who committed suicide on Monday night, at No. 476½ Broadway. The evidence elicited fully corroborated the statement of the occurrence which was published in the Times, and a verdict of suicide by laudanum was rendered. The father of deceased testified that three years ago he attempted self-destruction by the same means, and his life was saved with great difficulty.

Death from a Fall.—James McCarty, a laborer employed at a building in process of erection at No. 80 Duane-street, fell from the second story to the ground, on Tuesday afternoon, and received injuries which yesterday resulted in his death. Coroner Jackman held an inquest upon the body. Deceased was 35 years of age, and lived in Twenty-eighth-street.

The Assistant United States District Attorneys.—Delafield Smith, Esq., the new United States District-Attorney, has appointed Ethan Allen, Esq., and Stuart L. Woodford, Esq., as his assistants. Mr. Allen is a young lawyer of superior talent, a graduate of Brown University, and was formerly connected with the Press in this City.

Fire in a Dwelling House.—A fire occurred at 4½ o'clock yesterday morning in the dwelling-house No. 495 Seventh-avenue, occupied by Mr. Chas. Knevals, doing damage to the furniture to the extent of $50; insured for $2,000 in the City Insurance Company of New-Haven. The fire was caused by one of the servants placing a candle too close to a bed.

The Adriatic.—The steamship *Adriatic*, now of the Galway line, is advertised to sail from New-York, on the 14th of May. Those wishing information as to the sailing of these ships, and price of passage, &c., may obtain it by calling on Wm. H. Wickham, at the office of the Company *on the dock* foot of Canal street.

The Bark E. A. Kinsman.—Argument was yesterday made before United States Commissioner Betts, in this case, to discharge the accused from arrest, on the ground that the affidavits on which they were arrested were not sufficient to hold them. The hearing in the case was postponed, and decision reserved.

Academy of Music.

It is not always a good plan to put too many ideas in a single work. Halevy, like a good many other men who have tried end exhausted this theory, discovered his mistake. He made a success with artists, but fired over the heads of the public, and "La Juive" in consequence has had but a spasmodic career. Mr. Maretzek produced it in this City during his Spring campaign last year, and obtained the applause of the critics. In a pecuniary point of view, the production was not a success. With a strange lack of judgment, Mr. Ullmann subsequently went over the same ground, and the indiscretion was attended with ruin. Last evening the Opera was revived, and an overflowing house witnessed it with satisfaction. It is good for a single night, but is evidently not relished as a permanency. The performance under Mr. Muzio's direction was excellent. Mme. Colson gave an admirable impersonation of the heroine, and sang the music with rare dramatic intensity. Miss Hinkley as the *Princess*, was a great improvement on the lady who preceded her in the *rôle*; Signor Susini as the *Cardinal* was admirable, and Signor Stigelli, of course, all that could be desired. The Opera will be given to-night at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

The Opera of "Linda di Chamounix" will be played on Friday; on Saturday, (*matinée*,) "Un Ballo in Maschera," and on Sunday, (as an Oratoria,) "Moses in Egypt."

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MARRIED.

Wiley—Halsted.—In Orange, N. J., on Wednesday, April 10, by Rev. John Crowell, Mr. Charles Wiley and Miss Julia, daughter of M. O. Halsted, Esq.

DIED.

Brown.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 10, Benjamin M., son of the late Benjamin M. Brown, in the 38th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the house of his brother in-law, John J. Marshall, No. 491 7th av., without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

Davis.—In this City, after a brief illness, Miss Hetty Davis, of Barnstable, Mass., aged 81 years.

Funeral on Friday, 12th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of John Davenport, No. 169 East 33d st., near 2d-av. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to be present, without further notice.

Dean.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, April 10, Carrie, wife of Joseph L. Dean, and youngest daughter of Isaac Van Cleef, aged 22 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 105 East 33d-st., this day, (Thursday,) at 3½ P. M., without further invitation.

Brown.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, April 9, Maria W. Freeman, wife of John G. Brown, aged [illegible] years, 3 months and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 212 6th av.

Cauldfield.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, April 10, of scarlet fever, George D., only son of George and Ellen Cauldfield, aged 2 years, 5 months and 5 days.

Funeral this (Thursday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 54 4th av.

Darling.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, April 9, Mrs. Elizabeth Darling, widow of the late Alex. Darling, aged 39 years.

Funeral to-day, (Thursday,) 11th inst., at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 618 Hudson-st. Friends are respectfully invited.

Stavey.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 10, Ernest B. Stavey, aged 61 years, 9 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 115 7th-av., this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

Tarbell.—In this City, on Monday evening, April 8, after a lingering illness, Robert Hart Tarbell, aged 28 years and 3 months.

The relatives and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of his brother, No. 154 West 50th st., between Broadway and 8th-av., on Thursday morning, at 9 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Newburgh, N. Y., for interment.

Moran.—In this City, on Monday night, April 8, after a lingering illness, Marie Anne Catharine, relict of the late Daniel Moran, of Brooklyn.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her sons, Charles, Daniel E. and Theodore T. Moran, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, without further invitation, from St. Ann's Church, 8th-st., on Thursday, 11th inst., at 10 A. M., where a Solemn Requiem Mass will be celebrated for the repose of her soul.

Hepburn.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 9, Mrs. Anne Hepburn, widow of the late Nathaniel Hepburn, of the City of New-York, aged 87 years, 5 months and 5 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her son, Peter Hepburn, No. 155 Sands st., corner of Gold, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Elliott.—Suddenly, Osborn Whitehouse, son of Henry and Mary A. Elliott, aged 1 year, 1 month and 5 days.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at Elliott-place, third door north from Hanson place, Brooklyn.

Fink.—In Cornwall, N. Y., on Friday, April 5, after a severe illness, Jane Ann, wife of J. Lawrence Fink, and daughter of James Jackson, aged 28 years and 16 days.

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The subscribers, Commissioners appointed to superintend the drawing of a Lottery authorized by the Legislature, having this day attended the drawing of the Kentucky State Lotteries for the benefit of the town of Frankfort, do hereby certify that the following are the numbers which were this day drawn from the wheel:

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS, No. 221.—April 10, 1861.
56, 72, 62, 59, 10, 47, 53, 17, 57, 39, 46, 34, 60, 26.
KENTUCKY, CLASS No. 222, April 10, 1861.
48, 9, 70, 41, 17, 34, 10, 55, 33, 27, 11, 67, 65, 39.

Witness our hands at Covington, Ky., this Wednesday, April 10, 1861.

Commissioners, J. P. NOONAN. JACKSON SPARROW, THOMAS BIRD.

Circulars containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
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NOTICE.—The tickets of our State Lotteries will hereafter be decided by the drawings of the Kentucky State Lotteries, at Covington, Kentucky.
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THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.
The following is an extract from a letter written by Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger," Chambersburgh, Penn.
BENEFACTRESS.

There is a woman in the public eye, whose name had all along been associated, in our mind, with the 'Yankee,' 'Quack,' and 'Humbug.' But it is so no longer, and we desire to wrest her name from all such suspicious associations in all other minds. Whatever notions we may have of womanly delicacy and propriety, we will all admit that woman alone is the Nurse—the good Nurse—the best Nurse. Whether we shall have female physicians or not is a question which must be decided by time and principle, and not as a matter of taste. Pride, prejudice, caprice and custom may as well behave themselves, for if there is really a want, there will also be a supply—if there be a 'calling,' there will be a 'coming.' Nature and Human Society are always self-supplying, and though Art and Fashion may hinder, they cannot prevent.

Mrs. Winslow does not want to treat you, gentlemen! nor does she prescribe a regimen for your wives; but modestly appears as a messenger of health and happiness to your infants in the cradle. Is there anything improper in that? A nurse of "ten years'" experience can boldly say what is or is not good for a babe—and ought to be listened to. God speed her on her humble but happy mission. She is the most successful physician and most effectual benefactress our little one ever enjoyed—her doting parents not excepted. Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the nursery. Of this we are so sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, collicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform—every part of it, nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other narcotic, by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life!

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E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 11, 1861, at 10½ o'clock, at the studio of S. S. [illegible], No. [illegible] East 14th-st., in consequence of his going abroad, pictures, engravings and other works of art, comprising rare and beautiful objects from almost all parts of the world, selected by the artist with great care, among which are that celebrated pitcher and salver which have attached so much attention for its workmanship; 2 arm chairs, which were formerly in the possession of Napoleon I.; a very fine Turkish chair, a superior [illegible] of Shaw's patent 4-burner gas stoves, one manakin, 1 [illegible], paint box, brushes, paints, carpet and many easels, and other things useful to artists. No postponement on account of the weather. May be seen on the day before the sale, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Catalogues at the office No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

Russell W. Westcott, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock precisely, RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT will sell the entire rich and costly furniture contained in the dwelling-house No. [illegible] 21st-st., between 7th and 8th avs., comprising a choice and valuable collection, the whole imperfect order, and to be peremptorily sold. Superb rosewood piano-forte, stool and cover; two magnificent suites rosewood parlor furniture, in rich brocatel; centre and pier tables, two elegant etageres, large mantel and pier mirrors, rich bronzes, marble groups, paintings, Turkish lounges and chairs, rich carpets, vases, silk and lace curtains, marble pedestals, with elegant rosewood chamber furniture, mattresses, &c., of every description. Oak dining-room furniture; rich glass ware, silver ware, French and Bohemian China, &c. Sale positive, rain or shine. Catalogues at house.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF FURNITURE, PAINTINGS, &c.

On FRIDAY, April 12, 1861,
at 10½ o'clock, at No. 216 Thompson-st., consisting of rosewood suites in brocatel and hair cloth, reception, sewing and easy chairs, centre tables, marble-top extension tables, mahogany book-case, rosewood hat stand, velvet, tapestry and ingrain carpets, brocatel curtains and shades, mirror and slab, bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, mattresses, &c.; china and glass-ware and kitchen furniture.

Also, oil-paintings, "St. Cecilia," cost $150; dining-room piece, cost $525; landscapes, engravings, &c. Catalogues at No. 35 Wall-st.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE VALUABLE PROPERTY.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, TO-MORROW, (Friday) at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

East Broadway, No. 26—Valuable house and lease of lot.

New Chambers and William streets—Northeast corner—Valuable corporation lease. Maps and full particulars at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

A. M. Merwin, Auctioneer.

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In Low's new building, Brooklyn, are on sale day and night for this week only.

C. M. Levy, Auctioneer, Office No 107 Macdougal-st.

C. M. LEVY, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 259 Greene-st., three doors from Clinton-place, the entire furniture of said house, which is of the best description, and made by Broadway manufacturers to order, viz.: Brussels carpets, pier and mantel glasses, bronzes, marble clock, statuette bronzes, large rich china vases, oil-paintings, fine rosewood parlor suites, covered in rich satin brocatel; centre and side rosewood marble-top tables, book-cases, easy chairs, lounges, elegant 7-octave rosewood piano and cover, ladies' escretoires and work table, elegant lace curtains, gas chandeliers, rich and new pattern; richly carved rosewood bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, commodes, handsome mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, &c.; pure hair mattresses and bedding, feather beds, bolsters and pillows; a large assortment of fine table ware, China dinner set, very richly engraved glassware, such as decanters, goblets, hock, champagne and wine glasses; silver-plated ware, kitchen utensils, &c. This sale offers more inducements to purchasers than any sale heretofore advertised, all the furniture being made expressly for the present occupant.

John Lloyd, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT ROSEWOOD FURNITURE.—JOHN LLOYD will sell on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, the entire Furniture contained in the four-story dwelling No 216 West 22d-st., between 8th and 9th avs., consisting of two elegant rosewood parlor suites, covered in blue and gold brocatel; one rosewood etagere, marble top centre table, one elegant carved rosewood 7-octave pianoforte, rosewood bedroom furniture, one elegant walnut wardrobe, marble-top dressing bureau, shaving stand, washstand; also, mahogany marble-top dressing bureau, secretary, bookcase, bedstead, washstand, elegant mahogany chairs in haircloth, tête-à-têtes, centre and card tables, and one large mahogany extension dining table, curtains, cornices, &c.; Axminster, Wilton, velvet and Brussels carpets, together with a large lot of kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence. Sale positive, rain or shine. Catalogues on the morning of the sale, at 7½ o'clock.

Thomas M. Franklin, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—No. 8 Albion-place.

FRANKLIN BROTHERS will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 420 Fourth-st., (Albion-place,)

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—All the furniture contained in the house, consisting in part of rosewood sofas, chairs and lounges covered with satin damask; do. centre table; mahogany bureaus; do. wardrobes; do. washstands; velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloth, china, glassware, &c., together with a general assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Also, pier glasses, very large.
Also, elegant gilt chandeliers.
Catalogues may be obtained at the office of the auctioneers, No. 50 Wall-st.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on FRIDAY, April 12, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery over the salesroom No. 23 Nassau st., fine cabinet oil paintings, being a small and select collection of fine cabinet pictures, the property of a gentleman going abroad, and purchased by him from the artists. Among them are the works of J. F. Cropsey, C. F. Blauvelt, J. A. Oertel, G. H. Hall, S. Coleman, Sanfant de Metz, Eastman, Johnson, Lemmens, Verron, A. Wierst, J. D. Blondell and others. Also a collection of water color drawings, being the entire collection of Mr. Waterson, who is about leaving for Europe. Also, a number of fine paintings and drawings received lately from the Hague, and a collection of drawings and etchings and miscellaneous paintings. Will be ready for exhibition on and from Tuesday, 9th inst., as above, with catalogues.

Joseph Hegeman, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M., at No. 94 Lawrence-st., between Willoughby-st. and Fulton-av., Brooklyn—Handsome Furniture, in good order—Rosewood piano, by Gilbert; 2 handsome French plate pier glasses, slabs and brackets; rosewood parlor suite, 8 pieces, in green plush; centre table, lace curtains, oil-paintings, mahogany marble top chamber furniture, tapestry, Brussels and ingrain carpets and oilcloths, gas fixtures, &c.

SAME DAY,
At 10½ o'clock A. M., at the Central Salesroom, Willoughby, corner of Pearl st.,
A large and general assortment of Furniture—Rosewood bookcase, with rosewood, mahogany and walnut parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, hair mattresses, carpets, oilcloths, &c.

Browne & Nichols, Auctioneers.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, AT 1 o'clock, at our salesrooms, No. 35 Nassau-st., sale of wagons, harness, &c., consisting of new and second-hand vehicles, described below:

One elegant jagger wagon, with pole and shafts.
One four-seat park wagon.
One Boston Rockaway.
One Concord wagon.
Two light trotting wagons.
Four light no-top buggies.
Three top buggies.
Double and single harness in great variety.

SATURDAY, April 13.
At 10½ o'clock, at the salesrooms, No. 35 Nassau-st., large sale of household furniture.
Particulars in time.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 15, 1861, at 11 o'clock, at No. 171 West 25th-st., near 8th-av., all the entire Furniture contained in the above house, consisting in part of mahogany piano, (Stoddart, maker,) cover and stool; rosewood pier table, marble top; mahogany sofas, chairs, oval and extension tables, side table, marble top; damask and brocatelle window curtains, mahogany and rosewood French bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, wardrobe, beds and bedding, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil cloths, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues at the office No. 3 Pine-st.

C. M. Levy, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—C. M. LEVY WILL SELL, TO-MORROW, (Friday,) April 12, at 10½ A. M., from No. 15 Clinton-place, all the rich and elegant household goods of a superbly furnished house, embracing in the assortment fine velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, two rosewood suites in rich brocatel covering, pier and mantel mirrors, brocatel and lace curtains, 7-octave rosewood piano, etageres, side and centre tables, richly carved rosewood bedroom suites, fine hair mattresses, feather beds, blankets, &c., &c. Catalogues at the house on morning of sale.

C. M. Levy, Auctioneer, Office No. 107 Macdougal-st.

C. M. LEVY WILL SELL, ON TUESDAY next, 16th inst., at No. [illegible] West 9th-st., near 6th-av., at 10½ o'clock, all the furniture contained in said house—elegant suites in satin brocatel, suites in haircloth, etageres, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, mantel and oval glasses, china vases, extension dining table, paintings, engravings, glass dinner service, cutlery, &c. All the furniture is of superior quality, having been made to order for the present occupant.

H. Dougherty, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, (THURSDAY,) April 11, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 296 West [illegible]-st., near 9th-av., the genteel furniture of a family declining housekeeping, consisting of elegant rosewood [illegible] octave, overstrung base, made by [illegible]; [illegible] mahogany tete-a-tete, mahogany [illegible] chairs, rosewood bedsteads, dressing bureaus, [illegible] bedding, three-ply and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, bookcases, extension dining-table, [illegible] cutlery, glassware, plated [illegible] cooking stove, kitchen furniture, &c.

[illegible], Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN NEWPORT, R. I.—To be sold at public auction on the premises, TUESDAY, April 16, at 11 o'clock A. M., the house and lot No. 13 Kay-st., belonging to the estate of the late Wm. R. [illegible], deceased.

AUCTION SALES.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By E. & F. H. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 11th inst., at No. 32 East 18th-st., at 10½ o'clock A. M., all the superb Furniture in the house, all of which was either made by Roux or imported from Paris, consisting of

DINING ROOM.

Brussels carpets, carved oak extension dining-table, oak dining chairs to match, covered in crimson morocco, superb inclosed oak buffet, superb French China dinner set and elegant cut glass in great variety.

DRAWING ROOMS.

Superb velvet medallion carpets, upright rosewood piano, made by Pleyel; elegant suite of carved rosewood covered in green satin brocatel, made to order by Roux; satin damask curtains to match, elegant carved rosewood centre table, which divides and forms two card tables; real mine and fratin bronze clocks and statuettes, carved oak suites, covered in pompadour reps; superb rosewood mirror, etageres, buhl and bronze ladies' work tables and work stand, ladies' parlor secretary, in rosewood; cabinets, quartettes, &c.; superb oil-paintings and engravings.

BEDROOMS.

Rosewood bedsteads and bureaus, Brussels carpets, one elegant French chilled iron ladies' jewelry safe or casket, Turkish chairs, night tables, &c., &c.

HALL.

Superb hanging black walnut hat stand and table, hall chairs, &c., &c.; stair carpets, &c. Also, the kitchen and basement furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEES' SALE OF SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By E. & F. SCHENCK—FRIDAY, 12th inst., at 11 o'clock, at their Salesroom, No. 141 Broadway, the stock of one of the first cabinetmakers of this City, consisting in part of elegant solid carved and plain rosewood suites, in satin and brocatel; superb rosewood armoure-a-glace, magnificent rosewood round-corner bedsteads and bureaus; do. in black-walnut, varnished and in oil; black and gilt cabinets, centre and work-tables, rosewood and walnut secretary and library bookcases, elegant rosewood etageres, carved walnut and oak buffets, extension tables and dining-room chairs, elegantly-carved oak dining-room sofas, oak and walnut library stair chairs, oak and walnut hall stands and chairs. Also, a large assortment of elegant mahogany parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture. The above elegant furniture is all of the very best manufacture, and will be positively sold by order of the assignee. It will be on exhibition at our salesroom on Thursday. The particular attention of those in want of elegant furniture is respectfully requested to this sale, and it is undoubtedly the finest sale of first class furniture that has taken place in this City.

J. B. FREEMAN, Assignee.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE OF THE ENTIRE valuable stock of liquors, wines, ales, segars, &c., together with the elegant fixtures and two years' lease of the well known vaults, No. 290 Broadway, by E. & F. H. SCHENCK, on SATURDAY, 13th inst., at 11 A. M. All the above valuable property can be seen at any time until the day of sale. Terms, which will be made easy, will be given at the time of sale. By order,

BENJ. ISAACS.

Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, (THURSDAY,) April 11, at 12½ o'clock, at the stock salesroom, No. 52 William-st., near Wall, a good variety of Insurance Stocks, Bank Stocks, Bonds and other miscellaneous securities, suitable for investments. For full particulars, see *Herald, Courier and Enquirer, Express, News, Commercial Advertiser* and *Evening Post*. Catalogues can be obtained at the salesroom. Next regular sale MONDAY, April 15. ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., Auctioneers and Stock Brokers, No. 52 William st.

Edward Pettinger, Auctioneer—Salesroom 109 Pearl-st.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF PRINTING PRESSES, MATERIALS, &c.—EDWARD PETTINGER will sell on MONDAY, April 15, at 10½ o'clock, the stock of presses, types, materials, &c., contained in the establishment of Bogart W. Roper, No. 72 Maiden-lane and No 7 Liberty-st. Sale peremptory. Terms cash. Catalogues ready at the Printing-office, and at the office of the auctioneer, No. 109 Pearl-st.

John Levison, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THE ENTIRE CONTENTS of the public house, known as "The Albion," No. 410 East 4th-st., on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10 o'clock A. M., consisting of black walnut and iron bedsteads, hair mattresses, tables, washstands, chairs, bureaus, oilcloth, matting, shades, carpets, wardrobes, mirrors, &c. Also, a variety of glass and china ware, urns, chafing dishes, casters, tureens, spittoons, paintings, &c., &c.

Geo. A. Leavitt & Co., Auctioneers—Trade Salerooms Nos 21 and 23 Mercer st.

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M., sale of an extensive collection of English law books, comprising tratise on civil laws, &c.
Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition.

M. C. Eddy, Auctioneer.

EZRA LUDLOW, JR., WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, for account of whom it may concern, the following bonds hypothecated, $4,500, Chicago and Cincinnati Railroad First Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Sinking Fund Bonds, viz.: four of $1,000 each; one of $500.

J. P. Montgomery, Auctioneer.

750 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction, on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, at store of J. F. Davis & Co., No. 16 Cortlandt-st., comprising a large assortment of fresh City made and Eastern goods, adapted to Spring trade.

J. E. WILLIAMS, AUCTIONEER, SALESROOM, No. 582 8th-av. Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week, at 10½ o'clock. Sales attended at private dwellings, when desired.

FARMS.

TWO FARMS FOR SALE OR TO LEASE AT THE VILLAGE OF SARATOGA SPRINGS.—Two very valuable farms for sale or to lease at the Village of Saratoga Springs. One of these farms contains about eighty acres of land, and is situated immediately adjoining the village, and the other farm contains about one hundred and sixty five acres, and is situated so near the village that both farms may be worked together, without inconvenience. The lands are well adapted to raising vegetables, which find a ready market in the village, or may be used for general farming purposes. Inquire of ELIZA B. JUMEL, Washington Heights, or NELSON CHASE, No. 46 Exchange-place, New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—AT TAPPAN, BERGEN County, N. J., 20 miles from Jersey City, half mile from Closter dépôt, of the Northern Railroad, containing 120 acres of the finest land in the country; is finely located for building plots or farming purposes. The whole or any part thereof to suit. For particulars, apply to SMITH & MEAD, No. 175 West 19th-st., corner 8th-av., or C. C. BANTA, No. 45 Leroy-st., New-York.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A FARM IN NEW-York or Connecticut, from 40 to 80 acres, with a running brook or pond on the place and some wood-land preferred; must be situated near a railroad dépôt or steamboat landing, within 2 or 3 hours of New-York City. Address, with price and full particulars, PURCHASER, Room No. 2, No. 532 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FARM CONTAINING 109 ACRES, beautifully located on the Hyde-Park Road, about one mile from the City of Poughkeepsie, susceptible of being divided to good advantage into a number of villa sites, commanding views of the Hudson River. The land is of superior quality. Apply to JOHN W. CORLIES, No. 32 Dey-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT LOWER CLOSter, five minutes' walk from dépôt, a farm of 28 acres; contains house and out-buildings, fruit &c.; one hour from the City by Northern Railroad, New-Jersey. Apply to HENRY DEMAREST, No. 40 West 33d-st., or of THOMAS H. HERRING, President Northern Railroad, foot of Cortlandt-st.

FOR EXCHANGE.—GOOD FARMING LANDS and city property in Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin, for New-York or Brooklyn property. Will put with the lands a fair proportion of cash.
J. O. HOYT, over Mechanics' Bank, Montague st., Brooklyn.

FARM WANTED—WITHIN A CONVENIENT distance of New-York, in exchange for fine first-class tenant-houses, yielding a handsome income.
S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED.—A RESIDENT IN THE COUNTRY, who has occasion to come to the City frequently, wishes to hire, unfurnished, the second floor of a small house, occupied by a private family, not far from 5th av., between 8th and 23d-sts. There must be a bathroom, and breakfast furnished when desired. Rent not to exceed $250 per annum. Address Box No. 929 New-York Post-office.

WANTED, IN EXCHANGE FOR PARK carriages and top buggies, latest style, cash price, a place in the country with from 1 to ten acres of land, good house and out-buildings, situated either on the New-Haven or Hudson River Railroad; or would exchange for a small house and lot in New-York City. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 33 Nassau-st., New-York.

A FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE WANTED FOR THE SUMMER.—A responsible party, having several families desirous of engaging country board for the Summer, would rent a full-sized preferred house, near and accessible to the City; Yonkers preferred. Address, with particulars, H. H. B., Box No. 139 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A COUNTRY seat, containing about 20 to 25 acres of cultivated land; the house furnished would be preferable; it must be located on a river or sound, and within twenty miles of Wall-st.; none others need answer. Address L. A. Y., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO HIRE.—THE USE DURING AN hour or two on Sundays only, of one or more apartments between Twenty-third and Fortieth-sts., near the East River, to accommodate a Mission Sabbath School. Address Box No. 4,062 Post-office.

WANTED—A FINE LARGE HOUSE, FOR A strictly first-class boarding-house; must have all the modern improvements, and be in good order. Location between Bleecker and 14th sts., and 2d and 6th avs. Address M. H., Box No. 177 *Times* Office, stating rent.

WANTED—A HOUSE, PARTLY FURNISHED OR not, above 14th-st., between 3d and 7th avs., where the owner or occupants will board for the rent, or in part; satisfactory references given. Address B., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF furniture, in all colors and styles, at wholesale and retail. Also, mattresses and palliasses.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway.

FIRST-CLASS ENAMELED FURNITURE—Plain, decorated and grained. Solid walnut and oak sets. Mattresses, spring beds, &c.
J. W. FISHER & CO., Manufacturers, No. 660 BROADWAY, between Bleecker and Bond sts.

A BEDROOM SUITE OF ENAMELLED furniture for $25, in all colors. Also, solid chestnut chamber suits, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster.

FURNITURE WANTED—TO FURNISH A house in Bond-st., for boarding, for which a monthly rent will be paid, or taken in board. Any person having such to rent will address G. L., Box No. 126 *Times* Office.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

WEDDING CARDS IN ELEGANT STYLES at low prices. See the Orange Blossom Wedding Envelopes. [illegible] at EVERDELL'S, 302 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW AND ELEGANT five-story, marble-front store on the northeast corner of Broome and Greene sts., 50 feet front on Broome-st., by 100 on Greene-st., with vaults on both streets, and basement 12 feet high. Can be divided into two stores if required.

Also, the first floor and basement of the adjoining store on Broome-st., 25x95 feet; both stores are built in the most substantial manner, and the vaults covered with granite flagging.

Also, a five-story, marble-front store, 22x75 feet, on the north side of Howard-st., 100 feet west of Broadway.

The above stores will be ready for occupation by the middle of April, or before.

Apply to ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., between 12 and 2 o'clock, or to Mr. GRIFFITH THOMAS, Architect, No. 472 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, TWO THREE-STORY brick houses, high stoops, basement, under-cellar, 12 rooms each, Nos. 38 to 42 Smith-street, with water, gas-fixtures complete, and in good order, one block from Fulton-av. cars, and two blocks from City Hall, in a first-class neighborhood. Apply to H. SMITH, corner Smith and Schermerhorn sts., or No. 247 Pearl-st., New-York.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED eating-house No. 80 Chatham-st., formerly occupied by Creok, with boiler, ranges, &c., all ready to commence business immediately. This is a first-rate opportunity for any person wishing to commence the business. For further particulars, apply to GEORGE JANEWAY, at Bergen Point, N. J., or to J. CROTHER, No. 90 Chatham st.

TO RENT ON MURRAY HILL—FURNISHED or unfurnished, one of the most desirable English basement houses in the City. The house has a depth of 100 feet, and half of the adjoining lot. Price, furnished, $2,500; without furniture, $2,000. Will be let for one or more years. Inquire of S. W. BENEDICT, Broadway, corner 38th-st.; or L. MURRAY FERRIS, Jr., No. 62 South-st.

TO LET.—PART OF HOUSE NO. 300 WEST 12TH-st., (late Troy-st.,) the second floor, two rooms on third floor, one room in the attic and back basement; good cellar, in good order, with modern improvements; family small; can be seen from 10 to 4; rent $360. Also, other parts of houses to let and a first-class house for sale, pleasantly located. Apply to N. ROE and S. D. WILSON, No. 260 Varick-st.

$3,500.—TO LET—THE STORE, WITH THREE lofts and basement, situated on Reade-st., corner of Elm, being near to Broadway, and having a front of about 50 feet. It has a very superior light, and is well suited to the wholesale grocery or other business. Apply to JAMES FOWLER KIRTLAND & CO., corner of Reade and Centre sts.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, No. 238 Adelphi-st., containing the modern improvements; house 21½x40; lot 100 feet deep; in good repair. Possession early; rent, $550. Also several smaller houses, with range, gas and water. Rents from $300 to $440. Apply to J. DAVENPORT, corner Fulton-av. and Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

BROADWAY STORE TO LEASE.—THE large, new, marble five-story building, 26⅓ by 130 feet, No. 724 Broadway, opposite the New-York Hotel, to lease, finished throughout in the most thorough manner; plate-glass windows, Croton fixtures, &c. Possession immediately. Apply to JOHN WOLFE, No. 38 Warren-st.

HOTEL TO LET.—THE HOTEL NO. 333 GREENwich-st., between Duane and Jay, convenient to the Hudson River Railroad and Erie Railroad dépôts, known as the Atlantic, formerly as the Wyoming Hotel. It is in good order, and can accommodate comfortably 100 guests. Inquire of ISRAEL COOK, No. 156 Reade-st., near Greenwich.

TO LET.—THE UPPER PART OF A THREE-story house in 12th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., with or without one basement. Four rooms on second floor; one containing bath, water-closet, &c.; and three rooms on third floor; a fine location. Rent, $450 or $500. Inquire of the Doctor, No. 183 6th-av.

TO LET—BROWN-STONE-FRONT HOUSE, NO. 107 West 36th-st., three stories; complete with all modern improvements; parlors frescoed in oil; now occupied by the owner. Rent $700 to a responsible party. Apply at No. 24 William-st., Room No. 15, or on the premises after 1 o'clock.

TO LET—ONE OF THE HANDSOME NEW 3-story brown-stone front dwelling houses, north side of 48th-st., near 2d-av., all complete and dry. Size 20x50 feet. Rent $600. Apply to J. FETTRIDGE, No. 415 3d-av., or FREDERICK H. BARTHOLOMEW, No. 115 Crosby-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN—The three-story brick basement houses, Nos. 5 and 21 West Baltic-st. No. 5 has all the modern improvements, and No. 21 will be improved to suit tenant. JULIUS BROWN, Agent, No. 271 Clinton-st., Brooklyn.
WM. W. STEPHENSON, No. 240 Broadway, N. Y.

TO LET—ON 27TH ST. WEST OF AND NEAR 6th-av., a 3-story high-stoop house, one of the upper floors to be occupied by the owner; has all modern improvements, and will be put in order to suit; has large yard; rent, to a good, private family $550. Inquire of L. E. DURNKEL, architect, No 953 Broadway.

TO LET.—THE FOLLOWING DWELLINGS, HAVing all the modern improvements, three story brick houses Nos. 85, 89 and 91 West 41st-st., near 7th-av and Broadway. Also, No. 239 West 31st-st., near 8th-av. Rents moderate. Apply to J. B. NONES, No. 262 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE.—THE VERY DESIRABLE rooms recently occupied by the Anchor Insurance Company, No. 32 Pine st. These rooms are splendidly furnished with all the appointments for a banking or insurance company. Furniture for sale cheap. Apply to JOHN RILEY, Receiver, No. 93 Wall-st.

TO LET—HOUSES WITH ALL THE MODERN improvements, and in good order, in Ludlow-place, (Houston-st., between Sullivan and Macdougal,) and in Macdougal-st., near Houston-st. Rent, $700.
F. B. TALLMADGE, No. 51 Macdougal st., or No. 56 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE STORE, SECOND AND THIRD floors of the building on the corner of 4th and Mercer sts. The second floor will be altered for a store and dwelling. Also, the 2d floor of the building, corner of 4th and Greene sts. Apply to McKENZIE & O'HARA, No. 365 4th-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE STORE, 25 BY 50 feet with plate-glass windows, No. 580 3d-av., corner 40th-st. A basement of the same size, finished, and 3 vaults, 15 by 25 feet each, well calculated for a large grocery, a hardware, druggist, &c. Inquire of PETER COUTANT, No. 469 3d-av.

TO LET.—THE SECOND FLOOR AND TWO rooms on the third, in a new brownstone house on north side of 48th st., near 3d-av. $250. House contains all improvements, and is occupied by the owner with a small family. Apply to J. SEXTON, Architect, No. 121 Nassau-st.

$400.—TO LET—THE SMALL STORE NO. 10 Reade-st., situated near Broadway, and having one large show-window, is adapted to some light business, or suitable for offices. Apply on the premises, to WM. WAKE.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT crab-stone front houses, Nos 69, 71 and 73 West 45th-st., in good order and with all modern improvements; rent $800. Apply to ALBERT HORN, No. 45 Beaver-st.

TO LET—THE 3-STORY HIGH BASEMENT house No. 183 West 24th-st., and parlor furniture for sale, or would be let partially furnished. Rent of house, $850. Apply on the premises; house in complete order; good neighborhood; modern improvements.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 459 BROOME ST., BEtween Broadway and Greene-st., suitable for a light business; the first floor has a depth of 70 feet, and would make a capital salesroom for a book-dealer. Apply to JOHN ALLAN, No. 17 Vandewater-st.

TO LET—OFFICES IN THE NEW BUILDING No. 207 Broadway, corner Fulton-st., suitable for banking, insurance, railroad companies, shipping, stationery, lawyers, architects, engravers, &c. Apply on the premises to J. M. JAQUES, Room No. 10.

TO LET—THREE MEDIUM SIZED THREE-STORY houses, with all the modern improvements, in Greene-st., between Spring and Prince. Apply to F. A. MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, Room No. 8.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with the modern improvements and in good order, 25 feet front, No. 5 Varick-place. Apply at office, No. 6 Bible House, Astor-place.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF NO. 133 EAST Broadway, to a small family, with not more than one child; gas throughout; rent $200; an attic room added, if needed.

TO LET—A FIRST-RATE CHANCE—THE STORE and dwelling part of house No. 104 Bowery. The store will be let without the dwelling. Rent low to a good tenant. Apply at No. 153 Bowery.

TO LET—IN CLERMONT-AV., BROOKLYN, near Lafayette-av., a neatly-finished house; brownstone front, English basement, three stories high. Apply to JOHN GOULD, No. 44 State-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—LOWER PART OF A GENTEEL THREE-story house, with all the modern improvements. Also, some rooms on second floor, if wanted. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire at No. 27 Market-st.

TO LET.—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house No. 289 West 19th st., replete with all the modern improvements. Inquire at Nos. 287 and 283 West 19th st.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—NO. 5 TIMES Building. Two parties will retain desk-rooms if agreeable, paying nearly one-half the rent. Offices are excepted. Inquire at the *Times* counting-room.

TO LET OR LEASE.—THE NEW FOUR-STORY brown stone front house, No. 113 East 34th-st.; has all the modern improvements. Inquire of R. KELLY, No. 115 East 34th-st.

TO LET—DESIRABLE ROOMS ON SECOND, third, fourth, and 5th floors of Nos. 137 and 139 Elm st. and No. 211 Centre-st., with steady steam power. Inquire at No. 213 Centre-st.

TO LET—THE TWO DESIRABLE STORES, NO. 62 Broadway, running through to New-st., and No. 51 Cortlandt-st. Apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-STORY brick house and store on Bedford-av., adjoining the corner of DeKalb-av. Rent $250. Apply at BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 227 Washington-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS OF the new brown-stone-front house No. 477 3d-av. Apply to THOMAS McPHERSON, on the premises.

TO LET.—"EXCELSIOR COAL YARD," DEgraw-st., Brooklyn; in perfect order, and the most convenient yard in the City. Inquire on the premises.

STEAM POWER TO LET AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st.; rooms 45x200.
SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.

STEAM POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS—Large and small. Possession immediately. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, Nos. 180 and 182 Centre-st.

TO LET—LARGE ROOMS, WITH STEAM POWER or without. Apply on the premises, No. 76 John-st., and 29, 31, and 33 Platt st. JAMES O. MORSE & CO.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE MOFFAT BUILDing, No. 335 Broadway, corner of Worth-st. Apply on the premises, Room No. 6.

TO LET—FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURposes, store and three-story rear building, No. 129 Bowery. Rent $650, with immediate possession.

TO LET—A LODGE ROOM AT KNICKERBOCKER Hall, corner 23d st. and 8th-av. Inquire in the Gymnasium.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 213 MADISON ST., IN FINE order, and containing all the modern conveniences, at a very low rent. Apply at No. 156 East Broadway.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE TIMES BUILDING.—Apply at the *Times* Office, to GEORGE JONES, or at Room No. 2, to JAMES M. SMITH.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS at LOW RATES, by JOHN GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DESIRABLE houses: 143 East 13th-st. 4-story, high-stoop. $1,200
Nos. 144, 147 and 153 East 13th-st., English basement 1,100
Nos. 210 and 289 2d-av., English basement, each 900
No. 137 East 15th-st., high-stoop 800
No. 192 East 15th-st., high stoop 700
Nos. 202½, 206 and 210 East 20th-st., brown-stone, English basement 600
Apply to T. McFARLAN, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

TO LET—RENT $650.—UNFURNISHED, THE neat brown stone English basement house, 52d-st., fifth house east of Eighth-av., recently papered and painted, and having all modern improvements, in an excellent neighborhood, near Broadway, convenient to cars and stages, and within 500 yards of the Central Park. May be had furnished at a reasonable rent. Apply to LEONARD SCOTT, No. 54 Gold-st.

TO LET LOW—FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, the following property, viz.: No. 3 Rutherford-place, fronting on Stuyvesant-square, a 4-story high-basement house; size, 20x68. Also, in the immediate vicinity, Nos. 131 and 139 East 17th-st.; each four stories, English basement, brown-stone; all in good order, and possession May 1. Apply to DINGEE & HOLDEN, Nos. 8 Pine-st., and 1,244 Broadway.

TO LET—THE VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE NO. 719 6th-av.; rent $400 and Croton tax; also, the new store and dwelling on the west side of Broadway, between 35th and 36th sts; likewise, the building on southwest corner of 37th-st. and Broadway, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to JOHN ROGERS, No. 59 East 13th st.

TO LET—A BASEMENT STORE OR ROOM, 25X50, in the new building No. 217 9th-av., between 24th and 25th sts. Possession immediately. Rent $150. Also, in the rear of the above, a frame building suitable for manufacturing purposes, or a dyeing establishment. Apply to JAMES BRITT, No. 561 8th-av., between 33d and 34th sts.

TO LET—ON VERY MODERATE TERMS, A suite of handsome offices, with fire-proof safes, on the first floor of the "Law Building," No. 82 Nassau st., well adapted for a banking-house, insurance office, wholesale jeweler store, or any other respectable business. Apply on the premises, Room No. 8.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE TWO-STORY and attic house, No. 67 Willoughby-st., very pleasantly located, within a few minutes' walk of Wall-st. ferry, and one block from Fulton and Myrtle av. cars, having modern improvements and rent moderate. Apply at the house adjoining.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY, BROWN-STONE front and high-stoop house, No. 180 West 14th st., with gas-fixtures and water; house to be seen between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. Rent $1,400. For further particulars, inquire of JOSE MANZANEDO, No. 13 South William-st.

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR a genteel family at a moderate rent—house No. 115 7th-st., between Avenue A and 1st-av.; house conveniently arranged and in excellent condition. Rent, $650. Inquire of Q. McADAM, No. 56 Wall st.

TO LET—ON 111TH-ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH avs., near Central Park, two well-finished Cottage Houses; eight rooms and fine yard each; facilities good for getting down town; rent $200 a year. Inquire at No. 269 Pearl-st., or on the premises.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, PART OF house No. 331 West 15th-st., consisting of two large rooms with folding doors, and two bedrooms and bathroom, and one room on the third floor, and back basement. Rent $275. Apply between 11 and 5 o'clock.

TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS.—SEPARATEly or together, Four Lots on Attorney and Ridge sts., between Delancey and Broome-sts., (now occupied as an iron foundry by John R. Platt) to be vacant on May 1. Apply to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE 3-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK dwelling, No. 225 West 27th-st.; Croton water, gas, and bath; rent $550. Apply to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY DWELLING-house No. 72 West 21st-st., near 6th-av., 3 rooms deep, and in complete order. Apply to ALFRED TOBIAS, No. 43 New-st.

SUITES OF APARTMENTS TO LET, IN Nos. 775 and 777 6th-av., at prices from $150 to $250; Croton and gas. Apply to CHAS. L. THATCHER, No. 109 Pearl-st.

TO LET—A MODERN 3-STORY, BROWN-STONE dwelling house in 30th-st.; rent, $650 per annum; neighborhood first class. Apply to G. A. KISSAM, No. 32 Pine st., or BATES & JONES, No. 683 6th av.

TO LET—THE LOWER PART OF A GOOD house, with modern improvements, in a good locality; $450. Apply to H. MAXWELL, No. 342 3d-av.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house No. 175 Eldridge-st. Apply to JAMES CARR, No. 4 Stanton-st.

TO LET—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, No. 31 West 45th st., near 5th-av. Immediate possession. Open from 8 to 11 A. M.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT ON STATEN ISLAND TO LET—POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY.—The very elegant mansion and grounds belonging to J. F. D. Lanier, Esq., at Clifton, Staten Island. The house is amply furnished, is in fine order and commodious. The grounds, (containing about 15 acres,) are tastefully laid out, with a large garden; also, carriage-house, stables, and all the necessary outbuildings. On the place is a fine mule, cart, harness, &c., together with a quantity of the best kind of fowls. The place is in the vicinity of the residence of Messrs. Aspinwall, Townsend, Fellows and others. There is an unsurpassed ocean view, forming altogether one of the most delightful residences in the environs of New-York. N. B.—Omnibuses run to the ferry every half hour. For terms and order to see the premises, apply to J. F. D. LANIER, No. 52 Wall-st., or to S. A. PHILLIPS, No. 61 Broadway.

TO LET FURNISHED—AN ELEGANT PRIvate residence, with extensive grounds, on Brooklyn Heights. The situation is unrivaled, combining the advantages of city and country, within three minutes' walk of the Wall-st. Ferry. It includes all that is desirable in a country residence, viz.: Pure air, ample grounds, handsomely embellished, and embracing vinery, green-house, grapery, conservatory, stable, &c., and commanding a magnificent view of the Bay and Harbor of New-York. The house, 52 by 70 feet, being built expressly for the owner, is complete in all its appointments, containing fine billiard-room, &c. It will be rented to a desirable party on reasonable terms, as the family are about going abroad for a number of years. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Pine-st.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT TO LET.—On the west bank of the Hudson, one mile north of Newburgh, containing 15 acres of lawn, flower grounds, garden and fruit orchards. The dwelling is a large, old-fashioned mansion, fully furnished, and very convenient, with numerous and capacious outbuildings, carriages, wagons, cows, poultry, &c., &c. The place is in perfect order, and to be rented to a private family only. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank, or Hon. J. J. MONELL, Newburgh.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN BROOKLYN TO LET—No. 125 Pacific-st., near Clinton. It is an English basement three-story house, very commodious and well furnished; two pianos, melodeon and sewing-machine, water and bath room, and sewer connections; has a nice garden attached. Will be let for one year or six months at the low rate of $1,000 per year. Everything is in excellent order, and a bargain is offered. Apply as above, next door to the church.

TO LET AT YONKERS—A FURNISHED house, three stories high, with basement; has bath, gas and other conveniences; is in perfect order and newly painted. The location is pleasant, at a convenient distance from dépôt and steamboat landing. For particulars, apply to JAMES M. DRAKE & CO. No. 42 William-st., or on the premises, Buena Vista-av., Yonkers.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN HOBOKEN.—A first-class three-story and basement brick house, with modern improvements, water, gas, &c., comfortably furnished throughout; location No. 4 Bloomfield-place, seventh house above 5th-st., in Bloomfield-st., on the right. Apply on the premises to see the house. For terms apply to DANIEL WADSWORTH & CO., No. 207 Pearl-st., New-York. Rent $600.

TO LET OR LEASE—TO A SATISFACTORY tenant, a first-class furnished stone mansion, with stables, greenhouse, garden, lawn, and from 5 to 25 acres of land, situated on Harlem River, about one mile north of High Bridge. This is one of the finest places in all its appointments in the vicinity of New-York, and is easy of access at all times by steamboat or railroad cars. Apply to A. FINDLAY, No. 5 Tryon-row.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, in New-Market, New-Jersey, 28 miles from New-York, on New-Jersey Central Railroad, 4 miles beyond Plainfield, five-eighths of a mile from dépôt, beautiful cottage, with barn and out-buildings, and one acre of ground, stocked with fine fruits and berries. Apply to C. F. BLAKE, No. 197 Chambers-st., N. Y.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET.—THE subscriber will lease for one year or more a furnished cottage at South Oyster Bay, Long Island, with barn, stable, &c., attached. Rent $300 per annum. Apply to WM. BRYCE & CO., No. 29 Chambers-st., N. Y.; or to the subscriber, at South Oyster Bay.
D. R. FLOYD JONES.

A FURNISHED HOUSE ON THIRTY-SIXTH-ST. TO LET, low, for six months or longer, between 5th and 6th avs., four stories English basement, brown-stone first-class; size 20x65 with furniture, elegant and complete. Apply to DINGEE & HOLDEN, No. 8 Pine-st. and No. 1,244 Broadway.

TO LET—FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, PARTIally or fully furnished, (to a private family only,) a three story brown-stone front house, 26 feet wide, in good order, large yard, situated near the corner of 2d-av. and 14th-st. Apply at No. 213 2d-av., from 9 to 11 A. M., or 5 to 7 P. M.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A MODERN and genteel three-story and attic house, neatly furnished, in the immediate vicinity of Washington-square, will be let to a respectable private family on reasonable terms. Apply to J. C. ANGELL, No. 29 William-st., up stairs.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN 10TH-ST., IN A good neighborhood, to let or lease, and furniture for sale. All modern improvements. S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, AT ORANGE, N. J., two acres of fine garden, stable on premises. Inquire of Mr. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., between 9 and 11 A. M.

TO LET—FROM THE 1ST MAY, THE FURNISHED house No. 36 East 12th-st., near University-place. Address Box No. 712 Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE AT LOW RENT TO a small family, and part rent taken by room for one person if preferred. Address Box No. 1,591 Post-office.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT the Brush Factory, No. [illegible] Pearl-st., Harper's Building. All articles at reasonable prices, wholesale and retail. JOHN K. [illegible], No. [illegible] Pearl-st.

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT—DRY AND in oil, red and green seal, at reduced prices for cash, for sale at the depôt of the Vieille Montagne Company of Paris, by JOSEPH M. STRONG, 42 and 44 Greene-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Part in dry goods, hardware or clothing, at a fair price; one of the best and most desirable farms in the county, 217 acres, situated on the banks of the Hudson, sloping to the river, three miles from the dépôt, about four hours to New-York; 5 acres wood, 20 rye; the remainder in a high state of cultivation; a handsome brick house, 13 rooms, barns, carriage-house, and a number of out-buildings, in perfect order, with plenty of fruit; stands on high ground; locality healthy; no fever or ague ever known. This property offers unsurpassed advantages; the scenery and grounds magnificent. Apply to JOHN ANDREWS, No. 16 Exchange-place, Jersey City.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT NEWARK, New-Jersey, a new 4-story English basement, brownstone front house. It contains 22 rooms, with all the modern improvements—such as water, bath-room, marble basins, gas, steam-heater, &c. There is also on the premises a good brick barn. The above property is situated in view of the Military Park, near to Broad st., and the centre of the city, and within five minutes' walk of the dépôt. To any one doing business in New-York, this is a chance seldom met with. For particulars inquire at No. 218, or of KING & BOND, No. 296 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

COUNTRY SEAT ON THE HUDSON.—ONE of the most desirable country seats on the Hudson River, containing about five acres of land to lease for a term of years; grounds are well improved and have an abundance of shade, ornamental and fruit trees; house is of brick and modern construction, with gas, hot and cold water, bath-room, water closet, Boynton's furnace, range, &c., large garden, stable, and ice house filled. One hour from Chamber-st. by railroad, and three minutes from dépôt. View unsurpassed on the river. For particulars inquire of RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO., No. 260 Canal-st.

TO LET—A MODERN COUNTRY RESIDENCE, fine situation, three-fourths of a mile back of Guttenburg landing, 1¾ miles from 42d-st. ferry, New-York; fare five cents. Consists of 14 rooms, cellar, piazza, carriage-house, barn, &c., from five to 23 acres of land, good water, grapes, currants, peaches, quinces and other fruit; furniture, carriage, horses and cow, if desired. Rent $600. Apply to C. C. ROCKWELL, No. 49 Wall-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—TWO HANDSOME COTTAGE houses, at Elizabeth, N. J., 14 miles from New-York by Railroad, communicating nearly every hour during the day and evening. The cottages contain all the modern conveniences of water, gas, water-closets, &c.; well built in the modern style; a short distance (with good flagged walks) from the dépôt. Grounds well laid out with evergreens and fruit. Plans may be seen at the office of J. AUG. DIX, No. 23 William-st., Room 17.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT ON THE BANKS of the Shrewsbury River, containing about 6 acres of land; the finest location on the east bank of the river; one quarter of a mile from the Port Washington Landing; 2 miles from the Raritan and Delaware Railroad Dépôt. The house, barn, coach, and boat houses, are all new. For terms, apply to WM. S. CORWIN & CO., No. 639 Broadway, or E. M. THROCKMORTON, Esq., Red Bank.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE AT OLD LYME, CONN.—The house is large and built in the very best manner. Out-buildings are ample. Twenty acres of land attached. One mile distant from railroad station. Three trains daily to New-York; steamboat every evening. The grounds are handsomely laid out, with forest, evergreen and fruit trees. Apply to A. W. LORD, No. 11 Wall-st., or D. CHADWICK, Old Lyme.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—A DESIRABLE HOTEL property situated at Little Silver, Shrewsbury, N. J., consisting of four acres of land, a large and commodious hotel, containing forty rooms and furnished throughout. Also, a two-story dwelling, together with out-buildings, will be sold at a great sacrifice. For particulars, inquire at No. 57 Market-st., TRYON & MILLER, or of J. FRY, on the premises.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT ON Castleton Hill, Staten Island, with ten acres of land, barn, stable and carriage-house, fifteen minutes' walk from the ferry landing; location very healthy, with fine water and inland views. For further particulars inquire of JOSE MANZANEDO, No. 13 South William-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, with 25 acres of excellent land, situated in Westchester County, near the dépôt, and within 20 minutes' ride of 27th-st., on the New-Haven Railroad. The buildings are new and modern; hot and cold water, bath room, &c.; shade and fruit trees. Will be sold low, or exchanged for a City house or country seat with less land. Inquire of GREGORY & CO., No. 25 Bond-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A COUNTRY seat, at West Morrisania, known as Dr. Morris' place; forty-five minutes from the station of the Harlem Railroad, corner 26th-st. and 4th-av., and one-third of a mile from the station at Melrose; rent $800; all now in good order; possession immediately. Apply to W. H. MUNN, No. 24 West 26th-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND ABOUT THREE-quarters of an acre of ground, beautifully situated, at White Plains, on the main street; attached is a stable and other out-buildings. The house is commodious and in good order, and will be sold reasonable and on easy terms. Apply to JOHN H. MORRIS, No. 84 Nassau-st.; or to GEO. T. E. SHELDON, White Plains.

COUNTRY PLACE AT WHITE PLAINS FOR SALE OR TO LET.—40 or 17 acres, finely situated, fruited, wooded and shaded, commanding a charming view of Long Island and the Sound, perfectly healthy. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., where a view, map, &c., may be seen, or on the premises, of S. L. LINES.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence in New-Windsor about a mile south of Newburgh. The premises comprise some seven acres of land in lawn, orchard and garden, with choice fruit trees and vines of various kinds, a commodious house of brick 50 feet square with an extension; also necessary out-buildings. Apply to F. C. HAVEMEYER, No. 102 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT MORRISANIA—THE HANDsome country seat known as the "Dr. Morris Place," containing 9 acres, with large house, 52x60 feet, and commodious out-buildings, fine lawn, garden, &c. The place is very desirable and in complete order, and easy of access to New-York. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—NEAR the village of Hastings, and 1¼ miles from the railroad-station and steamboat-landing; contains 15 rooms, with coach-house, orchard, barn, garden, &c.; also, a small, neat cottage, one mile from Hastings station. Apply to L. H. PIGNOLET, North River Bank Building, corner Greenwich and Dey sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—AT GREENWICH, Conn., a country residence, a fine large house and new outbuildings, 38 acres of land, mostly in new meadow; orchards of grafted fruit in fine bearing; all the small fruits in great abundance; plenty of old shade-trees; desirable in every respect. For particulars apply at No. 4 Chatham-square.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—BETWEEN FORDham and West Farms, a beautiful villa, in perfect order, having all modern improvements, with barn and stables, and one or two acres of land stocked with bearing fruit trees. Apply to A. M. CORN, No. 49 Exchange-place.

TO LET—IN GREENWICH, CONN., A HOUSE AND LOT.—A two-story and attic house, nice basement, good cellar, consisting of eight rooms, good garden and barn, plenty of fruit; ten minutes' walk from Greenwich dépôt. For particulars, inquire of E. K. PLATT, No. 126 Broome-st., corner of Pitt, New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—NEAR MORRIStown, N. J., an elegant, spacious and strictly first-class country seat, grounds and outbuildings, (ice-house filled,) elevated and healthy situation; pure water from a mountain stream introduced into the house.
PIERCE & WADSWORTH, No 10 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE JUST FINISHED, BUILT of white marble, commanding an extensive view of the Hudson River at Hastings; will be sold at a very low rate, and terms made easy if applied for soon; or will be rented to a genteel family. Apply to C. W. THOMAS, Hastings.

FOR SALE AT STAMFORD, CONN.—A COMmodious house, with an acre and a third of land; 10 minutes' walk from the New-Haven Railroad dépôt. Plenty of fruit and shade. Terms easy and price low. Address J. G. BARTON, No. 60 East 31st-st., New-York, or GEORGE L. BROWN, Esq., Stamford.

FOR SALE AT SARATOGA SPRINGS—A very desirable gentleman's residence, house of brick, two story and basement, 45 feet square, with back building; lot 133x150 feet, well laid out and kept up; good garden, and stable in order. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A handsome country residence and farm of 57 acres, with good buildings, supplied with spring water, an unusual abundance of choice apples, peaches, pears, &c., in healthful location, commanding a fine prospect; 1½ miles from dépôt. S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

DWELLING HOUSE TO LET IN NEWARK, N. J.—Containing ten rooms, with gas throughout and water in basement, situated at No. 8 New-st., near Broad, and about three minutes' walk from the Centre Dépôt of New-Jersey Railroad. Rent from 1st of April, $225. Inquire at No. 172 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOUR FURNISHED cottages at Far-Rockaway, with ice-houses and stables. Inquire of N. BRADY, No. 247 East Broadway, or BENJAMIN C. MOTT, Far-Rockaway, or of E. H. LUDLOW, Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A beautiful country seat, with 14, 20, or 40 acres. Apply by letter to Box No. 120, Morristown, N. J., or personally at the clothing-store No. 179 Broadway, from 10 to 3 o'clock, on Thursday and Friday, 11th and 12th inst.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence at Glenwood, Yonkers; two acres of land; improvements first-class in every respect, and in perfect order. Inquire of the owner, S. B. JANES, No. 96 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE residences, farms and villa sites, a great variety, within an hour of Cortlandt-st., for rent and for sale very low by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND—House and 10 acres of land, at Richmond Valley Station, on line of Staten Island Railroad. Price $5,500, or rent $300 per annum. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, Jr., No. 373 Broadway.

TO LET—A HOUSE BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED ON the banks of the Hudson River, at Glenwood, ¾ of a mile above Yonkers. Trains stop at suitable hours for persons doing business in New-York City. Apply to D. T. MACFARLAN, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

TO LET—A HOUSE BUILT OF WHITE MARBLE at Hastings, on the banks of Hudson, commanding an extensive view of the river; sixteen rooms. Rent, $520 the year. Also, a cottage; 8 rooms. Rent $220. Apply to C. W. THOMAS, at Hastings.

3 MODERN-BUILT HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Containing 11 and 12 rooms each, in South Orange, on Morris and Essex R. R. Inquire of F. L. B. MAYHEW, No. 120 Maiden-lane, or D. F. Ball, S. Orange.

TO LET—ORANGE, N. J.—THREE DWELLINGS, with one or more acres of ground; 3 minutes' walk from dépôt. Rent, $200, $250 and $300. Apply to A. D. BALDWIN, No. 261 Pearl-st.

HOUSES TO LET—IN ASTORIA, LONG ISLand, pleasantly situated; rents from $150 to $600. Inquire of E. M. BLACKWELL, Astoria; or E. M. BLACKWELL & CO., No. 144 Front-st., New-York.

AT NORWALK, CONN.—A PRETTY, NEW cottage will be sold cheap—$300 down, and small quarterly payments. Inquire of J. G. COOLEY & CO., Printers' Warehouse, No. 1 Spruce-st.

STRATFORD, CONN.—ON MAIN-ST., TWELVE acres, and fine house, barn, &c.; much fruit; for sale or to exchange for Brooklyn or City property.
S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—VILLA AT YONKERS.—MR. HACKETT will sell, and give immediate possession of, his much admired and most eligibly located residence, corner of Broadway and Lake-av., Yonkers, consisting of a plot of 180 by 200 feet of sward, gently sloping to the west, front line on Broadway, and upon which is a fine stuccoed brick dwelling-house with all the modern improvements and conveniences, and commanding a charming view of the Hudson; a carriage-house, &c., of brick, stuccoed; fruit and shade trees, shrubs, &c., &c. A considerable portion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. The household furniture may be had at the valuation of a New-York City auctioneer. There are also for sale, with or separately from the foregoing, a plat of 100 by 200 feet, adjoining the above site on the south, and three similar plats on Lake-av., and facing on Palisade-av.

Also, to let or lease, the three-story brick store and dwelling, corner of Wells-av., together with the three vacant lots adjoining, on Broadway; also, a cottage on Warburton-av.

For permission to view either of these premises, apply to CHADEAYNE & BROTHER, Broadway, Yonkers, and for terms to JOHN R. HACKETT, No. 581 Broadway, New-York, who has for sale also a farm of 608 acres of prairie and 200 acres of timber land, near Carlyle, Illinois.

TO LET—IN PLAINFIELD, NEW-JERSEY, THE two-story house, corner of Front and Washington sts., containing six rooms and large kitchen, and stable and barn, and about 1½ acres of land, and large garden. Offered to rent very low to a small respectable family, if applied for soon. Railroad dépôt about three minutes' walk from the house; convenient for gentlemen in business in this City. For terms, apply to ELISHA RUNYEN, Esq., Plainfield, N. J.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, IN STAMFORD, CONN.—The gothic house and two acres of land with fine orchard, and fruit and shade trees, situate on Clark's Hill, overlooking the village and Long Island Sound, within 7 minutes' walk of the dépôt. House contains 11 rooms and kitchen, gas, water, &c. Apply to BURDETT, JONES & CO., No. 109 Wall-st.

A BEAUTIFUL SUMMER RESIDENCE TO LET, for the Season. A large frame dwelling, with piazza on three sides, finely situated, immediately on the Bay of Manhasset, L. I., about 18 miles from New-York, and 20 minutes' ride from Sands' Point Landing. The house is commodious, having 15 rooms, with every convenience, and partially furnished. Inquire of COVERT & CO., No. 61 Warren-st., N. Y.

HOTEL TO LET—CONGRESS HALL, PATERSON, N. J.—A large first class Hotel, now in full operation, and full of boarders, 15 miles from New-York, on the line of the New-York and Erie Railroad, located in the most central part of the city. Apply to J. S. ROGERS, Paterson, N. J.; or HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET—FOR A LARGE PRIVATE FAMILY, OR a Summer boarding-house, with about 50 rooms, beautifully located within a fine park of trees and about 3 acres of ground, known as the Le Roy-place, New-Rochelle, Westchester County, New York. For further particulars inquire of DAVID ALLEN, New-Rochelle Flouring Mills. Terms easy.

TO LET AT FLUSHING, L. I.—A LARGE commodious mansion, on Broadway, with stable, garden, and ground of about three acres, on which are fruit trees. Two of the family desire to retain a part of the house and live with the occupants. JOSEPH F. DARLING, No. 34 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HANDSOME HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, and three acres of land attached, well stocked with fruit trees, within 35 minutes of New-York by cars every hour; first-class neighborhood. Inquire of H. HOAG, No. 75 Pine-st.

COTTAGE TO LET NEAR PORT MORRIS, Westchester County, N. Y., 10 minutes' ride from 2d, 3d and 4th av. railroad dépôt, and Harlem Steamboat landing. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—At Darien, Conn., 4 minutes' walk from dépôt; commodious house, with 1 acre; rent, $350; more land can be had if required—from 1 to 35 acres. For particulars, address E. E. JOHNSON, No. 270 Canal-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—A NEW GOTHIC HOUSE, first-class, at Richfield Springs, Otsego County, no incumbrance, three acres of land, for a small farm in New-Jersey; will pay difference in cash. JOHN O. HOYT, over Mechanics' Bank, Montague st., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, LET, LEASE OR EXCHANGE.
9 lots northeast corner 11th-av. and 24th-st.
13 lots and water right on north side 85th-st.
13 lots, with house, corner 3d-av. and 88th-st.
24 lots on 109th, 110th, 111th and 113th sts. between 4th and 5th avs.
4 lots west side 4th-av., between 115th and 116th sts.
Also about 15½ acres at Kingsbridge.
Apply to A. FINDLAY, No. 5 Tryon-row.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO OF THE FIVE new three-story houses on 55th-st., just east of 3d-av. Houses replete with every modern convenience. Rent very low to a good tenant. The street is to be paved with Belgian pavement and other improvements soon to be made. Inquire of CHARLES FOX, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery, from 10 to 12.

FOR SALE—ON ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-fifth-st., south side, between 4th and 5th avs., (Harlem) a newly-built brown-stone house, with one or two lots, as desired; each lot 22 by 100 ft 10 in; house 22 by 48, with modern improvements connected with street sewer. Price, $9,000. Terms liberal. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 21 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

HOUSES FOR SALE—ON 119TH-ST., NORTH side, between 2d and 3d avs.—Three 2-story and basement and cellar brick cottage dwelling-houses, now finishing, 20 by 36, lots 20 by 100 feet 10 inches; neat and cheap; marble mantels, ranges and gas. Price only $3,600; terms liberal. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.—A FIRST-CLASS 4-story modern dwelling in 10th st, Brevoort-place, near Broadway, recently painted and decorated by Woodward and Pearse, in an elegant manner. Mirrors and gas fixtures go with the house. For cards to view and other facts apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A NEW COTTAGE brick house, 22x38 feet, with extension, on New-York-av., near Pacific-st. The house is finished with all the modern conveniences; lot 40 by 100 feet. Also, the three story brick house No. 153 Clinton-st., near Warren. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, BASEMENT and sub-cellar brown-stone front houses Nos. 15, 19 and 21 2d-place, Brooklyn; lots 20 feet 1½ inches by 138 feet 5½ inches; houses built with all the modern improvements; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For particulars, apply to E. S. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE HIGH-STOOP HOUSE on Mansfield-place; has all the modern improvements, finished in the best manner. Also, one of the low stoops in the same row. Also, a vacant lot adjoining said property; will be sold cheap. Terms easy. Inquire of Mr. FINDLEY, No. 19 51st-st., Mansfield-place, near 8th-av.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—On Stuyvesant-square, the first-class brown stone house No. 147 East 15th-st. It possesses all the modern improvements and is in excellent order; lot 130 feet deep. For particulars apply to BIGGS & CO., No. 56 Wall-st., or on the premises, from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-CLASS RESIdence and six lots on Clinton-av., Brooklyn, for a country residence within one hour's ride of New-York, in New-Jersey or Westchester County, worth $15,000 to $20,000. J. O. HOYT, over Mechanics' Bank, Montague-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ELEGANT PLACES on Clinton and Washington avs., some furnished, 2 to 8 lots, shade-trees, fruit, shrubbery and vines; carriage house; possession now or later; also, other houses, $250, $300, $350, $400, $500, $600, a variety. JOHN BRAINERD, Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn, 11 to 5.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE dwellings, on Murray Hill, Nos. 45 and 47 East 37th st., designed, built and finished in the very best manner, with black walnut stairs, doors and trimmings, replete with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR WESTERN or Illinois Lands, one or more three-story brick houses, nicely located for residence or investment, and a fine plot of building lots on a leading street. JOHN BRAINERD, Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn, from 11 to 5 o'clock.

FOR SALE—AT HARLEM, ON 124TH-ST., NEAR 6th-av. and Central Park, a new two-story brick house and lot; gas throughout the house, and Croton water in the yard; possession at once; price, $2,400; $1,100 on mortgage. Apply to S. B. KENYDOU, 3d-av. and 123d-st., or on the premises.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—LEASE AND FURNIture of a first-class hotel, established over 20 years; location excellent, business large and profitable, and everything in complete order.
BIGGS & ROSSITER, No. 73 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE [illegible] built three-story brick house and lot No. [illegible] 28th-st., near 6th-av. Will be put in good order, and possession given before the 1st of May if desired. Apply to P. R. WILKINS, No. 10 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON GILFORD PLACE, 45th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs., brown-stone front houses, with all the modern improvements; also, a house on 50th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Inquire on the premises 45th-st. Terms easy.

TEXAS LANDS.—FOR EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE in this vicinity 6,736 acres, all choice farming lands, well located. For desirable property, will put some cash with the lands. JOHN O. HOYT, Over Mechanics' Bank, Montague-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—WESTERN FARMING LANDS IN exchange for a first-class residence in Brooklyn, or for an excellent farm less than ten miles from New-York. Location, buildings, &c. unexceptionable.
BIGGS & ROSSITER, No. 73 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—TWO NEW TWO-story and basement brick houses in De Kalb-av., adjoining Skillman-st., with all the modern improvements. Apply to BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 227 Washington-st., New-York.

FOR SALE, EXCHANGE OR TO LET—The desirable four-story brown stone houses, Nos. [illegible] East 28th-st., and 229 West 38th-st. Possession of No. 229 can be had immediately.
JOHN S. KELSO, No. [illegible] William-st.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—[illegible] east of Lexington-av., in 38th-st., two small first-class, three-story, high-basement, brown-stone houses, with modern improvements, on easy terms. Inquire on the premises, or No. 39 opposite.

FOR SALE—A HIGH-STOOP AND FOUR-STORY house in 38th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs., replete with all the improvements; will be sold cheap. Inquire of ANTHONY MOWBRAY, on the premises.

LAND ON THE HUDSON RIVER.—FOR sale, a tract of 87 acres of land at Dobbs' Ferry. For particulars, &c., apply to WILLIAM REDMOND, No. 43 Barclay st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSES NOS. 212 and 214 Clinton st., Brooklyn.
P. W. SPOFFORD, No. [illegible]

FOR SALE OR TO LET—DWELLING [illegible] West 15th-st., old No. 114, new No. 162. Apply to ROBERT J. BROWN, No. [illegible]

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES FOR SALE cheap, or to let, with all the modern improvements; rents $400 to $600. S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 429 CANAL, CORNER OF VARICK-ST.
Open daily from 10 to 2, and from 5 to 7 P. M.
DEPOSITS FROM 10 CENTS TO $5,000 RECEIVED.
Six per cent. interest allowed on all sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on larger sums.
THIS BANK HAS RECEIVED
ON DEPOSIT $470,150 80 DURING THE PAST 22 MONTHS.
Deposits made on or before April 20, will bear interest from April 1.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner of Pine and Nassau-sts., New-York,
Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travelers, available in the UNITED STATES, CANADA, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, and all the principal cities of the world. Also, Mercantile Credits for use in EUROPE, CHINA, &c., &c.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.
The Union Bank of London, as agents of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., bankers, New-York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue, free of charge, letters of credit or circular notes of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, West Indies, South America, &c.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner Pine and Nassau sts.,
NEW-YORK,
Buy at current rates in sums to suit on ALSOP & CO., Bankers, San Francisco, Cal. Also purchase San Francisco City and California State Interest Coupons.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
Sight bills on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND,
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland,
In sums from £1 upwards.
Issued by
TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner of Murray-st.,
and No. 76 WALL-ST.

TAYLOR BROTHERS, BANKERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
HAVE OPENED A NEW BRANCH OFFICE AT NO. 247 BROADWAY, corner MURRAY-ST.,
To which we invite the attention of our up-town friends.
The Wall-st. Office is continued as usual.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., corner Pearl, and
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE CO.,
No 71 WALL-ST. NEW-YORK, April 2, 1861.
A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN (10) PER CENT.
has this day been declared payable on demand.
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS' BANK.
CHATHAM SQUARE, corner New-Bowery.
(Open daily from 10 to 2 and 4 to 7 P. M.)
DEPOSITS from 25 Cents to $5,000, received.
SIX PER CENT INTEREST on sums of $500 and under.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20, WILL DRAW INTEREST AS FROM APRIL 1.
MOSES D. VAN PELT, President.
J. P. Cooper, Secretary.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of Europe through the Messrs. Rothschild, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

S. DRAPER, No. 36 Pine-st.,
INSURANCE AND BANK STOCKS,
And Scrips of all kinds, negotiated.
Auction sales of Stocks whenever desired. Securities bought and sold at Board of Brokers.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.,
No. 76 WALL-ST., corner Pearl.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

LAND WARRANTS FOR SALE.
ALL THE SIZES.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner of Murray-st.,
And No. 76 WALL-ST., corner of Pearl.

CALIFORNIA AND SAN FRANCISCO
CITY COUPONS BOUGHT BY
AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
No. 50 Wall-st.

OCEAN BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, April 9, 1861.
AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION HELD THIS day, the following-named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

D. R. MARTIN,	PARKER HANDY,
ROBERT HAYDOCK,	JAMES M. BENEDICT,
GORDON W. BURNHAM,	JOHN CASTREE,
JOHN BOYCE,	ALBERT A. MARTIN,
LUCIEN D. COMAN,	DAVID WAGSTAFF.

And the following-named gentlemen were elected Inspecters of the next annual election: GEORGE ELDER, JAY L. ADAMS, JAMES C. GULICK.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors held the 10th inst., D. R. MARTIN, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President.
CHAS. PALMER, Asst. Cashier.

KISSAM & JONES, COUNSELORS AT Law, No. 59 William-st.
BENJAMIN T. KISSAM. GEORGE A. JONES.
Mr. GEORGE A. JONES devotes his special attention to the care of estates and to the management of all business of a fiduciary character. Ordinary commission, 2½ per cent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN ACcordance with a decree of the Supreme Court of this State, issued March 20, 1861, the Receiver of the Rhode Island Exchange Bank will pay a Dividend of Fifty per cent. on all bills of said Bank presented to him on or before the 22d day of April, 1861.
JOHN T. KNOWLES, Receiver.
EAST GREENWICH, R. I., March 20, 1861.

JAMAICA AND ROCKAWAY TURNPIKE COMPANY.—An election for thirteen Directors and three Inspectors for the next annual election, will be held at Pearsall's Hotel, in the village of Jamaica, on FRIDAY, the third day of May next. Poll will be open from 1 to 3 o'clock P. M.
ROBERT STEELE, Secretary.
JAMAICA, April 9, 1861.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, March 30, 1861.
THE INTEREST DUE ON THE MORTGAGE Bonds of this Company April 1, 1861, will be paid on presentation of the Coupons at this office, or at the Bank of the Republic.
W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY, No. 69 Wall-st.—NEW-YORK, April 8, 1861.—The Directors have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Two and a Half (2½) per Cent., payable on and after Monday, the 15th inst., at this office. The transfer books will be closed until the 16th inst. SAMUEL KNOX, Treasurer.

A MEETING OF THE HOLDERS OF THE First and Second Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 12 Wall-st., New-York, on THURSDAY, April 11, 1861, at 1 o'clock.
WILLIAM B. OGDEN, President.

$15,000 IN ONE SUM, ALSO $60,000 in sums to suit, to loan on Bond and Mortgage on good City or country property. Apply to W. ANTHES & LE ROY, No. 38 Pine-st.

U. S. 6 PER CENT. NEW LOAN, HAVING twenty years to run, in Coupons or Inscribed Bonds of one thousand each, for sale by LIVERMORE, CLEWS & MASON, No. 29 Wall-st.

WANTED.—ATLANTIC SCRIP OF 1861.
GREAT WESTERN SCRIP OF 1861—by
EUGENE THOMSON, No. 41 Pine st.

INSURANCE.

METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NO. 108 BROADWAY.
CASH CAPITAL.....................$300,000
THREE-FOURTHS OF THE PROFITS DIVIDED TO POLICY HOLDERS.
THIS COMPANY WILL HEREAFTER PAY TO its dealers 75 PER CENT. of the profits, or, when preferred, make a liberal discount from standard rates.
No Liability is Incurred by the Assured.
JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.

JOSEPH B. VARNUM,	BOWES R. McILVAINE,
LEONARD APPLEBY,	GILBERT L. BEECKMAN,
FREDERICK H. WOLCOTT,	EDWARD MACOMBER,
WILLIAM K. STRONG,	CHAS. P. KIRKLAND,
JOHN C. HENDERSON,	DUDLEY B. FULLER,
DANIEL PARISH,	WATSON E. CASE,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER,	LORRAIN FREEMAN,
MARTIN BATES, Jr.,	JAMES O. SHELDON,
PASCHAL W. TURNEY,	JOSEPH B. VARNUM, Jr.,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO,	J. L. GRAHAM, Jr.,
HENRY V. BUTLER,	GEORGE W. HATCH,

SAMUEL D. BRADFORD, Jr.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, Secretary.
ROB'T C. RATHBONE, Ass't Secretary.
ITHAMAR CONKEY, Surveyor.

AGRICULTURAL.

BUCKEYE MOWER

THE ONLY MACHINE WHICH COMBINES ALL THE REQUISITES OF A PERFECT MOWER.
Farmers wishing to avoid disappointment must give their orders early in the season. Circulars, with full description and testimonials, furnished on application, or forwarded by mail. JOHN P. ADRIANCE, manufacturer and proprietor. Sole warehouse in New-York, No. 165 Greenwich-st., near Cortlandt.

PERUVIAN GUANO.—GOVERNMENT BRAND full weight.
ICHABOE GUANO,
SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME,
BONE DUST.
For sale by A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

PLOWS, HARROWS, HAY CUTTERS, [illegible] Fanning Mills, Horse Hoes, Corn [illegible], Seed Sowers, for sale by A. LONGETT, No. 34 [illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—JOSEPH W. BARTLEY, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM A. BRUSLE and Elizabeth Brusle, his wife, John M. Fenety and Eleanor, his wife, John L. Dean, John Scrymser, survivor of himself and William Scrymser, deceased, Henry S. Billings, Ferris Burdick, Benjamin A. Cook, Josiah Macy, William H. Macy, Francis H. Macy, John H. Macy, John M. Reilly, Miles O. Reilly, Albert L. Goncklin, William Moore, William J. Williams, Francis Fennerty, Garrett W. Ryckman, Junior, Margaret R. Jewett, administratrix, and Madison G. Harrington, administrator of the estate of Nathaniel Jewett, deceased, Moritz Valk, Abraham Valk, Jacob Valk, James W. Lavelle, Cyrus A. Hubbard, Alexander H. Seavey, Betsey Gage, administratrix of the estate of Luke Gage, deceased defendants. Summons for relief. (Com. not served.) To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, for the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 18 Wall-street, City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated New-York, Jan. 11, 1861. A. M. BURR, Plaintiff's Attorney.
The complaint in the above action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, for the City and County of New-York, on the 6th day of February, 1861.
Mh 21-law6wTh A. M. BURR, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—ALBERT L. PECK against THOMAS BURKE.—Summons.—For relief.—[Com. not ser.]—To the above named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 218 Fulton st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. A. S. VAN DUZER, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Dated March 26, 1861.
The complaint in this action was filed in the Office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, on the 9th day of April, 1861. A. S. VAN DUZER,
apll-law6wTh Plaintiff's Attorney.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALFRED WILLIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of J. E. Willis, No. 447 Broome-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of November, 1860.
JOHN E. WILLIS,
a15-law6mTh RICHARD D. WOOD, } Executors.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

$2,000 REWARD.—I WILL PAY $1,000 REward for the discovery of the person or persons, or either of them, who set fire, on the night of April 1st, inst., to the dwelling-house or building on the Hyde-park road, about four miles north of Pokeepsie, known as the Broom or Clew place, (the said premises being in litigation between the heirs and the husband of the late Elizabeth Clew, deceased,) and for information sufficient to convict such person or persons. I will also pay $1,000 additional reward for the like discovery of the person or persons who set fire to the barn on the same premises, at the time it was consumed in the Spring of 1855, and information sufficient to have convicted such person or persons.
JAMES B. TAYLOR, No. 48 Pine-st.
Dated NEW-YORK, April 8, 1861.

NOTICE TO INSURANCE COMPANIES.—Any Insurance Company which has issued any policy or taken any risk upon the buildings (burnt on the night of April 1st, inst.) on the premises known as the Broom or Clew place, situated on the Hyde Park road, about four miles north of Pokeepsie, will confer a favor by communicating notice thereof to LUTHER R. MARSH,
Attorney for the Heirs, No. 6 Pine-st.
Dated NEW-YORK, April 8, 1861.

HOBOKEN FERRY LEASE AT AUCTION.—By virtue of the authority vested in him, the Comptroller will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder with adequate security, at the City Hall, on TUESDAY, the 23d day of April, 1861, at 12 o'clock noon, the lease of so much of the bulkhead at the foot of Hoboken-st. as is owned by the Corporation, and now used for ferry purposes, with the right to run a ferry therefrom to the City of Hoboken, N. J., (the landing at Hoboken to be selected by the lessee at his own cost,) for the term of ten years from the 1st day of May next. The lease to contain all the conditions and covenants usual in ferry leases made by the Corporation.
The conditions and terms of sale can be obtained on application at this office.
ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.
Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, New-York, March 23, 1861.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 14, 1861. }
CORPORATION PIERS, SLIPS AND REAL ESTATE TO BE LEASED AT AUCTION.—Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller will, on MONDAY, April 15, 1861, at 12 o'clock noon, at the City Hall, lease on bids, at public auction, several of the piers and slips belonging to the Corporation, for the term of five years, from the first day of May, 1861.
Also, the lofts over Franklin Market, premises No. 61 Ann-st., and three houses and lots in Water-st., Brooklyn.
Catalogues containing the description, location and terms of sale, may be had at this office.
ROBT. T. HAWS, Comptroller.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Officers of the XVth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of April instant, at 3 P. M., for the heating apparatus necessary for heating and ventilating Ward School-house No. 35, in said Ward. Said apparatus must be self-regulating, and must provide for warming said school building with fresh air heated by contact with hot water or steam pipes or radiators placed in the cellar; the steam used to be low pressure. Specifications of said apparatus are on file, and can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings of the Board of Education, No. 94 Crosby st. Proposals must be addressed "School Officers of the XVth Ward," and must be accompanied with the names of two responsible and approved sureties. The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.
RICHARD C. McCORMICK, }
SAMUEL L. GRISWOLD, } Building
RICHARD WARREN, } Committee.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RE-CEIVED by the School Officers of the Twenty-second Ward at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Wednesday April 17, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the desks, chairs, settees, &c., necessary for furnishing Ward School-house No. 28, in said Ward; and also for the stoves, pipe, &c., necessary for heating said building; pursuant to specifications on file and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby st. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required for the faithful performance of the contracts. The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.
BENJ. P. FAIRCHILD,
Chairman Board School Officers Twenty-second Ward.
JOSEPH CUDLIPP, Jr., Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RE-CEIVED by the School Officers of the Eighth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, until Wednesday, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at noon, for making certain alterations and repairs on Primary School-house No. 25, in said Ward, pursuant to plans and specifications on file and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-street. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.
WILLIAM WESTERFIELD,
Chairman Board of School Officers of Eighth Ward.
WILLIAM F. EGAN, Secretary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FINE HORSES.—I SHALL BE AT POST'S STABLE, 24th-st., New-York, about the 5th of April next, with forty very fine and desirable horses. All persons desirous of purchasing are invited to call on me at the above named time and place, or at my barn at Whitestown, previous to that time.
WM. JORALEMAN, Agent.
WHITESTOWN, April 1, 1861.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A NEW JUMP SEAT BUGgy, shifting top, pole and shafts; a new light road wagon; a new light Rockaway, for one horse or two; also a fine pair of carriage horses, a light coach in perfect order; an open carriage and double harness. Apply at the red brick stable, on alley No. 20 East 37th-st., between Madison and 4th av.

WANTED—A LIGHT ROAD WAGON, WITH TOP. Any person having one nearly as good as new for sale cheap, can find a customer by addressing Box No. 4,665, stating price and where it can be seen.

FOR SALE.—A DARK BROWN MARE, WARranted sound and kind; can trot in about three minutes; 7 years old; good under the saddle; sold for want of use. Can be seen at No. 3 East 28th-st., near 5th-av.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH GRAY HORSE, SUITAble for a coupé; good under saddle; sold for want of use; warranted kind, &c. Apply at No. 98 East 17th-st., Club stable.

MULES.—A PAIR OF GOOD-SIZED MULES have been used double and single, on a farm, for sale low. Apply to WILLIAM BOYD, gardener for N. P. Baily, Fordham, near Kingsbridge.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

WM. A. READ & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BUTTER & CHEESE,
STANDS NOS. 61 AND 63 CATHARINE MARKET,
Opposite the Ferry, New-York.
GROCERS AND SHIPPING
Supplied at the lowest market prices.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH
PURE COUNTRY MILK.
Address, or apply to T. W. DECKER, office 155 E. 27th-st.

NEW SPRING BUTTER—RECEIVED DAILY by express from the choicest dairies of Cortland, Chenango, Chemung and Broome Counties; new butter in pail and tubs, for sale by MILLER & CARR, No. 47 Pearl-st.

PELLHAM SEEDLING POTATOES FOR SALE.—They are the earliest known, white, mealy and in season throughout the year. Also, refined cider and vinegar, very choice. Apply at the Agency, No. 4 Erie Buildings, Duane-st. M. A. J. LYNCH.

BUTTER.—500 PACKAGES STRICTLY CHOICE, suitable for family use. For sale by HARRY BURRELL & CO., No. 64 Pearl st. and No. 36 Water-st.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE NEW-YORK LYING-IN ASYLUM will be held at No. 85 Marion-st., on WEDNESDAY, April 17, at 12 M. The friends of the Institution and clergymen are respectfully invited to attend.

MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!
HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. DR. LARMONT'S Paris London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (40th edition, 400 pages, 100 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Incapacity, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary loss of Semen, nights, with the urine, or at stool; Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Strictures, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, primary and constitutional, &c.
Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female—all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; European hospital practice; quacks, (advertisers,) their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c.
All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copabia, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this valuable work, for $1, of H. G. LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House; ROSS & TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; H. DEXTER & CO., No. 113 Nassau-st., N. Y.; T. B. Peterson, No. 306 Chesnut st., Philadelphia; J. H. Johnson, No. 70 State-st., Chicago; or consult the Doctor, at No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., daily, and 7 to 9 Thursday evenings.
"We concur with other papers in recommending DR. LARMONT and his work."—*Courier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Atlas, Medical Review, &c*

TRIESEMAR
Protected by Patent-office Seal of Great Britain, Ecole de Pharmacie, Pharmacien de Paris and Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna.
Summary of the virtues of each preparation, TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2, and 3:
TRIESEMAR NO. 1
effectually removes general and local debility, premature decay, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences of excess; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering it invaluable to those about being married; even in the decline of life its invigorating powers are astonishing.
TRIESEMAR NO. 2
has superior properties in those cases where Copavia or Cubebs is usually administered.
TRIESEMAR NO. 3
entirely eradicates all impurities from the system; is most excellent in secondary symptoms, thus obviating the necessity of mercury, or any other deleterious ingredients.
Triesemar Nos. 1, 2 and 3, being in the form of an agreeable lozenge, is portable, and may be taken with the utmost facility while traveling by sea or land. Done up in tin cases, and divided into separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Lallemand, Roux, Ricord, &c. Single cases of each number, $3; four cases in one, $9; or in $27 cases, thereby saving $9.
To be had, wholesale and retail, from Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., (four doors from Macdougal-st.,) New-York, where he may be confidentially consulted, as usual, from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8 o'clock. On Sundays, from 11 till 2 o'clock.
Sold by F. C. Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, and T. Worthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

$500 REWARD!
DR. JEFFRIES' ANTIDOTE, a specific mixture for the cure of certain disorders. It makes a speedy cure without the least restriction of diet, drink, exposure or change in application to business. Repeated experiments and long experience have proved that it will radically cure any case which can be produced. This desirable result is obtained in from two to ten days; and as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and renders unnecessary all deviation in diet or interruption to usual pursuits, sound sleep or healthy digestion, the disease is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure. C. H. RING, Proprietor,
No. 155 Fulton st.
N. B.—None genuine unless the signature of C. H. RING is over the cork and written on the label of each bottle.

DR. COX, AGENT FOR THE JAPAN SECRET OR FEMALE FRIEND. A most important charm to females for removing obstructions and producing monthly regulations without any inconvenience to the patient. This medicinal secret was the first discovered, prepared and administered by a very celebrated physician in Jeddo from a plant grown in Japan, and not found elsewhere, and every patient in Dr. Cox's practice, since his agency, has produced its charms. Price of the Japan Secret $3 a package, sent to any address. Caution! Married ladies are expressly requested not to use the remedy without consulting Dr. A. E. Cox personally or by letter. Ladies desiring to consult, a short interview is only necessary to acquire his mode of treatment. Consultation free. Ladies will be received at his rooms without any interruption from other patients. Dr. A. E. COX, No. 17 West Houston-st., N. Y.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES of a medical book for gratuitous circulation by a Sufferer, who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, loss of memory, and dimness of sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of consumptives and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will, therefore, send free to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price, $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 16 Ann-st.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—EXCLUSIVE treatment of diseases of females. Patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing, &c. Remedies for monthly derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed. The Mother's Almanac and Ladies' Private Circular, containing particulars, mailed free, in letter form, on receipt of four stamps. Write for it and escape quackery. Office address, Dr. THIERS, 62 6th-av., N. Y.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S great Benefactor, the greatest periodical remedy ever discovered. Infallible for the immediate removal of obstruction. Office No. 12 Laight-st., corner Canal, where Dr. WARD is consulted confidentially day or evening.

CONSULT DR. WARD, NO. 12 LAIGHT-st., corner Canal-st.—Dr. WARD'S Unfortunate's Friend and other great remedies are the unfailing reliance. Dr. WARD'S Balm Gilead cures impotence, nervous disorders, spermatorrhœa. No interruption to business by his treatment. Open till 10 P. M.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence; is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease; exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALbany and Troy, connecting with trains North and West. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-STREET.	FROM THIRTY-FIRST-STREET.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:25 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:30 A. M., and 3:50 and 5:25 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping cars,) 9:45 P. M.	10:15 P. M., (Sunday included.)
Poughkeepsie train, 7:30 A. M., 12 M. and 4 P. M.	8 A. M., 12:30 and 4:25 P. M.
Peekskill train, 5:30 P. M.	5:55 P. M.
Sing Sing train, 3:35 and 4:30 P. M.	4 and 4:55 P. M.
Tarrytown train, 6:40 P. M.	7:10 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD—For Albany and Troy, connecting with the New-York Central Railroad for all points West, Northwest and Southwest; also, with the Northern Railroad for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington, Plattsburgh, Rouse's Point, Ogdensburgh and Montreal.

FROM TRYON-ROW, NEAR CITY HALL.	FROM TWENTY-SIXTH-STREET STATION.
Ex. 7 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.	7:20 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Express Mail.......10 A. M.	10:25 A. M.

For Williams' Bridge, White Plains, Croton Falls and all local trains, see Time-table. 7 A. M. Express Train leaves Albany every Sunday morning.
JOHN BURCHILL, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Dunkirk Express at 7 A. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, and Canandaigua and principal stations. Mail at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. This train remains over night at Elmira. Way, at 3:30 P. M., for Middletown, Newburgh, and intermediate stations. Night Express, daily, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday stops at all Mail-train stations, and runs only to Elmira. CHARLES MINOT,
General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAIL-ROAD—For Long Branch, Shrewsbury, Red Bank, &c. On and after Sept. 10, cars will leave Long Branch daily, at 7½ A. M., connecting with steamboat TAMINEND, for New-York. Returning, the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st., at 3 P. M., connecting with cars for the above places.
On and after Monday, 15th inst., the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st., daily, at 4 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—LEAVE SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, 10 A. M., for Greenport; 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M., for North Islip and Yaphank; 10 A. M., 4:30 P. M. for Syosset; 10 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. for Hempstead. All trains stop at Jamaica.
A. H. PALMER, Ass't Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD EXCURSION TICKETS—To and from New-York and all stations south of and including Hudson, sold at greatly reduced rates. Tickets to and from Peekskill and stations north to Hudson, good for two days. Sold at Ticket Offices only. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

DENTISTRY.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST DENTAL Establishment in the United States—N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., No. 376 Grand-st., New-York, and No. 237 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of teeth on their improved Atmospheric Plates, with or without extracting the roots. On Platina, $30; Gold, $25; Silver or Rubber, $10. Partial sets of teeth on gold, $3 per tooth; silver, $1; teeth filled with gold, $1; with silver, tin, bone and cement, 50 cents. Extracting, 25 cents.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

New-York, April 4, 1861.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a Copartnership under the style and firm of MERRIAM & BELL, for the transaction of a "General Stock Commission and Banking Business."
CLINTON L. MERRIAM,
WILLIAM J. BELL.
Office No. 18 William-st.

SHIPPING.

THROUGH FREIGHT ARRANGEMENT—For NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT and RICHMOND, connecting with Norfolk and Petersburgh and South Side Railroads for LYNCHBURGH, BRISTOL, MEMPHIS and intermediate stations. Freight received every day and through receipts furnished at Pier No. 13 North River.
Steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
Freight to Norfolk, 7 cents per foot; to City Point, 8 cents; and to Richmond, 9 cents.
Passage to Norfolk, (state-room and meals included,) $8; Petersburgh or Richmond, $10; children between the ages of 1 and 12, half price.
LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....................$130
Second Cabin Passage.....................75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....................$110
Second Cabin Passage.....................60
The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	CANADA, Capt. Anderson.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	AMERICA, Capt. McAuley.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. E. M. Hookley.	NIAGARA, Capt. Moodie.
	EUROPA, Capt. J. Cook.

SCOTIA, (now building.)
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.
CANADA, Anderson, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 3.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 10.
AMERICA, Cook, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 17.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 24.
NIAGARA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, May 1.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, May 8.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 15.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 22.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 27.
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
FULTON,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,
Will sail from Pier No. 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, April 27 at noon.
This steamer (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double-engines under deck, inclosed by water tight compartments, which, besides other results, tend, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.
The steamer ARAGO will sail May 25.

STEAM FROM NEW-YORK AND BOSTON TO IRELAND, ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND VIA GALWAY.—The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company will dispatch from Boston, on
TUESDAY, April 30,
their new and magnificent paddle-wheel steamship COLUMBIA, ROBERT LEITCH, Commander, touching at St. Johns to land passengers and mails.
RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK OR BOSTON.
First cabin to Galway, Dublin or Liverpool. $75 and $100
First cabin to St. Johns, N. F.....................$35
Third cabin to Galway, Liverpool, Glasgow, or any town in Ireland on a railway.....................$30
Persons taking passage in New-York for the above ship will receive free passages from New-York to Boston.
NOTICE.—Persons wishing to bring out their friends from the old country can obtain RETURN TICKETS at VERY LOW RATES.
The steamer ADRIATIC will follow the *Columbia*, sailing from New-York on TUESDAY, May 14.
For passage or further information, apply to
WM. H. WICKHAM,
At the Office of the Company, on the wharf foot of Canal-st., North River.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.
Agents in Boston, NAZRO BROS. & SWEENEY.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL—Landing and embarking passengers at Queenstown, (Ireland.) The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:
KANGAROO, SATURDAY, April 13,
EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, April 20,
GLASGOW, SATURDAY, April 27.
And every Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
First cabin.....................$75 | Steerage.....................$30
First cabin, to London.....$80 | Steerage, to London.....$33
Steerage return tickets, good for 6 months.....$60
Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares.
☞ Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and first-class steamships will leave Pier No. 12, North River, on following days at 4 P. M.:
MONTGOMERY, Capt. WM. C. BERRY, THURSDAY, April 11.
Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15. Through tickets to New Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Memphis, $31 75; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Albany, Geo., $23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon, $20; Augusta, $17 50; including omnibus fare in Savannah. Baggage checked free to all the above points. Also to principal places in Florida, at low rates.
Insurance at lowest rates premium.
Freight 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates.
Bills of lading must be taken out to insure dispatch, and none will be signed after departure of steamer.
For freight or passage, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., Nos. 86 West-st. and 335 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST—U. S. Mail Side-wheel Steamship Line. The favorite steamship JAMES ADGER, J. D. PHILLIPS, commander, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, April 17, at 4 o'clock P. M. Rate of passage, with through tickets, as follows: To Savannah, Ga., $16; Charleston, S. C., $15; New-Orleans, $39 75 Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $25; Nashville, Tenn., $27 75; Memphis, $31 75; Chattanooga, $25; Knoxville, $25 50; Augusta, Ga., $17 50; Atlanta, $21; Charlotte, N. C., $19; Columbia, $17 50. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, LONDONDERRY AND DUBLIN FOR $30—The A 1 powerful Clyde built steamship JOHN BELL, Capt. SCOTT, will sail from Pier No. 37 North River, on SATURDAY, April 13, at 12 noon. This steamship is fitted in the most approved style to insure the comfort and safety of passengers. Rates of Passage—Cabin, $60; Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $30, including an abundant supply of cooked provisions.
The succeeding steamship, UNITED KINGDOM, will sail TUESDAY, April 26, at 12 noon. Apply to
FRANCIS McDONALD & CO.,
No. 87 Broad st., corner of South William.

FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER POINTS, AS BELOW.—The first-class steamship FLORIDA, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL, will leave on SATURDAY, April 13, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places: New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Columbus, $21; Albany, $22; Atlanta, $21; Eufaula, $24; Chattanooga, $25; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $26 50; Memphis, $31 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15. For freight or passage apply at No. 18 Broadway.
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON, New-York, }
JOHN R. WILDER & GALLIE, Savannah, } Agents.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMship NEW-YORK, H. J. VON SANTEN, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., on
SATURDAY, APRIL 13, at 12 o'clock M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers to
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN, at the following rates:
First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.
For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Capt. LE MESURIER, will sail for the above ports from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY.....................30th March.
SATURDAY.....................27th April.
SATURDAY.....................25th May.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
To Nassau.....................$45
To Havana.....................50
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

15TH APRIL, STEAMER FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS—The steamship DANIEL WEBSTER, Capt. DAVID WILSON, will leave from Pier No. 3 North River on Monday, 15th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, inquire of D. B. ALLEN, Agent, No. 177 West-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, NO. 262 BROADWAY. Passports issued through J. B. NONES. Adopted citizens must produce certificates.

STEAMBOATS.

FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after Monday, April 1, 1861, the elegant and fast-sailing iron steamer FLUSHING, Capt. WM. H. NIMMS, will commence running daily, Sundays excepted, without any alteration of time, up to the 1st day of October, 1861, as follows: Leave Flushing at 7:30 A. M., 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Returning leave New York from Fulton Market wharf at 9:30 A. M., 1:30 and 5 P. M., landing each way at College Point. No freight taken to College Point on the 5 o'clock trip. Arrangements have been made to run a line of stages to Whitestone on the arrival of the boat at College Point. Fare 15 cents.
WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent

FOR FISHKILL AND NEWBURGH—Landing at Cornwall, Cold Spring and West Point. On and after TUESDAY, April 2, 1861, the steamboat WILLIAM KENT, Capt. WALTER BRETT, will leave New-York from foot of Robinson-st., EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 4 P. M. Returning, will leave Fishkill EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 6.45 A. M. FARE 50 CENTS. Commutation tickets to or from New-York and return at any time during the same week will be sold at 75 cents each.
WALTER BRETT & CO.

FOR FISHKILL WITHOUT LANDING.—The steamer WILLIAM KENT, Capt WALTER BRETT, leaves foot of Robinson-st. EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M. Returning, leaves Fishkill EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 7.45 P. M. FARE 50 CENTS.
WALTER BRETT & CO.

NIGHT BOAT TO NEW-HAVEN.—STEAMER TRAVELER leaves at 11 P. M., arriving in time for all early morning trains. The ELM CITY leaves at 3 P. M. Passengers for Meriden, Hartford and Springfield can go north from New-Haven at 11 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—NEW-YORK.
LINDA.
FRIDAY, positively last night of the season.
By universal request,
LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX.
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
Will renew her triumphs in the rôle of Linda.
Phillips, Pierotto, Brignoli, Carlo, Ferri, Antonio, Barili, Prefetto, Dubreul, Marchese.
Director and Conductor.....................Sig. MUZIO.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—NEW-YORK.
MATINEE.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 1 o'clock.
CLOSE OF THE SEASON.
GRAND GALA AND FAREWELL MATINEE.
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA,
(The Masquerade Ball,)
which will be produced without curtailment or abridgment, with the following eminent distribution: Colson Hinkley, Phillips, Brignoli, Ferri, Barili, Dubreul, Ballet, Muzio's Galop.
The doors will be opened at 12. The Matinée commences at 1, and will be over at 4.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—NEW-YORK.
SUNDAY ORATORIO.
Tickets to all parts of the house.....................50 cents
Ticket office at the Academy will be open on SUNDAY, the only place where tickets for the Oratorio can be obtained. On this occasion will be produced Rossini's celebrated master-work,
MOSES IN EGYPT,
with the entire strength of the company of the Italian Artists Association.
Doors open at 7; Oratorio commences at 8 o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MADAME ANNA BISHOP
Begs to announce that her
COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT
Will take place on
FRIDAY, April 19.
Particulars in future advertisement.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
LA JUIVE.
THURSDAY, April 11—LA JUIVE.
NOTICE.—In consequence of the length of the opera, the doors will be opened at 6½. La Juive commences at 7½.
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
Only night of Halevey's great work,
LA JUIVE—THE JEWESS,
which will be produced with a great cast, new scenery, new costumes and splendid mise en scene, with the following distribution:
Madame COLSON.....................as.....................Rachel, the Jewess
Miss HINKLEY.....................as.....................The Princess of Eudoxia
Sig. STIGELLI in his celebrated rôle of Eleazer the Jew
Sig. SCOLA.....................as.....................Leopold the Prince
Sig. SUSINI in the high dramatic rôle of.....The Cardinal
Director and Conductor.....................Sig. MUZIO
SATURDAY EVENING, CLOSE OF THE SEASON.
Rossini's celebrated opera and masterwork,
MOSE IN EGITO.

WINTER GARDEN.
BENEFIT and LAST NIGHT
OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF
MR. J. S. CLARKE.
THIS EVENING
MR. J. S. CLARKE
Will appear in THREE COMIC PARTS.
PAUL PRY,
COUSIN JOE,
and
MR. BROWN, in
MY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE, being the
LAST NIGHT OF HIS ENGAGEMENT.
MONDAY, 15th, MR. EDWIN BOOTH.
On FRIDAY,
BENEFIT
OF
MISS ADA CLIFTON,
When a variety of entertainments will be presented.

WINTER GARDEN.
BENEFIT OF
MISS ADA CLIFTON,
FRIDAY EVENING, April 12, 1861,
Last night of Tom Taylor's
BABES IN THE WOOD.
Jeremiah Beetle.....................Mr. J. S. CLARKE
The thrilling drama of
THE STATUE LOVER.
The Statue.....................Miss ADA CLIFTON
For full particulars, see bills of the day.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
JAMES M. NIXON.....................Lessee and Manager.
NIXON'S ROYAL CIRCUS
Will give a grand entertainment this evening, THURSDAY, April 11, commencing with
ORIENTAL LEAPS AND EXERCISES.
Superb Equestrianism by
ZOYARA, SEBASTIAN, HELOISE,
And the other great Riders.
LOFTY VAULTING AND AERIAL FEATS,
By the Troupe.
WONDERFUL GROTESQUES,
By the brothers Laurence.
The whole to conclude with
A NIGHT WITH THE CELESTIALS.
On SATURDAY CINDERELLA will be produced and played at the Matinée only.
Due notice will be given of Mr. FORREST'S reappearance

BOWERY THEATRE.
GRAND OPENING AND TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS OF SPALDING & ROGERS' CIRCUS, CIRCUS.
During the week the following galaxy of stars will perform: Mr. JAMES MELVILLE, the Terrific Australian Sensation Rider; Mlle. MELINA LOYALE, the beautiful and daring Equestrienne from Paris; Señor JUAN MONTEVERDE, the wonderful Spanish Contortionist. Clowns—Messrs. KENNEDY, AUSTIN and EDOUARD. Together with all the Old Favorites, and their Beautiful Stud of Horses, including the wonderful horse HIRAM. Performances on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2½ o'clock. Admission to the whole, 25 cents. Doors open at 6¾ o'clock; performance commence at 7¾.

BOHEMIAN TROUPE.
The Bohemian Troupe of Glass Blowers are now giving their popular promenade entertainments at the Cooper Institute. Open from 10 A. M. till 9½ P. M. Entrance on 8th-st. The beautiful LOW PRESSURE STEAM ENGINE, made entirely of glass, and the only one in the world, will be in constant operation in connection with glass working in all its varieties by a company of artists selected from different quarters of the globe, and the best in their line. A valuable collection of beautiful works of art of their own matchless production will be distributed every evening, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons
The public is respectfully informed that this is the only exhibition of the kind in the world. Admission 15 cents; no half price.

NEW-BOWERY THEATRE.
THURSDAY EVENING, April 11, 1861,
The performance will commence with the
RAG-PICKER OF NEW YORK.
To be succeeded by the Melo Drama of
SIMON JENNINGS.
Concluding with the Comic Farce of
MY WIFE'S COME.

CARLOTTA PATTI—GOTTSCHALK.
The public are respectfully informed that
MR. GOTTSCHALK
will shortly arrive from Havana, and will give a few
GRAND CONCERTS
in conjunction with
MISS CARLOTTA PATTI.
Particulars will be announced immediately on his arrival.

CHURCH'S GREAT PAINTING,
THE HEART OF THE ANDES,
Is now on exhibition in
LOW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Court and Joralemon sts., BROOKLYN, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.
Admission 25 cents; season tickets 50 cents.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—THE INDIAN CHIEFS will give a GRAND EXHIBITION at the BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM, THURSDAY EVENING, April 11. To close with an exhibition and explanation of Peale's sublime Painting of the
COURT OF DEATH.
The whole for the benefit of the poor Indian families Bead and Wax Work for sale at the close. Tickets 25 cents. Children 15 cents. To commence at 7½ o'clock.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-sixth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy of Design, consisting of original works by living artists, never before exhibited, is now open, for the season, at the galleries in 10th-st., near Broadway. Season tickets 50 cents. Single admission 25 cents. T. ADDISON RICHARDS, Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

DODWORTH'S HALL.—EDMUND PILLET'S Dramatic Recitations. Soirée Musicale et Litteraire. THURSDAY, April 11, 1861, at 8 P. M., Miss VIRGINIA VAUGHAN and Mr. R. GOLDBECK have kindly proffered their coöperation. Tickets Fifty Cents.

THE DRAMATISTS.—THIS EVENING, AT Clinton Hall, Astor-place, Mr. Siddons will deliver the last of his series of lectures and readings. Subject—*Massinger, Otway, Colman and Cumberland.* Admission 25 cents. The lecture commences at 8 P. M.

MR. CHARLES MATURIN GIVES HIS fourth and last recitation of the season from Shakespeare and the Poets (entirely from memory.) at Clinton Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, April 15. Entertainment commencing at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

LECTURES.

JOHN B. GOUGH
will deliver two Lectures on FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, 12th and 13th inst., at the Seventh Presbyterian Church corner Broome and Ridge sts., for the benefit of the Willett st. M. E. and Seventh Presbyterian Sabbath Schools.
SUBJECTS:
"THE STREETS OF LONDON,"
"LIGHTS AND SHADOWS OF LONDON LIFE."
Tickets, 25 cents. Can be procured of Chas. Merrill & Sons, corner of Grand and Lewis sts.; Joel Sammis, corner of Grand and Orchard sts.; A. J. Case, No. 397 Grand-st.; A. C. Valloton, No. 14 Willett-st., or at the door on the evening of the Lecture.
Doors opened at 7; Lecture at 8 o'clock.

BROOKLYN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
LAST LECTURE.
JOHN B. GOUGH
Will lecture on
"LONDON STREET LIFE,"
AND
"LIGHTS AND SHADOWS OF LONDON LIFE,"
(Two Lectures in one, with new facts and illustrations,)
AT THE
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
On
MONDAY EVENING, April 15,
At 8 o'clock.
(This will be the last Lecture by Mr. Gough, in Brooklyn, this season.)
BODWORTH'S CORNET BAND WILL PERFORM,
Commencing at 7 o'clock.
In accordance with previous arrangement, the profits of this Lecture will be handed to Mr. GOUGH to be applied for the benefit of the family of the late JOEL STRATTON, of Worcester, Mass. It was Joel Stratton's influence that induced Mr. Gough to become a TEMPERANCE MAN.
Tickets, 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents. For sale at the following places: In Fulton-st., at Babcock's, No. 246; Swayne's, No. 210; and Close's, No. 198; Rose's, No. 169 Atlantic-st.; and at the rooms of the Association, Nos. 182 and 184 Washington-st. near Concord.
Reserved seats, at the Academy of Music only, from 7 A. M. to 6½ P. M.

REV. JOSEPH SCUDDER, MISSIONARY, will lecture on *India under Successive Systems of False Religion,* THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in the North Reformed Dutch Church, Clermont-av., near Myrtle-av., Brooklyn. Admittance free. Those who purchased tickets to the Tabernacle Course are particularly invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
This popular resort of Citizens and Strangers offers attractions for the present week hitherto unknown, even to this establishment, as the following list will show: OLD GRIZZLY ADAMS' TRAINED BEARS, which perform the most marvelous tricks; the great GRIZZLY BEAR SAMSON; SEA LION; WHAT IS IT? BEARDED LADY; LILIPUTIAN QUEEN, the most beautiful and fairy creature in the World; ALBINO FAMILY, AZTEC CHILDREN, AQUARIAL GARDEN, HAPPY FAMILY, MONSTER SERPENTS, PALMETTO TREE from Charleston, S. C., the wonderful FORTUNE TELLER, and 850,000 Curiosities.
The Drama RUTH OAKLEY, at 3 P. M.
FLYING DUTCHMAN, at 7½ Evening.
MISS DAWSON, DOUBLE VOICED VOCALIST.
Admission 25 cents—Children under 10, 15 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHT NIGHTS.
TWO HUNDRED and SIXTEEN THOUSAND PEOPLE.
TO-NIGHT,
AND EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
THE SEVEN SISTERS.
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
THE BEAUTIFUL UNION TABLEAUX
THE BIRTH OF THE BUTTERFLY IN THE BOWER OF FERNS.
Seats secured one week in advance, without extra charge.
Doors open at 7; commence at 7½.
The Performance terminates at TEN O'CLOCK.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
STILL TRIUMPHANT.
MR. E. G. WILKINS' NEW PLAY,
THE
BEST COMEDY
PRODUCED IN MANY YEARS.
PLAY, SCENERY, ACTING.
Pronounced by
PRESS AND PUBLIC
PERFECT.
HENRIETTE
Will be performed
EVERY EVENING.
The following artists will appear:

Mr. LESTER WALLACK,	Mrs. HOEY,
Mr. WALCOT,	Miss MARY GANNON,
Mr. YOUNG,	Miss FANNY MORANT,
Mr. NORTON,	Mrs. SLOAN,
Mr. FLOYD,	Mrs. VERNON,
Mr. REYNOLDS,	Mrs. WALCOT,
Mr. PARKS,	Miss TREE,
Mr. COBURN,	Mrs. REEVES.
Mr. OLIVER,	
Mr. PARSLOE,	

To conclude with A NEW AFTERPIECE OF ECCENTRICITY AND FUN, called A REGULAR FIX.
Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.
NOTICE.—The Free List, for the present, is entirely suspended.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—585 BROADWAY.
JEUDI, 11 Avril.
Adieux de la Compagnie Francaise. Dernière Représentation. Benefice de M. DECHOEMPT. LES BOHEMIENS DE PARIS, drame à grand spectacle, en 5 actes de Dennery.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
CROWDED HOUSES EVERY NIGHT.
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS.
THE BEST TROUPE IN THE WORLD.
ENTIRE NEW PROGRAMME.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8. Tickets 25 cents.

MUSICAL.

DEPOT OF THE ALEXANDRE ORGANS,
For churches, chapels, schools and drawing-rooms,
No. 203 BROADWAY.
Sole Medal of Honor at the Universal Exhibition of 1855.
This magnificent instrument, (patented in the United States May 3, 1859,) which the brilliant performances of THALBERG, VILANOVA, Mlle. WELLIE, have rendered as popular in America as in Europe, has been adopted by the greatest artists and composers of both continents—GOTTSCHALK, LITZ, ROSSINI, MEYERBEER, &c., &c. The Alexandre Organ is celebrated for the solidity and precision of its mechanism, as well as for the fullness and power of its tones, and the remarkable quality of keeping perfectly in tune in all climates. Prices at the depot: $45, $60, $100, $185, $225, $260, $300, $340, $400. A descriptive circular sent to any address, on application to
BERNARD & FABREGUETTES, Jr.,
No. 203 Broadway, Importers of Buisson Accordeons, Violins, Violin-strings, &c.

H. WORCESTER'S
IMPROVED PIANO-FORTES.
MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM,
FOURTEENTH-ST.,
Corner of 3d-av.
For a quarter of a century the instruments manufactured at the above establishment have ranked among the first in the country. In durability, strength and delicacy of tone and touch, they are highly appreciated by all who have given them a thorough trial. The proprietor, by giving his personal attention to the manufacture of each instrument, in all its details, is enabled to guarantee superior excellence and reliability in every respect.

$150. PIANO-FORTES. $150.
By the introduction of machinery in the manufacturing of Piano-fortes, we are now able to offer to the public a 7-octave rosewood Piano, containing all the modern improvements, for $150 cash, of more perfect workmanship than has usually been sold for $300 or $400 by the old method of manufacturing. We respectfully invite all dealers and the public to call and examine these new instruments at
GROVESTEEN & HALE'S,
Corner Canal and Hudson sts., New-York.

BANJO! BANJO! BANJO TAUGHT!
BY G. C. DOBSON.
Eighteen lessons for $5.
Eighteen lessons for $5.
Eighteen lessons for $5.
In which time the pupil is guaranteed a proficient player. A chance for every one to learn. Each lesson to be one tune of the pupil's choice. Mr. DOBSON can be seen at all times at No. 192½ Varick-st. near King st.

CHICKERING & SONS'
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.
C. & SONS have been awarded thirty-eight prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past thirty-five years. Pianos to rent.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS'
NEW SCALE OVERSTRUNG BASS PATENT INSULATED FULL IRON-FRAME GRAND and SQUARE PIANO-FORTES, No. 421 Broome-st.
What everybody says must be true; everybody says they are the best, therefore they must be the best.

STEINWAY & SONS' GOLD MEDAL
PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS
Are now considered the best Pianos manufactured, and are warranted for five years.
Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway.

MUSICAL.
A YOUNG LADY with Mezzo-Soprano voice, desires an engagement as Soprano or Alto singer in a Choir in New-York or Brooklyn; reads Music with facility. Address D. D., Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

HORACE WATERS' MUSIC-STORE, NO. 333 BROADWAY, TO BE TORN DOWN—Worth-st. to be widened—in consequence of which the extensive stock of pianos, melodeons, Alexandre organs, and all kinds of musical merchandise, will be sold at extremely low prices. Six-octave second-hand pianos at $60; do. octave, $100; 6¾-octave, $120; 7-octave, $145; 7-octave, been used but a few months, $175; 7-octave Gilbert Æolian piano, elegantly carved, price $650 new, will be sold for $325; second-hand melodeons, $25 to $[illegible]. Twenty new 7-octave pianos and ten new melodeons to rent, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for pianos and melodeons.

A NEW SINGING BOOK FOR DAY SCHOOLS will be issued about the 25th of April, called the DAY SCHOOL BELL, containing about 200 pages of choice songs, Solos, Rounds, Catches, Duets, Trios, Quartets and Choruses. Many of them written expressly for this work, besides some 30 pages of elements of music. This will be the best book ever issued for Seminaries, Academies and Public Schools. It is compiled by HORACE WATERS, author of "Sabbath School Bells, Nos. 1 and 2," which have had the enormous sale of 500,000 copies in 29 months. Prices, 20 cents in paper covers; 30 cents bound; cloth bound, embossed gilt, 35 cents. Liberal discount to the trade.

MR. NUGENT, PROFESSOR OF THE Piano-forte, Harmony and Composition, has a few hours disengaged. Terms $20 per quarter. Mr. Nugent visits Brooklyn Tuesdays and Fridays. Address No. 82 2d-av. Mr. Nugent's last ballad, "The Last Farewell," by R. Burns, is just out, and may be had of H. Waters, No. 333 Broadway.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS—First-class, for sale, to let, or sold on installments on favorable terms. Peloubet Harmoniums, one, two, or three banks of keys, from $175 to $480. Cottage Pianos, fully warranted, 6¾ octaves, $150; 7 octaves, $175 to $240.
J. M. PELTON, Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, N. Y.

CONTRALTO SINGER.—A YOUNG LADY, who for several years has sung contralto in a first-class quartette choir in an Episcopal Church, in a neighboring city, desires a situation in some church in this City. Inquire at the music store of S. T. GORDON, No. 706 Broadway.

AS CHORISTER.—A CHORISTER OF TEN years' experience in this City and Brooklyn, whose term of service expires on the last Sabbath of April, is prepared to make an engagement from the 1st May next. Address CHORISTER, care of S. S. Edmonston, Nos. 213 and 215 Duane-st., New-York.

A YOUNG LADY WITH MEZZO-SOPRANO voice, desires an engagement with a Protestant Choir, as Soprano or Alto singer; reads music with facility. Address MUSIC, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

ALBERT WEBER'S NEW OVERSTRUNG iron-frame Piano-fortes, warranted unsurpassed in every respect, and sold at the lowest price, at the manufactory, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

MISS L. RHEMMINO (SOPRANO,) WISHES an engagement in a choir in an Episcopal Church. Address No. 100 Macdougal-st., corner of Bleecker.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO. SELL NEW rosewood pianos, for $150. Call and see them at No. 487 Broadway.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

THE ARCTIC FREEZER.—TORREY'S NEW patent is warranted to freeze cream in less than one-half the time of any other freezer in the market. Numerous public trials have fully substantiated its ability to perform as above. Sizes from three to twenty quarts. The trade supplied on liberal terms. E. P. TORREY, No. 9 Platt-st.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, WITH FILTER and WATER COOLER combined, is the best Provision Preserver in the world.
BARTLETT & LESLEY, No. 426 Broadway.

MATRIMONIAL.

TO PARENTS.—A GENTLEMAN OF UNDOUBTed respectability seeks a wife of education, amiability, refinement and wealth. No interview desired until correspondence proves mutual eligibility. Address OSCAR, Station A., New-York City. Sincerity and honor will characterize the advertiser's replies.

CALORIC YACHTS FOR SALE.—ONE SIDE-wheel yacht of 40 feet in length—also, a large propeller yacht, 80 feet long—a very fast propeller. For further particulars apply at the Ericsson Caloric Engine Agency, No. 164 Duane-st., New-York.

THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.

Interesting and Important Exposition of its Character and Plans.

Speech of Hon. B. H. Hill, at Atlanta, Georgia, April 4.

We find in the *Southern Confederacy* the following outline of a speech made by Hon. B. H. HILL on the previous evening. Mr. HILL is one of the ablest and most distinguished lawyers of Georgia, and was regarded as a Union man down to the date of the secession of that State. The speech is entitled to careful consideration:

LADIES AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: It is proper that you should understand that I appear before you under great disadvantage. For three days I have been engaged in an exciting case in Court. I have stopped in the midst of it to come here and address you to-night on the subject of our new Government.

I feel intensely the importance of the crisis that you and I are now in. It is no holiday business. *The revolution is not past—we are in the midst of it.* Dangers have been passed, but difficulties are in the future which we must appreciate, and, if we are successful, we must deal wisely and cautiously with them.

I shall speak candidly with you to-night. I shall speak the truth as I understand it. This is a time for truth to be spoken, and not for character-making. Your lives, your fortunes—the happiness of your children and mine, all depend on the future. I should be untrue to you and all that is dear to posterity, did I not deal candidly with the subject now under consideration.

Government is a subject that everybody is deeply interested in. To some extent, it is as practical as a farmer's plow—a merchant's yard-stick, or a sailor's rope and canvas. In other respects it is complicated and intricate; therefore, statesmanship is both practical and complicated. A man is not fit to be a statesman, unless he understands the practicability and the philosophy of Government, and the character and wants of the people for whom he is to legislate. Passion and prejudice often enter into legislation; these, Government is intended to restrain. National characteristics must be considered in making a Government and laws for any people. The French need a different Government from the Russians, the Puritan from the Hugenot, and so of all others. A Government which seeks to adapt itself to all these various shades and subdivisions, will find it complicated; and if it be successful, it must be controlled by real statesmen.

The world has been laboring for six thousand years to solve the problem of Government, and yet it is unsolved. No man understands it fully, and no one should pretend to. He who does, is like a quack doctor who professes to have discovered a panacea for all the ills of life, when, in truth, he is an impostor. I give you my opinions—the best I have; I cannot say, nor can any other man say of his opinions, that they are absolutely correct.

But let us consider our new Government. Just here I wish to say that all past issues should be forgotten. "Let the dead past bury their dead." Wake up to the practical and important issues of the living present and the momentous future. *The Government is formed; and because it is formed, it is my Government. I shall say it is right, and support it most heartily.* I believe it is the best Government the sun ever shined on, and I will give you my reasons for so thinking.

In all its essential features, its original character, and instinctive purposes, it is the same as that under which we were born and brought up. We have not abandoned the provisions of the old Constitution, nor set at nought the wisdom of its framers. The framers of the new do not claim to be more wise than those of the old; but they do claim to be equal in patriotism to any body of men ever assembled on earth. They have improved upon the old—not because they were wiser—but because they had the light of seventy-three years' experience to guide them. That time ought to have taught us some lessons: it has done so, and we have profited thereby. The old Government was an experiment, and was made by human hands. They did more in their day, than any other people ever did in any day or time. They, when assembled, represented the colonies from Massachusetts to Georgia. All, at that time, were slaveholding, but it was known they would not long remain so; hence, it was necessary for them to adopt many compromises to meet the various wants of the people and satisfy the different opinions, interests and prejudices from all parts. When we assembled at Montgomery there was but one feeling, one interest and one common view among us all, from South Carolina to the Rio Grande, on the great question that had caused the disruption of the nation. There was among us a difference of views on some minor and non-essential points. These were easily accommodated and soon reconciled. The different views of the old framers of the Old Constitution were so strongly entertained and so pertinaciously adhered to, that the final agreement on some points was expressed in the language of doubtful construction; but not so with the New. All that was done, was so cordially agreed to by every one, and made so plain, that no person could mistake the meaning of its provision.

Then, with these advantages, what were the changes, and why made? The evil of the old Constitution was, that it had not been able to maintain itself and keep the country together. It has its defects—a fact of which, the events we are now in the midst of, is the strongest evidence. It was weak at some points, for the Government made under it is now dismembered. Some think Slavery was the cause of this dismemberment. It was, in my opinion, one of the proximate causes, and not the real one. Nor was there a defect in the Constitution which made this a cause. Slavery became a cause of dismemberment by reason of the exciting issues which had been made on it. It was a *means*, used by a power behind it. Its introduction into politics was not originally on its merits; it was the instrument in the hands of a party, with which they fought *for power*. Why was *Slavery* invoked by them for this purpose? Because there was something in the party which made it interesting. In the workings of the Government, *party* became the means by which power was to be secured. They were striving for the rewards which power alone could confer. The Constitution gave an immense patronage to the Executive and to Congress. The President could dismiss all in office at his will, and appoint his friends. There was always a contest between "the ins and the outs;" and success was not simply that of the President, but brought into power thousands throughout the country. The President dispensed his patronage in selecting a Cabinet, they to members of Congress, and Congressmen to their friends, in every corner of each District. It became a historical fact, that when a man wanted to go to Congress he promised offices to his constituents to get them to work, to secure his election. One case was brought to our notice at Montgomery, of *four hundred* unredeemed promises made by one Congressman to give offices to his constituents, in order to secure their support in the election! More were promised office than there were offices to occupy, and it became necessary to create new ones to meet these corrupt engagements. I never fully comprehended the enormity of this source of corruption, which found a lodging place in the frame-work of the old Constitution and Government, till I was present at Montgomery, where the machinery was taken to pieces. When these unnecessary offices were made, money had to be appropriated to pay their useless incumbents; and millions on millions of the people's money was voted away to feed these blood-sucking leeches upon the body politic. The Government cost twice as much money to administer it, as it ought. The distinguished Vice-President of the Confederate States never uttered a more notable truth, than when he said the Government ought to have been administered on $40,000,000, when it cost $80,000,000; and on $30,000,000, when it cost $60,000,000. This was a loose screw, which we had remedied. Now, the President can remove his Cabinet officers and Foreign Ministers at will; but all subordinates for *cause only*. Another improvement is that no money can be appropriated, except when estimated and asked for by the head of a Department, and approved by the President, unless it be done by a two-thirds vote of both Houses of Congress, voting by yeas and nays. In the old Government, the appropriations were often staved off till the last night of the session, when all sorts of corrupt jobs and lobby schemes were thrust into, then voted upon, and passed, with no record made of how the vote stood, or who voted for or against them. Now, every man must come up and make his mark. After we shall have been everywhere recognized, and we are at peace with the world, I think the Government's whole expense will not exceed $10,000,000 annually, and many persons think $5,000,000 will be amply sufficient. There are several other very important amendments to which I will not now refer. If peace can be assured, which I hope for, the amendments which we have adopted are worth the experiment of secession. They make the Government more conservative—not in a party sense, but secures its well-working, the more general and hearty approval of the people, and render it more certainly durable. If these checks and balances had been in the old Constitution, the Government would never have been broken up. No State could have excited its people to oppose Slavery, if such had been its provisions.

But what are some of the amendments on the Slavery question? One is, that no law shall be passed denying or impairing the right of property in slaves. *No State laws can say that property in slaves does not exist, or shall not be respected.* The Fugitive Slave law is improved. Whether a slave *escapes* into another State, or is carried there, and *then* escapes, he is to be delivered up; in short, the *General Government, in all its jurisdiction, is required to protect Slavery.*

Under the old Constitution, Congress had the power to lay and collect duties on imports. This gave rise to disagreement, whether duties could be so laid as to foster and give special encouragement to any particular branch of industry, or merely for the support of the Government. The different views of this provision of the Constitution, growing out of conflicting sectional interests, once came well-nigh severing this Government and inaugurating civil war. Under the new Constitution, [illegible] Internal improvements shall be carried on at the expense of the Federal Government. Every locality is under the necessity of making its own improvements as far as are needed; yet on this point, one of the objects of the [illegible] tonnage duties on the commerce of its own waters, to keep open its own [illegible] harbors, &c.

In our new Confederacy, there are seven States. They comprise 500,000 square miles, and over 5,000,000 of population. No nation ever commenced with more people than we have. There were but 3,000,000 in the Colonies at the time of the Revolution. Rome commenced with one man, and Greece with but a handful; so did all the other nations of Europe. We have not only this advantage, but our population are an order-loving and law-abiding people. Ninety-nine out of every hundred of our white population have a personal interest in maintaining the law and keeping order. Besides, we have none of the incentives to riots and violence that the people of other nations have. We will never have any bread riots nor pauper mob violence. Such scenes will never disturb or disgrace this country. *If we had no laws, the necessity for each one preserving order among us would make every man among us a law-abiding man.* We have no pauper population, and *no inferior classes among us.* This stratum, which is found in society in all other countries, is filled by our negroes, who are not degraded, but elevated, by being assigned that position, and who are compelled to work and maintain themselves from being paupers, whether they will or not.

Another great advantage we set out with, is our staple production. It is not, as many suppose, the soil and climate alone, which we have, that produces our cotton. It requires for our cotton, a particular kind of soil, a peculiar temperature, a certain amount of rain and sunshine, in a certain latitude, and a special amount of tillage, all of which this country alone can furnish, to make cotton. All these things must be precisely adapted to its production. The long staple cotton of the tropics cannot be grown here in this latitude. When the seed are brought here they quickly degenerate and produce the short staple cotton of this latitude. Nearer the tropics, they have just the soil, temperature, rain and sunshine to produce that kind of lint, which no other portion of the world will produce; and no other country in the world but ours generally, will produce the kind of lint that the world wants, must have, and can't do without. *No competition with us can ever take place.* Experiments have been made in various parts of the world, and have failed. They have come and got our cotton seed and experienced cultivators to go to other countries—to India and Africa; but all have failed utterly.

It is only in the great Southern Slope, now occupied by our Confederacy, that cotton grows so as to make its cultivation profitable. Some think it cannot be grown beyond the Rio Grande. *This is an important subject, which is to be tried, and will come up for consideration when we acquire Mexico, which we have not done yet.*

Then it requires a peculiar kind of *labor* to produce cotton. The enslaved African alone can do this, and we alone of the whole civilized world have that institution in its perfect condition. It exists in one or two countries, but nowhere else does it flourish, exhibiting at every point its usefulness and its blessings to all, both white and black, as with us. The world must be clothed, and we alone are every way prepared to furnish the necessary material.

No tropical country ever thrived without Slavery—none ever can or will. Look at Jamaica and Hayti! Once the most prosperous and thrifty—when they had slaves—now going to destruction—civilization dying out and barbarism laying its desolating hand upon them! Look at Cuba, flourishing, in spite of Spanish misrule! Look at Brazil, thriving and growing powerful, because she has slaves and manages them well!

With these views, you see what is before us in the future, if we, with steadfast purpose move on, and act our part wisely. The "land is before us—we are able to go up and possess it." Shall we do so; or shall we abandon this movement and go back? Some talk of reconstruction. I don't know what that word means. *If it is to go back to the Old Constitution, into a confederation with the States we have left, I am* UTTERLY, UTTERLY, AND FOREVER *opposed to it! To this, I will not consent.* If we were unable to live in peace while with them, we cannot go back and do so. My observation is, that if a husband and wife part, it is best for them to stay apart. It may have been unfortunate and wrong to separate; but they had better never try to live together again. So with us now. Another consideration is, that we have *left* them, and it would be dishonorable in us to offer to go back. *Before we go back, let us wait till we are invited, and then look carefully into the terms offered.*

But what is to be our destiny? An idea is abroad that we are going to become a manufacturing people—to take this work out of the hands of the North and of England. My opinions are not formed from my inclinations, but from conviction. *We are to be a great agricultural people, and not manufacturing.* Suppose you bring this business from England. There are hundreds of thousands of capitalists there whose money is invested in it; and there are actually five millions of people engaged in the *labor* of manufacturing cotton. Now, if you bring this business here, where are the operatives in the factories to come from? Five millions is all the population we have, both whites and negroes. If we all go to manufacturing cotton, we will have no one to make it for us, and make bread for us to eat. If we go to manufacturing, we must import more laborers than we now have. You can't get them from Africa—the Constitution prohibits you, and I am opposed to it any way. Besides, the cotton *field*, and not the cotton factory, is the place for the negro. Then I am opposed to importing the laborers of England into this country. It would reduce the wages of our own people, and injure our society. Our Government is conservative. Import 3,000,000 of Cotton-mill operatives from England, and no man could give a guaranty for the conservative character of it to be maintained. Let all come here that desire to do so, to assimilate themselves to our characteristics and usages, and become of us; *but let us have no influx of that class of which cotton factory operatives are composed. It is unsuited to the genius of our institutions. The truth is, we cannot be a great agricultural and manufacturing people at the same time.* God never made one nation to do everything. You who want to be great in every respect, will be apt to fail in every respect. It is infinitely better that we should make Cotton, and let England do our manufacturing for us. We have not the capital to do everything—neither has any other people on earth. Our capital must be invested in land and negroes; and our Manufacturing and Commerce must be limited to our actual wants. As we produce that which the world must have, and cannot do without, we shall be more independent than any other nation on earth. It is well that we should not be altogether independent of other nations: no nation should be thus situated, and we should not aspire to be.

But what should be our policy towards the States of the old Union? It should be that of kindness and the most friendly relations. Kindness is the law of Heaven, and we cannot ignore it, or get along without it. If they will fight us, we must fight them, otherwise we should have no fighting. We should not fight a yielding foe, nor yield to a fighting one. I want, too, the other slaveholding States to come with us. *I want them.* I will talk lovingly and wooingly with them, to get them to do so. There may be some good reason in their not coming now, and perhaps some good may grow out of it. Who knows? We must have them; and we must not taunt them for being slow. *Old Virginia will be true.* She hesitates now, but she will come. She is trying to bring her children with her; but if she fails, as fail she will, then she *will come*. If Virginia, the Old Mother of States, does come, then North Carolina, Kentucky and Tennessee must come. It is said that she will decrease in her slave population, and eventually become a Free State. This is not so. Her slaves have largely increased in the last ten years, and they will continue to do so to the end.

I want the Border States for another reason: We will have to be more nearly balanced against the North if we get along well. Seven States to twenty-seven, as we now stand, is too great a disparity. The Border States will equalize our power with the North. When we have all the Slave States with us, the North will go to pieces with a redundant population. Nothing but the conservatism of the South has heretofore saved them from anarchy.

I am sorry that the question of admitting none of the non-Slave States has been raised. It is premature, and no good can come of it. No application for admission, by a non-slave State has been made, and is not likely to be made. The PRESENT is enough to fill our hands and bring into exercise all our spare power. Leave the future to determine its own questions. I am perfectly willing to trust this question to the future and to posterity. Its agitation is unnecessary, and no good ever came of discussing an unnecessary question. We are getting along too fast in this respect—not only counting our chickens before they are hatched, but before the eggs are laid. Our business in this line is with the Border States. We have interests with them; and to be debating question as to the admission or non-admission of them, or any other States, will be deleterious to those interests, and do no good any way. It becomes us, while we are seeking and needing power, not to discuss questions which, not only can do no possible good, but which will cause our enemies to make false issues against us to our damage. There are many reasons showing it to be hurtful to discuss this question, and I hope it will not be done.

One thing I will say: '*I will never agree, while I live, to let a State come into our Confederacy that does not recognize and protect Slavery as property, never*—NEVER—NEVER! My opinion is, that the two-thirds requirement for the admission of new States, which our Constitution contains, will always be ample protection to our people. We should not lay down a rule by which we would prevent Texas from forming a stock raising State out of her present limits—or that would exclude such State if formed. It may be that cotton will not grow in a large portion of Texas, and that slave labor in that section would be unprofitable. The people in that section are true to us, and it would be folly to cut them off by an arbitrary and unwise rule.

One more matter, and I leave the subject. *I have made all these calculations on the idea that we are to have peace.* I believe we shall have it. The men we have sent to Europe will procure it; but here we have questions to settle at home, of the utmost importance. Each Government claims jurisdiction over us—we yield obedience to our own; but the other still claims it, and this question must be settled. The debts and the assets of the old are to be divided upon some equitable plan. The Border States, the location of our Capital, the putting into successful operation of all our Government machinery—these are questions, that ought to be settled soon. It is our interests to have peace, and more so to the old Government to have it. There is no good in war, and I rejoice to observe a growing moderation in the North. *If war does come, however, let us not be to blame for it. If it comes, we are better prepared for it than the North, or than any other nation on earth.* We can keep our negroes at work to support us while we send our young men to war, and not miss them—so far as making our bread is concerned. The old men and women can stay at home, take care of the country and keep the negroes at work. Another thing is, all the wars we have ever had, were for the benefit of the North. The Tax on account of which the Revolution was fought was more for the benefit of Massachusetts than any other of the States. That of 1812 was on account of the impressment of Northern seamen, and the Mexican war was largely on account of the debts due to Northern men, or their claims. The North furnished more soldiers in the Revolution than we, because the South had a very small population; but in all the wars since we have furnished a large majority of the men. But I hope we shall have no war. I trust in God that dark day will never come. O, that an over-ruling Providence may save us from the horrors of a bloody contest!

Then, with the prospect of peace getting brighter, every day—our homogeneous population, pursuits, and interests—our prospects for the future are great. We shall be a benefit to all the nations of the earth and to ourselves. The radical element, which hung as a weight to impede our progress, we have cut off and left. We shall have the greatest improvement of our race, and constitute the most elegant society on earth. They call us aristocrats. *'Tis false!* But there is an ease and suavity of manner which characterizes Southern men wherever found on earth. We shall have society that will charm the world by its elegance—all our white population educated and intelligent, with peace and plenty smiling over our happy land.

Not only shall all the civilized world be benefited immeasurably by our trade, intercourse and example, but the African will receive the largest benefit among us. *Our example—our progress and good Government will carry conviction to the whole world that Slavery is right. Five years will not have rolled around before the Northern people will consent for Slavery to go to the Canada line, if by it they could get us back into the Union.* They do not understand this matter. Let us, by our example brush away the cloud of ignorance which now so befogs them. They will soon find it to their interest to protect the right of slave property to all. I believe that Slavery is right, and that, if left to its own course, the world will be convinced of this truth. Its rectitude is undeniable, and its duration is that of human want. As long as men must be fed and clothed, negroes must be slaves. These are truths that are of God's decree, and will stand as long as time endures. Slavery will ultimately be its own logic to the mind, its own power in the earth, and its own bayonet to its foes. This day will come. It may be delayed by wars or commotions, but it will come.

I said we should benefit the African. See him in his native State! abject—his mind dark—no hope beyond the grave—and his habits bestial. Here, with the superior props of the white man's intelligence, he is in his best condition in life. Poor and inferior in intellect, he is the especial beneficiary of his own bondage. He is fed and clothed and has no care for his earthly wants. He knows his bread is sure—though scarcity and hard times prevail in the land. He knows that when he gets old and unable to work, his master must still feed him. He knows that when he dies, his children after him will be fed and clothed from his master's bounty. How different from the savages of Africa! How different from the free negroes of the North—free in theory, but slaves in fact to abject want and vice of every description—who do not know one day where their food for the next is to come from; and who have no master to remove their tatters and put good clothing on their backs!

I was born near a negro cabin. I was brought up among negroes, and I have worked beside them in the field day after day, and year after year. Often with them in the night I have hunted the wily raccoon and the greedy opossum. I never knew one wander so far away in the darkness and gloom of distant and unknown forests, but what he could find his way home, if he could lift his eyes to the blue vault of Heaven and see the "Seven Stars."

Long has the negro wandered in darkness, the outcast of the earth! May not these SEVEN STARS composing our bright constellation safely guide him from his native darkness to the most glorious light his mind is capable of enjoying and improving?

The Conspiracy to Assassinate President Lincoln.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

Some of Mr. LINCOLN's friends having heard that a conspiracy existed to assassinate him on his way to Washington, set on foot an investigation of the matter. For this purpose they employed a detective of great experience, who was engaged at Baltimore in the business some three weeks prior to Mr. LINCOLN's expected arrival there, employing both men and women to assist him. Shortly after coming to Baltimore, the detective discovered a combination of men banded together under a solemn oath to assassinate the President elect. The leader of the conspirators was an Italian refugee, a barber, well known in Baltimore, who assumed the name of *Orsini*, as indicative of the part he was to perform. The assistants employed by the detective, who, like himself, were strangers in Baltimore City, by assuming to be Secessionists from Louisiana and other seceding States, gained the confidence of some of the conspirators, and were entrusted with their plans. It was arranged in case Mr. LINCOLN should pass safely over the railroad to Baltimore, that the conspirators should mingle with the crowd which might surround his carriage, and by pretending to be his friends, be enabled to approach his person, when, upon a signal from their leader, some of them would shoot at Mr. LINCOLN with their pistols, and others would throw into his carriage hand grenades filled with detonating powder, similar to those used in the attempted assassination of the Emperor LOUIS NAPOLEON. It was intended that in the confusion which should result from this attack, the assailants should escape to a vessel which was waiting in the harbor to receive them, and be carried to Mobile, in the seceding State of Alabama.

Upon Mr. LINCOLN's arrival in Philadelphia upon Thursday, the 21st of February, the detective visited Philadelphia and submitted to certain friends of the President elect the information he had collected as to the conspirators and their plans. An interview was immediately arranged between Mr. LINCOLN and the detective. The interview took place in Mr. LINCOLN's room, in the Continental Hotel, where he was staying during his visit in Philadelphia.

Mr. LINCOLN, having heard the officer's statement, informed him that he had promised to raise the American flag on Independence Hall on the next morning—the morning of the Anniversary of WASHINGTON's Birthday—and that he had accepted the invitation of the Pennsylvania Legislature to be publicly received by that body in the afternoon of the same day. "Both of these engagements," said he, with emphasis, "I will keep if it costs me my life. If, however, after I shall have concluded these engagements you can take me in safety to Washington, I will place myself at your disposal, and authorize you to make such arrangements as you may deem proper for that purpose."

On the next day, in the morning, Mr. LINCOLN performed the ceremony of raising the American flag on Independence Hall, in Philadelphia, according to his promise, and arrived at Harrisburgh on the afternoon of the same day, where he was formally welcomed by the Pennsylvania Legislature. After the reception, he retired to his hotel, the Jones House, and withdrew with a few confidential friends to a private apartment. Here he remained until nearly 6 o'clock in the evening, when, in company with Col. LAMON, he quietly entered a carriage without observation, and was driven to the Pennsylvania Railroad, where a special train for Philadelphia was waiting for him. Simultaneously with his departure from Harrisburgh, the telegraph wires were cut, so that his departure, if it should become known, might not be communicated at a distance.

The special train arrived in Philadelphia at 10½ o'clock at night. Here he was met by the detective, who had a carriage in readiness into which the party entered, and were driven to the dépôt of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad.

They did not reach the dépôt until 11¼ o'clock; but fortunately for them, the regular train, the hour of which, for starting, was eleven, had been delayed. The party then took berths in the sleeping car, and without change of cars, passed directly through to Washington, where they arrived at the usual hour, 6½ o'clock, on the morning of Saturday the 23d. Mr. LINCOLN wore no disguise whatever, but journeyed in an ordinary traveling dress.

It is proper to state here, that prior to Mr. LINCOLN's arrival in Philadelphia, Gen. SCOTT and Senator SEWARD, in Washington, had been apprised, from independent sources, that imminent danger threatened Mr. LINCOLN in case he should publicly pass through Baltimore, and accordingly a special messenger, Mr. FREDERICK W. SEWARD, a son of Senator SEWARD, was dispatched to Philadelphia, to urge Mr. LINCOLN to come direct to Washington, in a quiet manner. The messenger arrived in Philadelphia late on Thursday night, and had an interview with the President elect, immediately subsequent to his interview with the detective. He was informed that Mr. LINCOLN would arrive by the early train on Saturday morning, and, in accordance with this information, Mr. WASHBURNE, Member of Congress from Illinois, awaited the President elect at the dépôt in Washington, whence he was taken in a carriage to Willard's Hotel, where Senator SEWARD stood ready to receive him.

The detective traveled with Mr. LINCOLN, under the name of E. J. ALLEN, which name was registered with the President elect's on the book at Willard's Hotel. Being a well-known individual, he was speedily recognized, and suspicion naturally arose that he had been instrumental in exposing the plot which caused Mr. LINCOLN's hurried journey. It was deemed prudent that he should leave Washington two days after his arrival, although he had intended to remain and witness the ceremonies of Inauguration.

The friends of Mr. LINCOLN do not question the loyalty and hospitality of the people of Maryland, but they were aware that a few disaffected citizens who sympathized warmly with the Secessionists, were determined to frustrate, at all hazards, the Inauguration of the President elect, even at the cost of his life.

The characters and pursuits of the conspirators were various. Some of them were impelled by a fanatical zeal which they termed patriotism, and they justified their acts by the example of BRUTUS, in ridding his country of a tyrant. One of them was accustomed to recite passages put into the mouth of the character of *Brutus* in SHAKESPEARE's play of "Julius Cæsar." Others were stimulated by the offer of pecuniary reward. These, it was observed, staid away from their usual places of work for several weeks prior to the intended assault. Although their circumstances had previously rendered them dependent on their daily labor for support, they were during this time abundantly supplied with money, which they squandered in bar-rooms and disreputable places.

After the discovery of the plot a strict watch was kept by the agents of detection over the movements of the conspirators, and efficient measures were adopted to guard against any attack which they might meditate upon the President elect until he was installed in office.

Mr. LINCOLN's family left Harrisburgh for Baltimore, on their way to Washington, in the special train intended for him. And as, before starting, a message announcing Mr LINCOLN's departure and arrival at Washington had been telegraphed to Baltimore over the wires, which had been repaired that morning, the passage through Baltimore was safely effected.

The remark of Mr. LINCOLN, during the ceremony of raising the flag on Independence Hall on Friday morning, that he would assert his principles on his inauguration, although he were to be assassinated on the spot, had evident reference to the communication made to him by the detective on the night preceding.

The names of the conspirators will not at present be divulged. But they are in possession of responsible parties, including the President.

The number originally ascertained to be banded together for the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN was twenty; but the number of those who were fully apprised of the details of the plot became daily smaller as the time for executing it drew near.

Some of the women employed by the detective went to serve as waiters, seamstresses, &c., in the families of the conspirators, and a record was regularly kept of what was said and done to further their enterprise. A record was also kept by the detective of their deliberations in secret [illegible] but, for sufficient reasons, it is withheld for the present from publication. The detective and his agents regularly contributed money to pay the expenses of the conspiracy.

AFFAIRS AT THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

THE NEW COLLECTOR AT HIS POST.

BUSINESS PROCEEDING WITH REGULARITY—RECEIPTS SINCE APRIL 1 COMPARED WITH THE SAME TIME LAST YEAR—APPLICATIONS FOR OFFICE.

Business at the Custom-house moves forward with its accustomed regularity, and with only trifling interruption from any causes originating with the regulations of the new Tariff. The anticipations of trouble, even by the officers, appear not to have been realized, and every day the subordinates are getting more familiar with the provisions of the new law, and experiencing less embarrassment in executing them. The reports of confusion, or misunderstanding of the provisions of the Tariff have been greatly exaggerated.

Mr. BARNEY has taken full charge, and, if reports among the officials and others having business to transact with him, are reliable, the new Collector exhibits remarkable aptness in deciding questions, and settling details presented for his action, and promises to become very popular. That he has *hosts* of friends will be perfectly apparent to the most casual observer who will go to the Custom-house any day after 3 o'clock, and remain for an hour. No applications for office are received during business hours.

Mr. BARNEY devotes the hours from 9 to 3 o'clock exclusively to the duties of the office. Yesterday, as on previous days, a large crowd of applicants had gathered, waiting for the "witching hour" of 3 o'clock to arrive, and although all official business closed at that time, there was more activity between that and 4 o'clock, than during any other portion of the day.

The south door of the Collector's room was thrown open at 3¼ o'clock, when the applicants pressed in, each with his "documents" in hand, and in turn presented them to the Collector. Mr. BARNEY received each person with kindness, and listened for a moment with respectful attention to whatever each had to say; he then handed the letter to his Secretary, who indorsed them and laid them aside for future reference. There were in the collection men of all conditions in life, and of all ages, from the venerable merchant, who had seen better days, to the youth of 16 and 20 years, evidently making his first desperate essay in life. Mr. BARNEY's manner of conducting this—probably the most difficult and trying part of his duties—showed that whatever his ability might be to satisfy the numerous applicants, he would gladly have given every worthy person employment at once if he had the power to do so.

Mr. STEDWELL, late of the Yonkers *Examiner*, has been appointed Deputy-Collector, in the place of Mr. SAMUEL S. BOWNE, and will commence his duties next Monday. No other appointments have been made as yet.

The following shows the receipts at the Custom-house for each day from the 1st to the 7th of April, as compared with the receipts for the same period last year:

	1861.	1860.
April 1	$103,000	(Sunday.)
April 2	144,000	$88,000
April 3	132,000	160,000
April 4	123,000	53,000
April 5	85,000	46,000
April 6	73,000	47,000
April 7	86,000	102,000
Total	$746,000	$496,000

Nearly all the receipts, yet, are under the revenue law of 1857. There is a great activity in the withdrawing of goods from bond, the duties on which are reduced by the new Tariff, and much of the business is from this source.

One lot of cotton goods was entered Monday under the old rates, the number of threads in a square inch entitling the invoice to the exemption from the new duties. On Monday, there were 35 foreign arrivals, and yesterday 16.

In the case of the diamonds seized on the person of a passenger by the *Persia* on Tuesday last, Mr. BARNEY, yesterday, decided not to confiscate, being convinced, upon a full investigation, that they were intended for private use and not for sale.

A protest was served on the Collector yesterday, signed by certain merchants of the City, who claim that under the Constitution they cannot be compelled to pay duties until the Revenue laws are enforced in all parts of the country.

THE SLAVE-TRADE.

The Mate of the Notorious Slave-Ship Montauk Arrested.

The capture of the ship *Montauk* in the month of December last by a Spanish frigate off the island of Cuba, with 1,140 negroes on board, is still freshly remembered. The slaves were landed in Cuba and were sent into the interior; the vessel was, of course, condemned, and the officers and crew allowed to depart, after a decent show of detention.

One of the crew of the *Montauk*, who shipped as a carpenter, supposing as he now avers, that the vessel was going on a whaling voyage, in discovering the real errand of the vessel, endeavored to leave in the Lower Bay, but was forcibly prevented. On the coast of Africa he was turned ashore without his pay and otherwise ill used. This man, having returned to New-York, gave information at the office of the District-Attorney, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of the chief mate, who was soon expected here. Yesterday the man, whose name is WILLIAM PERRY, was discovered loitering about the sailor quarter on the east side of the City, and Mr. THOMPSON, Assistant United States Marshal, immediately went in pursuit. PERRY was tracked through half a-dozen streets, and was finally overhauled at FARRAR & LYON's, a drinking-place in Oliver-street. Mr. THOMPSON stepping up to PERRY, accosted him familiarly, but PERRY showed no desire to make his acquaintance. "I do not know you," said PERRY, surveying the Marshal from head to foot. "Do you know that man?" inquired the Marshal, pointing toward the "carpenter" of the *Montauk*, who stood at a short distance. Here PERRY advanced, and looking his old shipmate in the face attentively, replied, "No, I never saw him before in my life." The officer then informed him that he had a warrant for him. "A warrant?—for what?" asked PERRY. "For being concerned in in the Slave-trade," replied the officer.

"Never was in that trade in my life," was the response, but suddenly recollecting himself, he remarked "Oh, I have a brother." "It isn't your brother, but you I am after, and you must go with me," said Mr. T. in his resolute but gentlemanly way. "Don't know about it; let me see your warrant."

The document was produced, and a friend being requested to examine it for him, told PERRY it was all right, when the prisoner gruffly yielded, and after a few moments allowed to get ready, he was conducted to the Tombs, and locked up. PERRY is a rough-looking and desperate man. There are several witnesses who fully identify him, and some of the officers remark they would not be in his shoes for ten thousand dollars.

Meeting of the Republican Central Committee

IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS—THE UNITED STATES MARSHALSHIP—A STORMY TIME.

The regular monthly meeting of the Republican Central Committee was held last night at the Headquarters, No. 618 Broadway, E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Esq., the newly-appointed United States District-Attorney, and President of the Committee, in the chair. In pursuance of a standing order, reporters were excluded, but from external observations and indications, the meeting was not so harmonious as usual, and, in consequence, was very protracted, occupying nearly four hours in its session. After the customary formalities, the following resolutions were offered by Mr. EDGAR KETCHUM, of the Twelfth Ward:

Resolved, That this Committee gratefully welcomes the measures now taken to maintain the authority of the Government in the South, and most heartily unites in the judgment believed to be universal among Republicans, and very general even among Democrats, that the dignity and integrity of the Government of our country require the full exercise of its power to maintain the laws and defend the public property and the lives of the public servants acting under its orders.

Resolved, That the deepest disgrace must overtake the traitorous men dwelling among us, who dare to give aid and comfort to a public enemy, by defending the course of that enemy, and by endeavoring to paralyze the present efforts of the Government to maintain its authority, and even its very existence.

These resolutions were adopted unanimously.

Mr. C. S. SPENCER, of the Sixteenth Ward, offered this resolution:

Resolved, That the various offices within the control of the present Republican Administration ought to be filled by Republicans.

Resolved, That the present Postmaster of the City of New-York ought not to be permitted to retain the 400 opponents of the Administration under his control, and subject to his order, in office; that the 90 Democratic letter-carriers and the collectors of letters, ought to be immediately removed, and the balance of Democrats in the Post-office turned out as soon as practicable.

These resolutions were likewise adopted.

The *experimentum crucis* of the evening was the following resolution, offered by Mr. H. W. SMITH, of the Ninth Ward:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of the Central Committee of the City of New-York, the appointment of ALEXANDER H. SCHULTZ as Marshal of the Southern District of New-York is an appointment not fit to be made.

The debate which ensued was certainly loud, for the voices of the speakers were very audible outside the closed doors; and it was certainly long, for it was much past 11 when it was concluded. In the meantime, Mr. SPENCER offered this amendment:

Resolved, That, in the judgment of this Committee, the appointment of A. H. SCHULTZ, as United States Marshal, is not the choice of the Republicans of this City.

This our reporter understood to have been adopted, by a vote of 38 to 20, whereupon the meeting adjourned.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

AFRICAN COLONIZATION SOCIETY.—A meeting to consider the objects of the African Colonization Society was held in the Church of the Pilgrims Monday evening last, when addresses were made by Rev. A. A. CONSTANTINE, a returned missionary from Africa, and now Corresponding Secretary of the Society; Prof. ROBERT CAMPBELL, a recent explorer of the Yomba country; Rev. H. H. GARNETT, Rev. ASA D. SMITH, and others. The special object of this meeting was to raise money to send out Rev. Mr. GARNETT, with a select company, as missionaries to Yomba. The plan was approved of, and resolutions indorsing the enterprise were adopted.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A laborer named MICHAEL TRAINOR was crushed to death by a bank of earth falling upon him, on Thirteenth-street, near Fifth-avenue. The deceased was 38 years old, and had recently arrived in this country.

COURT CALENDAR FOR THIS DAY.—City—Nos. 25, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 12, 13, 52, 53, 5s, 55, 56, 57. Circuit Court—March Calendar—Nos. 92, 96, 103, 168, 115, 116, 117, 118, 120, 121, 122, 123, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 131, 132, 133.

The Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Wednesday, April 10.

A bill to insure protection to freedom of speech, framed in view of the late Anti-Slavery disturbances at the Tremont Temple, passed the House to-day—146 to 63—but was referred to the next Legislature by the Senate.

The Legislature will be prorogued to-morrow.

The Brig Beronda in Distress.

SANDY HOOK, Wednesday, April 10.

The brig *Beronda*, HIGGINS, of Newport, from Jacksonville, for Portland, Me, with lumber, is at ancher inside the Hook, detained on account of head winds. She reports that she lost deck load, sails, &c., April 6, in lat. 38° 20', lon. 70° 25'. She has been 12 days north of Cape Hatteras, and has been blown across the Gulf Stream twice.

Importations at Toronto.

TORONTO, Wednesday, April 10.

The customs for the last quarter show an increase of importations over the same quarter last year of $315,000, the total value of the importations being greater than for any similar period for nine years.

Railroad Bridge Washed Away.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, April 10.

The bridge of the Central Railway was washed away to-day, and trains have stopped running.

Death of a Masonic Grand Master.

VERGENNES, Vt., Wednesday, April 10.

Hon. PHILIP C. TUCKER, Grand Master of the Masonic Order in this State, died here this afternoon.

Markets by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, April 10.

FLOUR dull and heavy; Howard-street, Ohio and City Mills are held at $5 37½@$5 50. WHEAT steady; red, $1 30@$1 36; white, $1 40@$1 65. CORN heavy; mixed, 57c.@58c.; yellow, 59c.@61c. PROVISIONS dull and unchanged. COFFEE dull, but firm at 12¾c.@13¾c. WHISKY dull at 17¾c.@17⅞c.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 10.

FLOUR dull at $4 35@$4 40. WHISKY, 13½c. ℔ gallon. MESS PORK, $17. BACON—Shoulders, 7c.; Sides, 10½c. LARD, 9¼c. Exchange on New-York firm at ½ ℔ cent. Money generally unchanged.

CHARLESTON, Wednesday, April 10.

COTTON—Sales to-day 220 bales; the market is firm and quotations range from 11½c. to 13½c.

[Advertisement.]

A SAFE BANK FOR SAVINGS.

This is the season to purify the blood with advantage. A few doses of

BRANDRETH'S PILLS

will insure health. It is like placing your health in a Savings Bank where it is safe, and you are your own Trustee.

Sold at No. 294 CANAL-STREET,
and No. 4 UNION-SQUARE.

[Advertisement.]

PRICES OF ENGLISH CARPETING REDUCED!—A great opportunity now offered for bargains in new Spring carpeting; English medalion and velvet carpets, 6-4 wide; Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpeting, rugs, mats, matting, window shades, table and piano covers, druggets, stair carpets and rods, Dutch carpeting, &c., displayed in the spacious salesrooms, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery. Housekeepers and carpet buyers are invited to call.

[Advertisement.]

BRIGHT AS THE SEASON.—The Spring hat of the critical and classical KNOX is a fabric of rare beauty and excellence—just the production to add to his reputation and delight the public. "The proof of the pudding," the reader will say, "is in the eating." Well, visit his salesroom, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, and witness the enthusiasm created by his Spring hat. That will convince you.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF Safes and Herring's New Patent Burglar-Proof Safes, lined with patent crystalized iron—the only material that cannot be drilled. No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS.—Look in at the great manufacturing dépôt of WARNER, PECK & Co., No. 579 Broadway, opposite Niblo's, for new styles of gas fixtures.

Departure of Ocean Steamers.

The mails for the Pacific by the steamship *Northern Light* will close at the Post-office to-day, at 10 P. M.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 26 | Sun sets.... 6 34 | Moon sets... 8 20

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 8 22 | Gov. Island.. 9 11 | Hell Gate... 10 33

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, April 10.

Cleared.

Steamer Jersey Blue, Chadsey, Bristol and Newport, L. Kenny.

Ship D. Hoadley, Barnaby, Liverpool, J. & N. Smith & Co.

Barks Old Hickory, Holmes, Liverpool, I. B. Gager; Washington, (Brem.,) Wencke, Bremen, G. J. Bechtel; J. Godfrey, Clark, Philadelphia, Wakeman, Dimon & Co.; Elbe, (Ham.,) Boll, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; Grenmar, (Nor.,) Matheson, Cork, Funch & Meincke; Dandalk, Kusman, Cork, Thos. Wallace; Mary Savage, Bartlett, Sagua la Grande, Snow & Burgess.

Brig Atlantic, Hotchkiss, Barbadoes, H. Trowbridge; Edwin, Webber, Philadelphia, Yates, Porterfield & Co.; Emma Sophia, (Dan.,) Rude, Cork and Falmouth, G. & J. Knox & Co.; Lizzie Gardner, (Br.,) Ward, Antigua, Smith, Jones & Co.; Acme, (Br.,) Haley, Cork, Boyd & Bincken; Guanche, Serfs, Santa Cruz, W. H. De Forest & Co.

Schooners Sarah Minge, Weaver, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; T. B. Hodgman, Prince, Portland, G. L. Hatch; Gertrude, Cassidy, St. John, N. B., A. Smithers; Plymouth Rock, Norris, Boston, Dayton & Co; Ruby, Tracey, Naguabo, P. R., Thompson & Hunter; Phebe, Morrow, Canary Islands, Dollner, Potter & Co.; W. B. Jenkins, Bowen, Norfolk, Mott Bedell.

Sloops Rhode Island, Remington, Providence, L. Kenny; Unca, Drake, Uncasville, H. S. Rackett.

Arrived.

Steamship Florida, Crowell, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to S. L. Mitchill & Son. On the 9th, at 4 P. M., off Absecom, passed steamships Baltic and Illinois, bound S.

Steamer Tacony, Ely, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Black Diamond, Allen, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Fanny Cadwallader, Pierson, Baltimore, with mdse. to W. Dalzell.

Steamer Vulcan, Morrison, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Sarah, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Albatross, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Westchester, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Ashburton, Bradish, Liverpool Feb. 12, with coal to Cornelius Grinnell. Has experienced very heavy weather from the westward during the entire passage. Feb. 21, lat. 49 22, lon. 13 07, Thomas Barrett, fell from the fore yard, and was lost overboard; blowing a hurricane at the time, and could not save him. Feb. 26, lat. 47 53, lon. 11 47, passed a bark of about 500 tons, totally dismasted, bulwarks entirely gone, and full of water. No person on board.

Ship American Congress, Woodward, London, and Isle of Wight March 13, and Lizard 21st, with mdse. and 17 passengers to Grinnell, Minturn & Co. Experienced very severe weather in the Channel; split sails, &c. March 23, lat. 49 12, lon. 3 57, passed Dutch ship Jessie Beasley and Br. bark Dione, steering S. W. March 24, lat. 48 30, lon. 13 43, spoke ship Frank Hayne, from Liverpool for Boston.

Ship Chancellor, Spencer, Liverpool, with mdse. and 31 passengers to Williams & Guion. April 6, in a gale from N. E., was boarded by a sea which filled the decks, and washed overboard John Larabee, seaman, of Rome, New-York.

Ship Louis Napoleon, (Ham.,) Herting, Hamburg 54 ds., with mdse. and 5 passengers to L. E. Amsinck. Feb. 27, lat. 48 23, lon. 9 05, fell in with and boarded a brig, with foremast gone and abandoned; was perfectly tight; apparently Spanish; could not find any name on her; she had not been long abandoned.

Ship Henry Clay, Caulkins, Liverpool March 14, with mdse. and 160 passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Ship Orient, Hill, Liverpool, March 14, with mdse. and 107 passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Bark Manzanita, (Br., of St. John, N. B.,) Hughes, Cardiff Feb. 1, (with railroad iron for City Point,) to Jonas Smith & Co. She was abandoned March 28, in lat. 37 22, lon. 67 40, by the Captain and crew, who were taken on board the brig Yankee Blade, and a part of the brig's crew put on board. They report having experienced very heavy weather; [illegible] lost fore topmast, mainmast-head [illegible] leaks badly, and bulwarks stove.

Bark Uncle, (Brem.,) Schultze, Bremen Feb. 18, with mdse. and 11 passengers to H. Bernstoff. Has had heavy westerly gales. April 3, on the Banks, had a heavy gale from E. N. E.

Brig Conflict, Ruland, Granada March 14, with fruit to J. W. Hubbard. Left schr. A. Baker, for New-York in a few ds.

Brig L. C. Watts, Wood, New-Bedford 18 hours.

Schr. Nelson Harvey, Bearse, Albany, with mdse. for Boston.

Schr. George F. Fogg, Paine, Tangier, with oysters for Boston.

BELOW—1 ship.

SAILED—Steamship Africa, (Br.,) for Liverpool.

WIND—Sunset, S., and light.

Miscellaneous.

The brig Beronda, Higgins, from Jacksonville, for Portland, Me., with lumber, is at anchor inside of Sandy Hook. Put in on account of head winds; has lost part of deck load, sails, &c. Has been 12 ds. N. of Hatteras, and has been blown across the Gulf Stream three times. (By Sandy Hook Telegraph.)

The steamship Huntsville, of H. B. Cromwell & Co.'s Savannah Line, is now on the Balance Dock for repairs.

The steamer Fire Dart, hence for China, was at Point de Galle, Island of Ceylon, Feb. 23.

Spoken, &c.

By pilot-boat Mary Taylor, No. 5—April 9, 20 miles S. of Sandy Hook, brigs Randolph, and J. W. Packer, both for Boston, from Southern ports.

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE—The most popular and economical condiment known; delicious in soup, gravy, with fish, hot or cold meats, game, &c. The great reputation of this Sauce in all parts of the world has indused many *imitations* under the name of Worchestershire Sauce. Purchasers desiring the *genuine*, will observe the name of LEA & PERRINS upon each bottle and wrapper. For sale by all respectable grocers and fruiterers.

JNO. DUNCAN & SONS, Union-square, late No. 405 Broadway, sole Agents.

BANK CARD.

The alarming progress made by burglars, as shown by the ingenuity and mechanical skill with which their implements are constructed and their burglaries committed, as exhibited by recent deeply laid and successful schemes, calls upon *Bank Officers and Bankers* to seek the securities best adapted to protect their valuables.

The undersigned having used LILLIE'S CHILLED AND WROUGHT IRON SAFES AND LOCKS, are fully of the opinion that they are valuable improvements, and as such we cheerfully recommend them to the public.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1861.

GEORGE D. LYMAN, Clearing House.
E. W. DUNHAM, President Corn Ex. Bank.
EDWARD HAIGHT, President Bank of Commonwealth.
H. BLYDENBURGH, President Nassau Bank.
A MASTERTON, Cashier Manuf. & Merchants' Bank.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier Bank of America.
B. MURRAY, Cashier American Exchange Bank.
F. D. TAPPEN, Cashier National Bank.
A. PARKHURST, Cashier St. Nicholas Bank.
E. J. BLAKE, Cashier Mercantile Bank.
A. S. FRAZER, Cashier Seventh Ward Bank.
R H HAYDOCK, Cashier Fulton Bank.
S. J. DENNIS, Wisconsin Bank Agent.
G. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William st.
ATWOOD & Co., No. 104 Broadway.
LOCKWOOD & Co., No. 22 William-st.
READ, DREXEL & Co., No. 40 Wall-st.
GWYNNE & DAY, No. 12 Wall-st.
H T. MORGAN & Co., No. 35 William-st.
KIRTLAND & Co., No. 24 Pine st.
A. J. FOSTER, No 267 Pearl st.
MEIGS & GREENLEAF, No. 50 Exchange-place.

I would invite the attention of those interested to a large assortment of Lillie's Chilled and Wrought Iron Safes and Howe's Standard Ball-bearing Scales; also, to a large number of second-hand Safes and Scales of other makers, taken in part pay for Lillie's Safes and Howe's Scales. FRANK E. HOWE,
No. 208 Broadway, first block below Astor House.

SCALE-BEAM WANTED, OF NOT LESS than 3,000 pounds capacity; one with standard and weighing clamps preferred. Address Box No. 2,579 Post office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON SATURDAY EVENING ABOUT 8 o'clock, in Broadway, near Grand-st., a small, light-colored CANE, with tortoise-shell handle, carved at the top. The owner esteems it as the gift of a friend, and will liberally reward the finder if he will leave it at the Office of the *Times*.

LOST—$25 REWARD.—LOST, FROM A RING, while shopping in Broadway or Canal-st., or in a Greenpoint Ferry stage, a RUBY, of a clear rose color, medium size. The above reward will be paid to the finder by TIFFANY & Co., No. 550 Broadway, or by C. H. WARD, No. 54 Wall-st.

$500 REWARD—WILL BE PAID FOR THE recovery of $2,000 worth of black silk stolen from No. 81 Franklin-st. on the night of March 27.
WICKS, SMITH & CO.

LOST—A BUNCH OF KEYS, ON A PATENT PLIABLE steel ring, consisting of seven small keys and a steel glove-button. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at No. 32 West 29th-st.

COAL.

COAL.—LIVERPOOL COAL AT $10 PER CHALDRON. SIDNEY COAL at $8 per ton.
CANNEL COAL at $12 per ton.
Screened and delivered to any part of the City.
Coal Yard, No. 341 2d-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

AUCTION NOTICE.
VERY LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE
SALE OF STRAW GOODS,
THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 11,
AT 11 O'CLOCK.
500 CASES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED SALE
THAT HAS BEEN SHOWN
THIS SEASON.
Catalogues now ready.
WM. TOPPING & CO.,
Auctioneers,
Nos. 9 and 11 PARK-ROW and
No. 8 MURRAY-ST.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & THORP WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on FRIDAY, April 12, 1861, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 44 Bleecker-st., genteel household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, straw matting, mahogany sofa, divans and chairs, mahogany side-board, do. extension table, mahogany bureaus, washstands, bedsteads and wardrobes, rosewood buffet and etageres, iron bedsteads, stair carpets and rods, glassware, crockery and kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young widow woman as cook; thoroughly understands cooking, and would assist with the washing and ironing, or to do the cooking and washing of a small family or would go as child's nurse and good plain sewer; can be highly recommended from her last place in the City. Any one wanting a steady person may apply at 222 West 25th-st., first floor, back room.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED BY A COMPETENT girl as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing, embroidery and dress-making; would assist in chamberwork or wait on a lady; can do up fine muslins; no objection to a short distance in the country. Good City reference. Call at No. 130 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant young woman as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress, or to wait upon a lady; can fill either situation and give entire satisfaction. Good City reference can be given. Call at No. 49 West 27th-st., northeast corner of 6th av., top floor, front room, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY AN ENGLISHMAN 30 years of age, unmarried and strictly temperate, a situation as gardener or under gardener; understands greenhouse and vinery work, and is willing to make himself generally useful; no objection to the country. Address CHARLES, at J. Leach's, engravings, &c., No 86 Nassau-st., New-York.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; understands fluting, or would do waiting; is a person of neatness and experience; satisfactory City reference. Can be seen at No. 63 20th-st., one door from 6th-av., second floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WAITRESS.—WANTED, situations by two respectable girls, one to do the cooking, washing and ironing, and the other as chambermaid and waitress; would prefer living together. Can be seen at their last employer's, No. 86 West 13th-st., for one day.

500 AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL VANANDEN'S Patent Portable Dollar Copying Press and Book combined. Weight 8 ounces. Copies as perfectly and with greater facility than the iron press. Sells readily and at large profits. Call upon or address WATERS & VAN ANDEN, No. 139 William-st., N. Y.

ACADEMIES OF PENMANSHIP AND Book-keeping, Nos. 923 Broadway, New-York, and 15 Court-st., Brooklyn, Lowe's new building. Adults—ladies or gentlemen—may receive private instruction at hours suiting their convenience. Call for circulars.
OLIVER B GOLDSMITH.

MERCHANTS' LINE FOR ALBANY.—Steamers NORTH AMERICA and HERO, in connection with New-York Central Railroad, daily, at 6 o'clock P. M., from the foot of Park-place and Robinson-st., fare 75 cents, landing at 30th-st., on and after 14th inst. J. W. HANCOX, Agent, foot of Robinson-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress; is willing to make herself generally useful. Can be seen at the house of her present employer, No. 103 East 21st-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 131 31st-st., first floor, between 7th and 8th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY AN experienced cook, who understands all kinds of cooking; the best of City reference can be given, and has no objection to go in the country. Apply at No. 65 32d-st., near 4th-av., second floor, front room.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 38 Court-st., Brooklyn.

AS SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a young woman, as seamstress and chambermaid; has no objection to go in the country. Good City reference. Call at No. 375 6th-av., near 23d-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference; can be seen for two days. Call at No. 252 East 10th-st., near 1st-av., second floor.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FIRST-CLASS MARBLE-front store, No. 554 Broadway, six stories high, with sub-cellar; rent $7,000 per annum. Apply at the office of French's Hotel.

AS WET NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young married woman as wet nurse. Call for 2 days at 197 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.